

The `varioref` package*

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Bug reports can be opened (category tools) at
<https://latex-project.org/bugs.html>.

Abstract

This package defines the commands `\vref`, `\vpageref`, `\vrefrange`, and `\vpagerefrange` for L^AT_EX 2 ε . `\vref` is similar to `\ref` but adds an additional page reference, like ‘on the facing page’ or ‘on page 27’ whenever the corresponding `\label` is not on the same page. The command `\vpageref` is a variation to `\pageref` with a similar functionality. The `\v...range` commands take two labels as arguments and produce strings which depend on whether or not these labels fall onto a single page or on different pages. Generated strings are customizable so that these commands are usable with various languages.

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1 Introduction

In many cases it is helpful when referring to a figure or table to put both a `\ref` and a `\pageref` command into the document especially when there are one or more pages between the reference and the object. Therefore some people use a command like

`\newcommand{\fullref}[1]{\ref{#1} on page~\pageref{#1}}`

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which reduces the number of key strokes, necessary to make such a complete reference. But since one never knows where the referenced object finally falls, using such a device may result in a page reference to the current page which is disturbing and therefore should be avoided.

2 Loading the package

The suggested way of loading the package these days is by *always* using the package option `nospace`, i.e.,

```
\usepackage[nospace]{varioref}
```

See below for an explanation of why this is needed. There are some other options that you may want to use additionally; they are explained on page 7.

3 The user interface

`\vref` The implementation of `\vref` below produces only a `\ref` when reference and `\label` are on the same page. It will additionally produce one of the strings ‘on the facing page’, ‘on the preceding page’, or ‘on the following page’, if label and reference differ by one and it will produce both `\ref` and `\pageref` when the difference is larger. The word ‘facing’ is used when label and reference both fall onto a double spread. However, if a special page numbering scheme is used instead of the usual arabic numbering (e.g., `\pagenumbering{roman}`) then there will be no distinction between one or many pages off.

`\vpageref` Sometimes one wants to refer only to page number and again such a reference should normally be suppressed if we are referring to the current page. For this purpose the package defines the `\vpageref` command. It will produce the same strings as `\vref` except that it doesn’t start with the `\ref`. A further difference is that it will produce the string that is saved in `\reftextcurrent` if label and reference fall onto the same page (and no optional argument is used). By defining `\reftextcurrent` to produce “on this page” or something similar, we can avoid that

```
... see the example \vpageref{ex:foo} which shows ...
```

comes out as “... see the example which shows ...”, which could be misleading.

A space in front of `\vpageref` it will be ignored if the command doesn’t produce any text at all.

But in fact `\vpageref` allows even more control. If has two optional arguments. With the first one, one can specify the text that should be used if label and reference fall on the same page. This is very helpful if both are near to each other, so that they may or may not be separated by a page break. In such a case we usually know (!) whether the reference is before or after the label so that we can say something like

```
... see the example \vpageref[above]{ex:foo} which shows ...
```

which will then come out as “... see the example above which shows ...” if we are still on the same page, but as “... see the example on the page before which shows ...” (or something similar depending on the settings of the

`\reftext..before` commands) when there was a page break in the meantime. One warning however, if you use `\vpageref` with the optional argument to refer to a figure or table, keep in mind that depending on the float placement parameters the float may show up on top of the current page and therefore before the reference even if it came after it in the source file.

But maybe you prefer to say “... see the above example” if example and reference fall onto the same page, i.e., reverse the word order. In fact, in some languages the word order automatically changes in that case. To allow for this variation the second optional argument can be used. It specifies the text preceding the generated reference if object and reference do not fall onto the same page. Thus one would write

```
... see the \vpageref[above example][example]{ex:foo}  
which shows ...
```

to achieve the desired effect.

`\vrefrange`

This command is similar to `\vref` but it takes two mandatory arguments denoting a range to refer to (e.g., a sequences of figures or a sequence of equations, etc.). So if `fig:a` is your first figure in the sequence and `fig:c` your last you can write

```
... see figures \vrefrange{fig:a}{fig:c} ...
```

which would then be formatted as

```
... see figures 3.4 to 3.6 on pages 23–24 ...
```

or, if they happen to all fall onto the next page, as

```
... see figures 3.4 to 3.6 on the following page ...
```

i.e., the command is deciding what to say depending on where the two labels are placed in relation to each other; it is essentially implemented using `\vpagerefrange` described below. The optional argument the command may take is the text to use in case both labels are placed on the current page.

In some languages (currently only for Japanese) the generated text has to typeset the page range first and the reference range afterwards. To accomodate for this `\vrefrangeformat` has been added to allow to alter this on a per language basis.

`\vpagerefrange`

This command is similar to `\vpageref` but takes two mandatory arguments which are two labels denoting a range. If both labels fall onto the same page, the command acts exactly like `\vpageref` (with a single label), otherwise it produces something like “on pages 15–18” (see customization possibilities below). The optional argument it may take is the text to use in case both labels are placed on the current page.

`\vrefpagenum`

This macro is provided to allow the user to write their own small commands which implement functions similar to those provided by the two previous commands. It takes two arguments: the second is a label (i.e., as used in `\label` or `\ref`) and the first is an arbitrary command name (make sure you use our own) that receives the page number related to this label. So if you have two (or more) labels you could retrieve their page numbers, compare them and then decide what to print. For example, the following not very serious definition (also using the `ifthen` package)

```
\newcommand\amusingversion[2]{the definition%
  \vrefpagenum\firstnum{#1}%
  \vrefpagenum\secondnum{#2}%
  \ifthenelse{\equal\firstnum\secondnum}{%
    {s of \ref{#1} and \ref{#2} \vpageref{#1}}%
    { of \ref{#1} \vpageref{#1} and of \ref{#2} \vpageref{#2}}%
  }%
}

... \amusingversion{foo}{bar}
```

will print something like

... the definitions of 3 and 4 on the previous page

in the case both labels are on the same page but something like

... the definition of 3 on the next page and of 4 on page 13

in case they are on different pages.

For this kind of application the package also provides `\vpagerefcompare` as a command that takes four argument: two labels for comparison and a *true* and *false* argument. One of them is executed depending on whether the two labels are on the same page or on different pages. With its help the above definition could be shortened to

```
\newcommand\amusingversion[2]{the definition%
  \vpagerefcompare{#1}{#2}%
  {s of \ref{#1} and \ref{#2} \vpageref{#1}}%
  { of \ref{#1} \vpageref{#1} and of \ref{#2} \vpageref{#2}}%
}
```

and you don't have to load the `ifthen` package any longer to make it work.

Another command for conditional processing is `\vpagerefnearby`. It takes three arguments: a label and a *true* and *false* argument. It compares the page reference to the label with the current page number and if both are arabic number and only differ by ± 1 the *true* argument is executed otherwise the *false* argument. In other words it tells you if a `\vpageref` to the label would result in a textual reference to the previous, current or next page.¹

If you don't use the `nospace` option the user commands `\vref`, `\vpageref`, and `\vpagerefrange` all work by first removing any space on their left and then inserting some space of their own (`\vref`, for example, a nonbreakable space). That seemed like a good idea back then, but it has the disadvantage that you can't use these macros in situations where you definitely do not want any space before the generated text. E.g., in situations like (`\vref{foo} ...`) you end up with a space after the open parenthesis.

Since it was too late to change the default in 2001 I added star versions of the macros which do not add any space before the generated text (they do nevertheless remove space at the left).

However, that too has problems (one is that `hyperref` introduced the star forms as a means to generating references without hyperlinks (which is clearly the more important application)). So these days I recommend to always call the

¹There is also a `\vpagerefcomparenearby` but this is only meant for package writers, so it is only documented in the implementation section.

package with the option `nospace` which prevents `varioref` from messing with the space in front. Of course you are then responsible to always add it when necessary, but that does make the source more readable so it is a good thing. This also has the advantage that the star forms are now unnecessary again and can be used in the way implemented by `hyperref` if both packages are used together.

In fact it would be much nicer to make that the default but the package has been used by many people for so many years that changing the default would break way to many older documents.

`\labelformat`

A reference via `\ref` produces by default the data associated with the corresponding `\label` command (typically a number); any additional formatting has to be provided by the user. With `\labelformat` it is possible to declare such formatting for each “reference” counter, e.g.,

```
\labelformat{section}{section^{\#1}}
\labelformat{equation}{equation^{(\#1)}}
```

`\Vref`
`\Ref`

A side effect of using `\labelformat` is that, depending on the defined formatting, it becomes impossible to use `\ref` at the beginning of a sentence (if its replacement text starts with a lowercase letter). For that reason `varioref` provided the commands `\Ref` and `\Vref`. They behave like `\ref` and `\vref` except that they uppercase the first token of the generated string. These days `\labelformat` and `\Ref` are already provided by the L^AT_EX kernel; only `\Vref` is still defined within the `varioref` package.

To make `\Ref` or `\Vref` work properly the very first token in the second argument of `\labelformat` has to be a simple ASCII or UTF-8 letter, otherwise the capitalization will fail or worse, you will end up with some error messages. If you actually need something more complicated in this place (e.g., an accented letter not written as a UTF-8 character) you have to explicitly surround it with braces, to identify the part that needs to be capitalized. For example, for figure references in the Hungarian language you might want to write `\labelformat{figure}{{\'a}bra^{\thefigure}}` or use `\labelformat{figure}{\'abra^{\thefigure}}` which avoids the brace problem.

If you like to have `\vref` suppress the page number on pages where label and reference fall onto the same page, but prefer reference to page numbers otherwise then `\thepagerefnum` can be used. This macro hold the current page “number” when `\vpageref` and friends are executed. Thus, by defining, for example

```
\renewcommand{\ref{textfaceafter}{on page^{\thepagerefnum}}
\renewcommand{\ref{textfacebefore}{on page^{\thepagerefnum}}
\renewcommand{\ref{textafter}{on page^{\thepagerefnum}}
\renewcommand{\ref{textbefore}{on page^{\thepagerefnum}}
```

textual references can be suppressed.

4 Multi-lingual usage

The package works well together with the babel system if it is loaded *after* the babel package, e.g., a document in English (default), French and German text could load the packages as follows:

```
\usepackage[ngerman,french,english]{babel,varioref}
```

Changed in
2019

`\thepagerefnum`

(or in two separate lines if you prefer one `\usepackage` line per package). Depending on the current babel language `\vref` and friends would then generate strings in different languages. If the language options are given as global options to the document class then it is enough to use

```
\usepackage{babel,varioref}
```

to achieve the same effect.

If more than one language is specified with `varioref` then it will start using the last language selected. Switching of languages is managed through Babel; nevertheless all languages of interest need to be specified when `varioref` is loaded so that it can integrate their strings into the Babel system.

5 Customization

The package supports all options defined by the babel package to translate the fixed strings into other languages than English. (Some languages need updating, however—help is appreciated.) It also supports languages currently not in babel (those can only be used standalone, obviously); check the section on options later on.

You can also modify some or all of the strings by redefining the following commands after the package has been loaded. Backward references use `\reftextbefore` if the label is on the preceding page but invisible and `\reftextfacebefore` if it is one the facing page (i.e., if the current page number is odd). Similarly `\reftextafter` is used when the label comes on the next page but one has to turn the page and `\reftextfaceafter` if it is on the following but facing page.

In fact, `\reftextface...` is used only if the user or the document class specified two-sided printing.

Finally we have `\reftextfaraway` which is used whenever label and reference differ by more than one or when they aren't numeric. This macro is a bit different because it takes one argument, the symbolic reference string so that one can make use of `\pageref` in its replacement text.

To allow a bit random variation in the generated strings one can use the command `\reftextvario` inside the string macros. It takes two arguments and selects one or the other for printing depending on the number of already seen `\vref` or `\vpageref` commands. As an example see the definitions of `\reftextbefore` etc. on page 9.

The commands `\vrefrange` and `\vpagerefrange` produce their text using two macros described below. By redefining them one can modify the results to accommodate special requirements.

They both take two mandatory arguments denoting the first and the last label of the range.

This macro produces text that describes the page range of the two labels, e.g., the default for English is “on pages~`\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}`”.

This macro produces text that describes the range of figures, tables, or whatever the labels refer to, the default for English is “`\ref{#1} to~\ref{#2}`”.

New in
1998

`\reftextpagerange`

`\reftextlabelrange`

New in
2019

5.1 ... if Babel is used

If *babel* is being used then the above commands need to be changed using the *Babel* mechanism, e.g.,

```
\addto\extrasngerman{%
  \renewcommand\reftextfaceafter {auf der n\"achsten Seite}%
  ... }
```

Otherwise *babel* will reintroduce its own defaults whenever the language is changed (which happens in particular during `\begin{document}` where the main language is selected).

6 Options

As mentioned above the package supports all standard options offered by the *Babel* system to customize the strings produced, it may also have a few not supported by *babel*, for a full list look in section 9.1 on page 9. In addition it offers the option `draft` to turn error messages into warnings during development. The default `final` produces error message when a generated string falls onto a page boundary (see next section).

Newly introduced in 2019 are the options `space` (default) and `nospace`. While the former is the default to allow documents written in the last twenty years to continue to work correctly, I nowadays, suggest that you always use the package with the option `nospace`. This will stop *varioref* from meddling with the spaces preceding commands and thus make the star forms `\vref*` and `\vpageref*` unnecessary.

This means that the star forms can then be used as defined by *hyperref* for suppressing a hyperlink when both packages are used together (which is a rather typical scenario these days).

7 A few warnings

Defining commands like the ones described above poses some interesting problems. Suppose, for example, that a generated text like ‘on the next page’ gets broken across pages. If this happens it is very difficult to find an acceptable solution and in fact can even result in a document that will always change from one state to another (i.e., inserting one string, finding that this is wrong, inserting another string on the next run which makes the first string correct again, inserting ...). The current implementation of *varioref* therefore issues an error message whenever the generated text is broken across page boundaries, e.g.,

table 5 on the current *⟨page break⟩* page

would result in an error, which needs to be resolved by the user by replacing the `\vref` command with an ordinary `\ref` just before the final run. This is not completely satisfactory but in such case no solution really is. During document preparation, while one is still changing the text, such error messages can be turned into warnings by placing a `\vrefwarning` command in the preamble. This is equivalent to specifying “`draft`” as an option to the package. `\vrefshowerrors`

ensures that variorref stops when detecting a possible loop. This is the default and equivalent to specifying “final” as an option.

At the end final a warning: every use of `\vref` will internally generate two macro names to keep track of the string positions within the document. As a result you may run out of name space or main memory² if you make heavy use of this macro on a small TEX installation. For this reason the primitive command `\fullref` is also provided. This command can be used whenever you know for sure that label and reference can’t fall onto nearby pages.

8 The documentation driver file

The next bit of code contains the documentation driver file for TEX, i.e., the file that will produce the documentation you are currently reading. It will be extracted from this file by the `docstrip` program.

```

1  {*driver}
2  \documentclass{ltxdoc}
3  \usepackage{multicol, variorref}
4  \GetFileInfo{variorref.sty}
5  \setlength\hfuzz{1pt}      % ignore slight overfulls
6  \EnableCrossrefs
7  %\DisableCrossrefs    % Say \DisableCrossrefs if index is ready
8
9  \RecordChanges        % Gather update information
10 %\OnlyDescription    % comment out for implementation details
11 \begin{document}
12   \DocInput{variorref.dtx}
13 \end{document}
14 
```

9 The implementation

The main implementation idea is to generate an internal label command for every `\vpageref` and compare the page reference of this label with the page reference of the user-requested label. Since this means one additional macro name for each use of `\vpageref` or `vref` (which is implemented in terms of `\vpageref`) the memory requirements of this package may be high in terms of main and macro name memory. Since the information held in the internal labels is used only once one could envision a different scheme if suitable primitives for this kind of “one place information” would be provided by LATEX3. This type of data structure is planned for LATEX3 but for the moment we have to live with the memory restrictions.

We start by checking if this file was already loaded. If not we identify the current version. This is actually done at the top of the file, so we comment it out here

```

15 {*package}
16 %\NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}[1994/06/01]
17 %\ProvidesPackage{variorref}[\filedate\space\fileversion\space
18 %                                LaTeX2e package for extended references (FMi)]

```

²Not really that likely these days, but one never knows In any case TEX will process your document a tiny bit faster.

\vref@addto To support the use of babel we want to add the additional strings to the \extras`{language}` commands. Since \addto in the current implementation of babel has a bug that does not allow to use arguments containing hashmarks we do this by hand.

```

19 \def\vref@addto#1#2{%
20   #2%
21   \@temptokena{#2}%
22   \ifx#1\undefined
23     \edef#1{\the\@temptokena}%
24   \else
25     \toks@\expandafter{#1}%
26     \edef#1{\the\toks@\the\@temptokena}%
27   \fi
28   \@temptokena{} \toks@\@temptokena
29 }
30 \onlypreamble\vref@addto

```

9.1 Options

\vref@excuse Excuse that we don't know the strings for a certain language.

```

31 \def\vref@excuse#1{%
32   \PackageWarningNoLine{varioref}{Sorry, language '#1'
33   not supported%
34   \MessageBreak
35   in this version.
36   English strings used by default.
37   \MessageBreak
38   Please modify \protect\reftext... commands manually.%
39   \MessageBreak\MessageBreak
40   If you can suggest translations for
41   this language,%
42   \MessageBreak
43   please mail them
44   to the author of this package}}
45 \onlypreamble\vref@excuse

```

\vref@stringwarning And we sometimes just don't know some strings ...

```

46 \def\vref@stringwarning#1{%
47   \PackageWarningNoLine{varioref}{Sorry, there is no proper
48   translation for the string\MessageBreak
49   produced by \protect#1\on@line.\MessageBreak
50   English string used instead.\MessageBreak
51   \MessageBreak
52   If you can suggest translations for
53   the current\MessageBreak
54   language, please mail them
55   to the author of this\MessageBreak package}}

```

\reftextfaceafter The options do set the macros that generate the textual strings. Note, that they do not start with a space, the space is already added in the main macro below.

\reftextfacebefore Afrikaans option contributed by Danie Els (dnejels@sun.ac.za).
 \reftextafter
 \reftextbefore
 \reftextcurrent

```

56 \DeclareOption{afrikaans}
57   {\vref@addto\extrasafrikaans{%

```

```

58  \def\reftextfaceafter {op die \reftextvario{regterbladsy}%
59  						   {bladsy langsaan}}%
60  \def\reftextfacebefore{op die \reftextvario{linkerbladsy}%
61  						   {bladsy langsaan}}%
62  \def\reftextafters     {op die \reftextvario{volgende bladsy}%
63  						   {bladsy hierna}}%
64  \def\reftextbefore    {op die \reftextvario{vorige bladsy}%
65  						   {bladsy hiervoor}}%
66  \def\reftextcurrent   {op \reftextvario{hierdie}%
67  						   {die huidige} bladsy}}%
68  \def\reftextfaraway#1{op bladsy~\pageref{#1}}%
69  \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{op bladsy~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
70  \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} tot~\ref{#2}}%
71  \let\vrefrangeformat\vrefrangedefaultformat
72  }}

73 \DeclareOption{american}
74  {\vref@addto\extrasamerican{%
75   \def\reftextfaceafter {on the \reftextvario{facing}{next} page}%
76   \def\reftextfacebefore{on the \reftextvario{facing}{preceding}%
77   page}}%
78  \def\reftextafters     {on the \reftextvario{following}{next} page}}%
79  \def\reftextbefore    {on the \reftextvario{preceding}{previous} page}}%
80  \def\reftextcurrent   {on \reftextvario{this}{the current} page}}%
81  \def\reftextfaraway#1{on page~\pageref{#1}}%
82  \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{on pages~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
83  \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} to~\ref{#2}}%
84  \let\vrefrangeformat\vrefrangedefaultformat
85  }}}
```

Arabic option text was contributed by Ihab Samir Mattar (dr_kremlin@hotmail.com). As our standard documentation workflow uses pd_TE_X the Arabic letters can't be displayed easily, so you will see missing glyphs below. To see the real letters you have to look at the source or package file.

```

86 \DeclareOption{arabic}
87  {\vref@addto\extrasarabic{%
88   \def\reftextfaceafter {\u202a\u202b \reftextvario{\u202a\u202b\u202a\u202b}{\u202a\u202b\u202a\u202b}}%
89   \def\reftextfacebefore{\u202a\u202b \reftextvario{\u202a\u202b\u202a\u202b}{\u202a\u202b\u202a\u202b}}%
90   \def\reftextafters     {\u202a\u202b \reftextvario{\u202a\u202b\u202a\u202b}{\u202a\u202b\u202a\u202b}}%
91   \def\reftextbefore    {\u202a\u202b \reftextvario{\u202a\u202b\u202a\u202b}{\u202a\u202b\u202a\u202b}}%
92   \def\reftextcurrent   {\u202a\reftextvario{\u202a\u202b\u202a\u202b}{\u202a\u202b\u202a\u202b}}%
93   \def\reftextfaraway#1{\u202a\u202b\u202a\u202b~\pageref{#1}}%
94   \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{\u202a\u202b\u202a\u202b~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
95   \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} \u202a\u202b~\ref{#2}}%
96   \let\vrefrangeformat\vrefrangedefaultformat
97  }}}
```

The austrian defaults are the same as the german ones.

```

98 \DeclareOption{austrian}
99  {\vref@addto\extras austrian{%
100   \def\reftextfaceafter {auf der n\"achsten Seite}}%
101   \def\reftextfacebefore{auf der vorherigen Seite}}%
102   \let\reftextafters     \reftextfaceafter
103   \let\reftextbefore    \reftextfacebefore
104   \def\reftextcurrent   {auf dieser Seite}}%
```

```

105  \def\reftextfaraway#1{auf Seite~\pageref{#1}}%
106  \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{auf Seiten~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
107  \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} bis~\ref{#2}}%
108  \let\vrefrangeformat\vrefrangedefaultformat
109  }

```

The austrian defaults are the same but needed for “Neue Rechtschreibung”.

```

110 \DeclareOption{naustrian}
111   {\vref@addto\extrasnaustrian{%
112     \def\reftextfaceafter {auf der n\"achsten Seite}%
113     \def\reftextfacebefore{auf der vorherigen Seite}%
114     \let\reftextafter    \reftextfaceafter
115     \let\reftextbefore   \reftextfacebefore
116     \def\reftextcurrent {auf dieser Seite}%
117     \def\reftextfaraway#1{auf Seite~\pageref{#1}}%
118     \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{auf Seiten~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
119     \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} bis~\ref{#2}}%
120     \let\vrefrangeformat\vrefrangedefaultformat
121   }}

```

Text for basque defaults was contributed by Iñaki Larrañaga Murgoitio (aka dooteo) (<dooteo@euskalgnu.org>).

```

122 \DeclareOption{basque}
123   {\vref@addto\extrasbasque{%
124     \def\reftextfaceafter {hurrengo orrialdean}%
125     \def\reftextfacebefore{urreko orrialdean}%
126     \let\reftextafter    \reftextfaceafter
127     \let\reftextbefore   \reftextfacebefore
128     \def\reftextcurrent {uneko orrialdean}%
129     \def\reftextfaraway#1{`\pageref{#1}. orrialdean}%
130     \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{`\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2} orrialdeetan}%
131     \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1}.etik \ref{#2}.eraino}%
132     \let\vrefrangeformat\vrefrangedefaultformat
133   }}

```

Text for the Bahasa Malaysia defaults was contributed by Bob Margolis 2005-12-02.

Notes: pada muka surat translates as “on the page” though BM has no definite (or indefinite) article; adjectives and other modifiers follow the noun (clause); bertentangan is “opposite” in the sense of “facing”; berikutnya is “next” (in this context - actually next-to-this, literally); berikutnya also translates as “following this” sebelumnya is “preceding”; also “previous” “ini” translates, literally, as “this” but is also used in the sense of current page.

```

134 \DeclareOption{bahasam}
135   {\vref@addto\extrasbahasam{%
136     \def\reftextfaceafter {pada muka surat \reftextvario{bertentangan}{berikutnya}}%
137     \def\reftextfacebefore{pada muka surat \reftextvario{bertentangan}{sebelumnya}}%
138     \let\reftextafter    {pada muka surat berikutnya}%
139     \let\reftextbefore   {pada muka surat sebelumnya}%
140     \def\reftextcurrent {pada muka surat ini}%
141     \def\reftextfaraway#1{pada muka surat~\pageref{#1}}%
142     \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{pada muka surat~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
143     \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1}--\ref{#2}}%
144     \let\vrefrangeformat\vrefrangedefaultformat
145   }}

```

Text for brazil defaults was contributed by Alcino Dall Igna Junior
(adij@di.ufpe.br).

```

146 \DeclareOption{brazil}
147   {\vref@addto\extrasbrazil{%
148     \def\reftextfaceafter {na \reftextvario{p\`agina oposta}{pr\`oxima
149       p\`agina}}%
150     \def\reftextfacebefore{na p\`agina \reftextvario{oposta}{anterior}}%
151     \def\reftextafter      {na \reftextvario{p\`agina seguinte}{pr\`oxima
152       p\`agina}}%
153     \def\reftextbefore{na p\`agina \reftextvario{anterior}{precedente}}%
154     \def\reftextcurrent   {\reftextvario{nesta p\`agina}{na p\`agina
155       corrente}}%
156     \def\reftextfaraway#1{na p\`agina~\pageref{#1}}%
157     \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{nas p\`aginas~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
158     \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} a~\ref{#2}}%
159     \let\vrefrangeformat\vrefrangedefaultformat
160   }}}
```

Text for Breton defaults was contributed by Christian ROLLAND
(Christian.Rolland@univ-brest.fr).

```

161 \DeclareOption{breton}
162   {\vref@excuse{breton}}%
163   \vref@addto\extrasbreton{%
164     \def\reftextfaceafter {war ar bajenn \reftextvario{a-dal}{da heul}}%
165     \def\reftextfacebefore{war ar bajenn \reftextvario{a-dal}{a-raok}}%
166     \def\reftextafter      {war ar bajenn da heul}}%
167     \def\reftextbefore     {war ar bajenn a-raok}}%
168     \def\reftextcurrent   {war ar \reftextvario{bajenn-ma\~n}{%
169       bajenn war-wel}}%
170     \def\reftextfaraway#1{war ar bajenn~\pageref{#1}}%
171     \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{\vref@stringwarning\reftextpagerange
172       on pages~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
173     \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\vref@stringwarning\reflabelpagerange
174       \ref{#1} to~\ref{#2}}%
175     \let\vrefrangeformat\vrefrangedefaultformat
176   }}}
```

Text for Bulgarian defaults was contributed by Georgi Boshnakov
(georgi.boshnakov@gmail.com).

```

177 \DeclareOption{bulgarian}{%
178   {\vref@addto\extrasbulgarian{%
179     \def\reftextfaceafter{\cyrn\cyra\%
180       \reftextvario{\crys\cyry\crys\cyre\cyrd\cryn\cyra\cyrt\cyra}\%
181       {\crys\cyrl\cyre\cyrd\cyrv\cyra\cyrshch\cyra\cyrt\cyra}\%
182       \crys\cyrt\cyrr\cyra\cryn\cyri\cyrc\cyra}\%
183     \def\reftextfacebefore{\cryn\cyra\%
184       \reftextvario{\crys\cyry\crys\cyre\cyrd\cryn\cyra\cyrt\cyra}\%
185       {\cyp\cyrr\cyre\cyrd\cryn\cyra\cyrt\cyra}\%
186       \crys\cyrt\cyrr\cyra\cryn\cyri\cyrc\cyra}\%
187     \def\reftextafter{\cryn\cyra\%
188       \reftextvario{\crys\cyrl\cyre\cyrd\cyrv\cyra\cyrshch\cyra\cyrt\cyra}\%
189       {\crys\cyrl\cyre\cyrd\cyrv\cyra\cyrshch\cyra\cyrt\cyra}\%
190       \crys\cyrt\cyrr\cyra\cryn\cyri\cyrc\cyra}\%
191     \def\reftextbefore{\cryn\cyra\%
```

```

192     \ref{textvario{\cyrp\cyrr\cyre\cyrd\cyrn\cyra\cyrt\cyra}%
193         {\cyrp\cyrr\cyre\cyrd\cyr{i}\cyrsh\cyrn\cyra\cyrt\cyra}%
194     \cyrs\cyrt\cyrr\cyra\cyrn\cyri\cyrc\cyra}%
195 \def\ref{textcurrent{\cyrn\cyra}%
196     \ref{textvario{\cyrt\cyra\cyrz\cyri}%
197         {\cyrt\cyre\cyrk\cyr{u}\cyrshch\cyra\cyrt\cyra}%
198     \cyrs\cyrt\cyrr\cyra\cyrn\cyri\cyrc\cyra}%
199 \def\ref{textfaraway#1{\cyrn\cyra\ \crys\cyrt\cyrr\cyra\cyrn\cyri\cyrc\cyra}%
200             ^\pageref{\#1}}%
201 \def\ref{textpagerange#1#2{\cyrn\cyra}%
202             \crys\cyrt\cyrr\cyra\cyrn\cyri\cyrc\cyri%
203             ^\pageref{\#1}--^\pageref{\#2}}%
204 \def\ref{textlabelrange#1#2{\ref{\#1} \cyrd\cyro^{\ref{\#2}}}}%
205 \let\vrefrangeformat\vrefrangedefaultformat
206 }}

```

Text for catalan defaults was contributed by Robert Fuster (rfuster@mat.upv.es).

```

207 \DeclareOption{catalan}
208   {\vref@addto\extrascatalan{%
209     \def\reftextfaceafter {a la p\`agina seg\"uent}%
210     \def\reftextfacebefore{a la p\`agina anterior}%
211     \let\reftextafter \reftextfaceafter
212     \let\reftextbefore \reftextfacebefore
213     \def\reftextcurrent {en aquesta p\`agina}%
214     \def\reftextfaraway#1{a la p\`agina~\pageref{#1}}%
215     \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{a les
216                               p\`agues~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
217     \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} a~\ref{#2}}%
218     \let\vrefrangeformat\vrefrangedefaultformat
219   } }

```

Text for croatian defaults was contributed by Šime Ungar (ungar@math.hr).

```

220 \DeclareOption{croatian}
221   {\vref@addto\extrascroatian{%
222     \def\reftextfaceafter {na sljedećoj stranici}%
223     \def\reftextfacebefore{na prethodnoj stranici}%
224     \let\reftextafter      \reftextfaceafter
225     \let\reftextbefore     \reftextfacebefore
226     \def\reftextcurrent   {na ovoj stranici}%
227     \def\reftextfaraway#1{na stranici~\pageref{#1}}%
228     \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{na stranicama~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
229     \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} do~\ref{#2}}%
230   \let\vrefrangeformat\vrefrangedefaultformat
231 }

```

Defaults for the Czech option provided by Milan Vancura <milan@suse.cz>.

```
232 \DeclareOption{czech}
233   {%
234     \vref@excuse{czech}%
235     \vref@addto\extrasczech{%
236       \def\reftextfaceafter{\na n'\a\sle\du\j'\i\ c'\i\ stran\v{e}}%
237       \def\reftextfacebefore{\na p\v{r}ed\choz'\i\ stran\v{e}}%
238       \def\reftextafter{\na n'\a\sle\du\j'\i\ c'\i\ stran\v{e}}%
239       \def\reftextbefore{\na p\v{r}ed\choz'\i\ stran\v{e}}%
240       \def\reftextcurrent{\na t'\eto stran\v{e}}%
241     }%
242   }%
```

```

240   \def\reftextfaraway#1{na stran\v{e}~\pageref{#1}}%
241   \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{na stran\'ach~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
242   \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} a\v{z}~\ref{#2}}%
243   \let\vrefrangeformat\vrefrangedefaultformat
244 }

```

Defaults for Danish provided by Torsten Martinsen (tmar91@kom.auc.dk). Further defaults by Ole Laursen (olau@hardworking.dk).

```

245 \DeclareOption{danish}
246   {\vref@addto\extrasdanish{%
247     \def\reftextfaceafter {p\aa{}} \reftextvario{modst\aa ende}%
248     {n\ae ste} side}%
249     \def\reftextfacebefore{p\aa{}} \reftextvario{modst\aa ende}%
250     {forrige} side}%
251     \def\reftextafter     {p\aa{}} \reftextvario{den f\o lgende}%
252     {n\ae ste} side}%
253     \def\reftextbefore    {p\aa{}} \reftextvario{forrige side}%
254     {foreg\aa ende side}}%
255     \def\reftextcurrent   {p\aa{}} denne side}%
256 \def\reftextfaraway#1{p\aa{} side~\pageref{#1}}%
257 \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{p\aa{} side~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
258 \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} til~\ref{#2}}%
259 \let\vrefrangeformat\vrefrangedefaultformat
260 }

```

Default string for dutch have been contributed by Frank Poppe (POPPE@SWOV.NL). This option currently supports one additional string macro `\refpagename` so that you can easily change to `bladzijde` instead of `pagina` if you prefer this word for “page”. However, I will not guarantee that this will survive future versions of this package, so use it on your own risk (you can always update the full strings to be on the safe side).

```

261 \DeclareOption{dutch}
262   {\vref@addto\extrasdutch{%
263     \def\refpagename{pagina}}%
264     \def\reftextfaceafter {op de \reftextvario{rechter \refpagename}}%
265     {\refpagename\ hiernaast}}%
266     \def\reftextfacebefore{op de \reftextvario{linker \refpagename}}%
267     {\refpagename\ hiernaast}}%
268     \def\reftextafter     {op de \reftextvario{volgende \refpagename}}%
269     {\refpagename\ hiernaast}}%
270     \def\reftextbefore    {op de \reftextvario{vorige \refpagename}}%
271     {\refpagename\ hiervoor}}%
272     \def\reftextcurrent   {op deze \refpagename}}%
273 \def\reftextfaraway#1{op \refpagename~\pageref{#1}}%

```

Concerning the next defaults I received the following comment by Frederik Fouvry <fouvry@coli.uni-sb.de>: “In the Dutch options (where I can exert a proper language judgement ;-), ‘t/m’ is not used in formal (scientific) texts. I would either use ‘–’ or ‘tot en met’ (the abbreviation written out). ”

```

274   \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{op pagina's~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
275   \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1}--\ref{#2}}%
276   \let\vrefrangeformat\vrefrangedefaultformat
277 }

```

```
278 \DeclareOption{english}
```

```

279  {\vref@addto\extrasenglish{%
280    \def\reftextfaceafter {on the \reftextvario{facing}{next} page}%
281    \def\reftextfacebefore{on the \reftextvario{facing}{preceding}%
282                                page}%
283    \def\reftextafter      {on the \reftextvario{following}{next} page}%
284    \def\reftextbefore     {on the \reftextvario{preceding}{previous} page}%
285    \def\reftextcurrent   {on \reftextvario{this}{the current} page}%
286    \def\reftextfaraway#1{on page~\pageref{#1}}%
287    \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{on pages~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
288    \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} to~\ref{#2}}%
289    \let\vrefrangeformat\vrefrangedefaultformat
290  }}}
```

The esperanto strings were suggested by Albert Reiner (areiner@tph.tuwien.ac.at).

```

291 \DeclareOption{esperanto}
292  {\vref@addto\extrasesperanto{%
293    \def\reftextfaceafter{en la
294      \reftextvario{flanka}{sekva} pa\^go}%
295    \def\reftextfacebefore{en la
296      \reftextvario{flanka}{anta\u ua} pa\^go}%
297    \def\reftextafter{en la sekva pa\^go}%
298    \def\reftextbefore{en la anta\u ua pa\^go}%
299    \def\reftextcurrent{\reftextvario{\^ci-pa\^ge}}%
300      {en \^ci tiu pa\^go}}%
301    \def\reftextfaraway#1{en pa\^go~\pageref{#1}}%
302    \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{en pa\^goj~\pageref{#1} \^gis \pageref{#2}}%
303    \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} \^gis~\ref{#2}}%
304    \let\vrefrangeformat\vrefrangedefaultformat
305  }}
```

The finnish strings were suggested by Matti Rintala (bitti@cs.tut.fi) and Hillevi Gavel Hillevi.Gavel@mdh.se.

```

306 \DeclareOption{finnish}
307  {\vref@addto\extrasfinnish{%
308    \def\reftextfaceafter {\reftextvario{viereisell\"a}%
309                                {seuraavalla} sivulla}%
310    \def\reftextfacebefore{\reftextvario{viereisell\"a}%
311                                {edellisell\"a} sivulla}%
312    \def\reftextafter      {seuraavalla sivulla}%
313    \def\reftextbefore     {edellisell\"a sivulla}%
314    \def\reftextcurrent   {t\"all\"a sivulla}%
315    \def\reftextfaraway#1{sivulla~\pageref{#1}}%
316    \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{sivulla~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
```

Can't combine numbers with the necessary suffix well.

```

317    \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1}--\ref{#2}}%
318    \let\vrefrangeformat\vrefrangedefaultformat
319  }}
```

French defaults are provided by Daniel Flippo (Daniel.Flipo@univ-lille1.fr).

```

320 \DeclareOption{french}
321  {\vref@addto\extrasfrench{%
322    \def\reftextfaceafter {page \reftextvario{ci-contre}{suivante}}%
```

```

323   \def\reftextfacebefore{page \reftextvario{ci-contre}%
324           {pr\`ec\`edente}}%
325   \def\reftextafter    {page suivante}%
326   \def\reftextbefore   {page pr\`ec\`edente}%
327   \def\reftextcurrent  {de la pr\`esente page}%
328   \def\reftextfaraway#1{page`\pageref{#1}}%
329   \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{pages`\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
330   \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} `a`\ref{#2}}%
331   \let\vrefrangeformat\vrefrangedefaultformat
332 }

```

Galician defaults are provided by Matthias Moebius
(Matthias.Moebius@uni-konstanz.de).

```

333 \DeclareOption{galician}
334   {\vref@addto\extrasgalician{%
335     \def\reftextfaceafter {na p\`axina oposta}%
336     \def\reftextfacebefore\reftextfaceafter
337     \def\reftextafter    {na p\`axina seguinte}%
338     \def\reftextbefore   {na p\`axina anterior}%
339     \def\reftextcurrent  {nesta p\`axina}%
340     \def\reftextfaraway#1{na p\`axina`\pageref{#1}}%
341     \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{%
342       nas p\`axinas`\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
343     \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} a`\ref{#2}}%
344   \let\vrefrangeformat\vrefrangedefaultformat
345 }

```

There are no good variants for German (I think and still think but this is a matter of taste :-). The following definitions were recently suggested to me but since the original are in for a long time i don't want to change them now since that could make a lot of documents change their formatting. If you fancy them, add a redefinition of the corresponding macro(s) to the preamble of your document.

```

\def\reftextfaceafter {auf der \reftextvario
                     {gegen\"uberliegenden}{anderen} Seite}%
\def\reftextfacebefore {auf der \reftextvario
                      {gegen\"uberliegenden}{anderen} Seite}%
\def\reftextafter     {auf der \reftextvario
                     {n\"achsten}{folgenden} Seite}%
\def\reftextbefore    {auf der \reftextvario
                     {vorigen}{vorhergehenden} Seite}%
\def\reftextcurrent   {\reftextvario
                     {auf dieser}{diese} Seite}%

346 \DeclareOption{german}
347   {\vref@addto\extrasgerman{%
348     \def\reftextfaceafter {auf der n\"achsten Seite}%
349     \def\reftextfacebefore{auf der vorherigen Seite}%
350     \let\reftextafter    \reftextfaceafter
351     \let\reftextbefore   \reftextfacebefore
352     \def\reftextcurrent  {auf dieser Seite}%
353     \def\reftextfaraway#1{auf Seite`\pageref{#1}}%
354     \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{auf den Seiten`\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
355     \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} bis`\ref{#2}}%
356   \let\vrefrangeformat\vrefrangedefaultformat

```

```
357    } }
```

The ngerman defaults are the same but needed for “Neue Rechtschreibung” (i.e., a different set of hyphenation patterns).

```
358 \DeclareOption{ngerman}{%
359   {\vref@addto\extrasngerman{%
360     \def\reftextfaceafter {auf der n\"achsten Seite}%
361     \def\reftextfacebefore{auf der vorherigen Seite}%
362     \let\reftextafter \reftextfaceafter
363     \let\reftextbefore \reftextfacebefore
364     \def\reftextcurrent {auf dieser Seite}%
365     \def\reftextfaraway#1{auf Seite~\pageref{#1}}%
366     \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{auf den Seiten~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
367     \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} bis~\ref{#2}}%
368     \let\vrefrangeformat\vrefrangedefaultformat
369   }}}
```

Defaults for greek suggested by Apostolos Syropoulos
(apostolo@obelix.ee.duth.gr).

```
370 \DeclareOption{greek}{%
371   {\vref@addto\extrasgreek{%
372     \def\reftextfaceafter {sthn \reftextvario{paro'usa}%
373                               {ep'omenh} sel'ida}%
374     \def\reftextfacebefore{sthn \reftextvario{paro'usa}{prohgo'umenh}%
375                               sel'ida}%
376     \def\reftextafter {sthn ep'omenh sel'ida}%
377     \def\reftextbefore {sthn prohgo'umenh sel'ida}%
378     \def\reftextcurrent {s' aut'h th sel'ida}%
379     \def\reftextfaraway#1{sth sel'ida\nobreakspace\pageref{#1}}%
380     \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{stis sel'ides\nobreakspace
381                               \pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
382     \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} ws\nobreakspace\ref{#2}}%
383     \let\vrefrangeformat\vrefrangedefaultformat
384   }}}
```

Icelandic defaults suggested by Thorhallur Sverrisson (thorhs@basis.is).

```
385 \DeclareOption{icelandic}{%
386   {\vref@addto\extrasicelandic{%
387     \def\reftextfaceafter {\'{a} \reftextvario{n{\ae}stu}%
388                               {n{\ae}stu} s\'{i}{\dh}u}%
389     \def\reftextfacebefore{\'{a} \reftextvario{fyrr}i}%
390                               {fyrr}i s\'{i}{\dh}u}%
391     \def\reftextafter {\'{a} \reftextvario{n{\ae}stu}%
392                               {n{\ae}stu} s\'{i}{\dh}u}%
393     \def\reftextbefore {\'{a} \reftextvario{fyrr}i{fyrr}i s\'{i}{\dh}u}%
394     \def\reftextcurrent {\'{a} \reftextvario{{\th}essari}%
395                               {{\th}essari} s\'{i}{\dh}u}%
396     \def\reftextfaraway#1{\'{a} s\'{i}{\dh}u\pageref{#1}}%
397     \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{\'{a} s\'{i}{\dh}u\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
398     \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} til~\ref{#2}}%
399     \let\vrefrangeformat\vrefrangedefaultformat
400   }}}
```

Defaults for Italian suggested by Giovanni Pensa (pensa@dsi.unimi.it) with iTeXnici.

```

401 \DeclareOption{italian}
402   {\vref@addto\extrasitalian{%
403     \def\reftextfaceafter {\reftextvario{a fronte}%
404                               {nella pagina successiva}}%
405     \def\reftextfacebefore{\reftextvario{a fronte}%
406                               {nella pagina precedente}}%
407     \def\reftextafter    {nella pagina \reftextvario{seguente}%
408                               {successiva}}%
409     \def\reftextbefore   {nella pagina precedente}%
410     \def\reftextcurrent {in questa pagina}%
411     \def\reftextfaraway#1{a pagina~\pageref{#1}}%
412     \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{nelle pagine~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
413     \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{da~\ref{#1} a~\ref{#2}}%
414     \let\vrefrangeformat\vrefrangedefaultformat
415   } }

```

Defaults for Japanese. It needs a special `\vrefrangeformat` for grammatical reasons. As our standard documentation workflow uses pdfTeX the Japanese letters can't be displayed easily, so you will see missing glyphs below. To see the real letters you have to look at the source or package file.

```

416 \DeclareOption{japanese}
417   {\vref@addto\extrasjapanese{%
418     \def\reftextfaceafter {\reftextvario{𢂔𢂕} {𢂔} }%
419     \def\reftextfacebefore{\reftextvario{𢂔𢂕} {𢂔} }%
420     \def\reftextafter    {\reftextvario{𢂔𢂕} {𢂔} }%
421     \def\reftextbefore   {\reftextvario{𢂔𢂕} {𢂔} }%
422     \def\reftextcurrent {\reftextvario{𢂔} {𢂔} }%
423     \def\reftextfaraway#1{\pageref{#1} }%
424     \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{\pageref{#1}𢂔𢂕\pageref{#2} }%
425     \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1}𢂔𢂕\ref{#2}}%
426     \def\vrefrangeformat#1#2#3{\vpagerefrange[{\#1}]{\#2}{\#3} }%
427                               \reftextlabelrange{\#2}{\#3}}%
428   } }

```

Defaults for Hungarian by Jeff Goldberg (jeffrey@goldmark.org). There is a problem with the use of the definite article *a* or *az* in Hungarian before expansions of `\vref` or `\ref`. The problem is that the word should be *az* if the number following would begin with a vowel if spelled out, and *a* if the number would begin with a consonant.

The option assumes that there is a command `\aza` defined which helps resolving this problem.³

```

429 \DeclareOption{magyar}
430   {\vref@addto\extrasmagyar{%
431     \def\reftextafter {a k\"o\-\vet\-\kez\H{o} ol\-\da\-\lon}}%
432     \def\reftextbefore{az el\H{o}\-\z\H{o} ol\-\da\-\lon}}%
433     \def\reftextfaceafter {\reftextvario{a t\ul\ol\da\lon} {%
434                               {a k\"o\-\vet\-\kez\H{o} ol\-\da\-\lon}} }%
435     \def\reftextfacebefore{\reftextvario{a t\ul\ol\da\lon} {%
436                               {az el\H{o}\-\z\H{o} ol\-\da\-\lon}} }%
437     \def\reftextcurrent {ezen az ol\-\da\-\lon}}%

```

³This information is actually quite old but unfortunately never made it into varioref. In case any work has been undertaken to resolve this please inform the author about it.

The following suggested patch has not been added yet (pending changes in babel system).

```

\def\reftextfaraway#1{a`\csname @@magyar@az@lowxu\endcsname
                      {\pageref{#1}}.\~ol\~da\~lon}%
\def\reftextpagerange#1#2{a`\csname @@magyar@az@lowxu\endcsname
                           {\pageref{#1}}\%
--\pageref{#2}.\~ol\~da\~la\~kon}%
\def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{}{\csname @@magyar@told\endcsname\ref{#1}+tol
\ref{#2}-ig}%
Dat: ‘{}’ is here for anti-\capitalize
438 \def\reftextfaraway#1{\aza{\pageref{#1}} \pageref{#1}.\~ol\~da\~lon}%
439 \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{\vref@stringwarning\reftextpagerange
440                                     on pages^\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
441 \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\vref@stringwarning\reflabelpagerange
442                                     \ref{#1} to^\ref{#2}}%
443 \let\vrefrangeformat\vrefrangedefaultformat
444 }%

```

The \AtBeginDocument needs to be executed when the option is processed and not inside the babel interface.

```

445 \AtBeginDocument{\providecommand\aza[1]{a/az}%
446   \PackageError{varioref}{%
447     Proper definition for command \noexpand\aza missing}%
448   {You need to (re)define the command \noexpand\aza that
449    takes one argument (a number or a \noexpand\pageref command)
450    and produces the string ‘a’ or ‘az’ depending on the argument
451    value. It should also accept an optional argument (default ‘1’)
452    to denote whether or not the string should be lowercase or
453    uppercase.}}\%
454 }

```

The Norwegian and ‘nynorsk’ translations have been provided by Dag F Langmyhr <dag@ifi.uio.no> and Karl Ove Hufthammer <[hfutis@bigfoot.com](mailto:huftis@bigfoot.com)>.

```

455 \DeclareOption{norsk}
456   {\vref@addto\extrasnorsk{%
457     \def\reftextfaceafter {p\aa{} neste side}%
458     \def\reftextfacebefore{p\aa{} forrige side}%
459     \def\reftextafter      {p\aa{} neste side}%
460     \def\reftextbefore    {p\aa{} forrige side}%
461     \def\reftextcurrent  {p\aa{} denne siden}%
462     \def\reftextfaraway#1{p\aa{} side^\pageref{#1}}%
463     \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{p\aa{} side^\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
464     \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} til^\ref{#2}}%
465     \let\vrefrangeformat\vrefrangedefaultformat
466   }%
467 \DeclareOption{nynorsk}
468   {\vref@addto\extrasnynorsk{%
469     \def\reftextfaceafter {p\aa{} neste side}%
470     \def\reftextfacebefore{p\aa{} f\o{}rre side}%
471     \def\reftextafter      {p\aa{} neste side}%
472     \def\reftextbefore    {p\aa{} f\o{}rre side}%
473     \def\reftextcurrent  {p\aa{} denne sida}%
474     \def\reftextfaraway#1{p\aa{} side^\pageref{#1}}%
475     \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{p\aa{} side^\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%

```

```

476     \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} til~\ref{#2}}%
477     \let\vrefrangeformat\vrefrangedefaultformat
478 }

```

The polish translations have been provided by Tomasz Michniewski <tomekm@ias.waw.pl>. The use of the command \eob and aob etc. requires appropriate definitions as provided, for example, by the babel system. This should probably be handled differently but it would require modifications in babel's language support.

```

479 \DeclareOption{polish}
480   {\vref@addto\extraspolish{%
481     \def\reftextfaceafter {na \reftextvario{s\ao{}}siedniej}%
482                               {nast\eo{}}pnej stronie}%
483     \def\reftextfacebefore{na \reftextvario{s\ao{}}siedniej}%
484                               {poprzedniej} stronie}%
485     \def\reftextafter    {na nast\eo{}}pnej stronie}%
486     \def\reftextbefore   {na poprzedniej stronie}%
487     \def\reftextcurrent  {na \reftextvario{tej
488                               samej}{bie\zkb{}}\ao{}cej} stronie}%
489     \def\reftextfaraway#1{na stronie~\pageref{#1}}%
490     \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{na stronach~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
491     \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{od~\ref{#1} do~\ref{#2}}%
492   \let\vrefrangeformat\vrefrangedefaultformat
493 }

```

The portuguese default text has been provided by José Carlos Oliveira Santos jcsantos@fc.up.pt.

```

494 \DeclareOption{portuges}
495   {\vref@addto\extrasportuges{%
496     \def\reftextfaceafter {na \reftextvario{p\`agina ao lado}{pr\`oxima
497                               p\`agina}}%
498     \def\reftextfacebefore{na p\`agina \reftextvario{ao lado}{anterior}}%
499     \def\reftextafter    {na \reftextvario{p\`agina seguinte}{pr\`oxima
500                               p\`agina}}%
501     \def\reftextbefore   {na p\`agina \reftextvario{anterior}{precedente}}%
502     \def\reftextcurrent  {nesta p\`agina}%
503     \def\reftextfaraway#1{na p\`agina~\pageref{#1}}%
504     \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{nas p\`aginas~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
505     \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} a~\ref{#2}}%
506   \let\vrefrangeformat\vrefrangedefaultformat
507 }

```

Updates to the default text for Romanian have been suggested by Florin Oprina (<florin.oprina@gmail.com>).

```

508 \DeclareOption{romanian}
509   {\vref@addto\extrasromanian{%
510     \def\reftextfaceafter {pe pagina \reftextvario{opus\u{a}}{urm\u{a}toarei}}%
511     \def\reftextfacebefore{pe pagina \reftextvario{opus\u{a}}{precedentei}}%
512     \def\reftextafter    {\reftextvario{pe pagina urm\u{a}toare}%
513                               {pe urm\u{a}toarea pagin\u{a}}}}%
514     \def\reftextbefore   {pe pagina \reftextvario{precedent\u{a}}%
515                               {precedentei}}%
516     \def\reftextcurrent  {pe aceast\u{a} pagin\u{a}}%
517     \def\reftextfaraway#1{pe pagina~\pageref{#1}}%
518     \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{pe paginile~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%

```

```

519      \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} 1a~\ref{#2}}%
520      \let\vrefrangeformat\vrefrangedefaultformat
521  }

```

The text for russian was taken from the book in Russian by I. A. Kotelnikov and P. Z. Chebotaev, and adapted to the encoding-independent form by Vladimir Volovich (vvv@vsu.ru).

```

522 \DeclareOption{russian}
523   {\vref@addto\extrasrussian{%
524     \def\reftextfaceafter{\cyrn\cyra\ \reftextvario{\cyrp\cyrr\cyro
525       \cyrt\cyri\cyrv\cyro\cyrp\cyro\cyrl\cyro\cyrz\cyrn\cyro\cyrishrt}%
526       {\crys\cyrl\cyre\cyrd\cyru\cyryu\cyrshch\cyre\cyrishrt}\ \crys\cyrt
527       \cyrr\cyra\cryn\cyri\cyrc\cyre}%
528     \def\reftextfacebefore{\cyrn\cyra\ \reftextvario{\cyrp\cyrr\cyro
529       \cyrt\cyri\cyrv\cyro\cyrp\cyro\cyrl\cyro\cyrz\cyrn\cyro\cyrishrt}%
530       {\cyp\cyrr\cyre\cyrd\cyrery\cyrd\cyru\cyrshch\cyre\cyrishrt}\ \crys\cyrt
531       \cyrr\cyrt\cyrr\cyra\cryn\cyri\cyrc\cyre}%
532     \def\reftextafter{\cyrn\cyra\ \crys\cyrl\cyre\cyrd\cyru\cyryu\cyrshch
533       \cyre\cyrishrt\ \crys\cyrt\cyrr\cyra\cryn\cyri\cyrc\cyre}%
534     \def\reftextbefore{\cyrn\cyra\ \reftextvario{\cyrp\cyrr\cyre\cyrd
535       \cyrsh\cyre\crys\cyrt\cyrv\cyru\cyryu\cyrshch\cyre\cyrishrt}%
536       {\cyp\cyrr\cyre\cyrd\cyrery\cyrd\cyru\cyrshch\cyre\cyrishrt}%
537       \ \crys\cyrt\cyrr\cyra\cryn\cyri\cyrc\cyre}%
538     \def\reftextcurrent{\cyrn\cyra\ \reftextvario{\cyrerev\cyrt\cyro
539       \cyrishrt}{\cyrd\cyra\cryn\cyri\cyrishrt}\ \crys\cyrt\cyrr
540       \cyra\cryn\cyri\cyrc\cyre}%
541     \def\reftextfaraway#1{\cyrn\cyra\ \crys.^~\pageref{#1}}%
542     \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{\cyrn\cyra\ \crys\cyrt\cyrr\cyra\cryn
543       \cyri\cyrc\cyra\cyrh^~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
544     \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\crys.^~\ref{#1}\ \cyrp\cyro.^~\ref{#2}}%
545     \let\vrefrangeformat\vrefrangedefaultformat
546   }

```

The text for slovak defaults was contributed by Miroslav Sedivy (<miro@slovensko.com>).

```

547 \DeclareOption{slovak}
548   {\vref@addto\extrasslovak{%
549     \def\reftextfaceafter {na \reftextvario{proti\v lahlej}%
550       {nasleduj\'ucej} strane}%
551     \def\reftextfacebefore{na \reftextvario{proti\v lahlej}%
552       {predch\'adzaj\'ucej} strane}%
553     \def\reftextafter    {na \reftextvario{nasleduj\'ucej}%
554       {\v dal\v sej} strane}%
555     \def\reftextbefore   {na \reftextvario{predch\'adzaj\'ucej}%
556       {predo\v slej} strane}%
557     \def\reftextcurrent {na tejto strane}%
558     \def\reftextfaraway#1{na strane^~\pageref{#1}}%
559     \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{na stran\'ach^~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
560     \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} a\v z^~\ref{#2}}%
561     \let\vrefrangeformat\vrefrangedefaultformat
562   }

```

The text for slovene defaults was contributed by Roman Maurer (<roman.maurer@amis.net>).

```

563 \DeclareOption{slovene}

```

```

564  {\vref@addto\extrasslovene{%
565    \def\reftextfaceafter {na naslednji strani}%
566    \def\reftextfacebefore{na prej\v{s}nji strani}%
567    \let\reftextafter     \reftextfaceafter
568    \let\reftextbefore    \reftextfacebefore
569    \def\reftextcurrent   {na \reftextvario{tej}{trenutni} strani}%
570    \def\reftextfaraway#1{na strani~\pageref{#1}}%
571    \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{na straneh~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
572    \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{od~\ref{#1} do~\ref{#2}}%
573    \let\vrefrangeformat\vrefrangedefaultformat
574  }}


```

Text for spanish defaults was contributed by Julio Sanchez (jsanchez@gmv.es) and Fernando Dobladez (<ferd@fuego.com>).

```

575 \DeclareOption{spanish}
576  {\vref@addto\extrasspanish{%
577    \def\reftextfaceafter {en la p\'agina siguiente}%
578    \def\reftextfacebefore{en la p\'agina anterior}%
579    \let\reftextafter     \reftextfaceafter
580    \let\reftextbefore    \reftextfacebefore
581    \def\reftextcurrent   {en esta p\'agina}%
582    \def\reftextfaraway#1{en la p\'agina~\pageref{#1}}%
583    \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{en las p\'aginas~\pageref{#1}%
584                                -\pageref{#2}}%
585    \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} a~\ref{#2}}%
586    \let\vrefrangeformat\vrefrangedefaultformat
587  }}


```

The text for swedish was contributed by Mats Dahlgren (matsd@sssk.se).

```

588 \DeclareOption{swedish}
589  {\vref@addto\extrasswedish{%
590    \def\reftextfaceafter {p\aa\ \reftextvario{motst\aa ende}%
591                                {n\"{a}sta} sida}%
592    \def\reftextfacebefore{p\aa\ \reftextvario{motst\aa ende}%
593                                {f\"{o}reg\aa ende} sida}%
594    \def\reftextafter      {p\aa\ \reftextvario{f\"{o}ljande}%
595                                {n\"{a}sta} sida}%
596    \def\reftextbefore     {p\aa\ f\"{o}reg\aa ende sida}%
597    \def\reftextcurrent   {p\aa\ denna sida}%
598    \def\reftextfaraway#1{p\aa\ sidan~\pageref{#1}}%
599    \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{p\aa\
600                                sidorna~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
601    \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} till~\ref{#2}}%
602    \let\vrefrangeformat\vrefrangedefaultformat
603  }}

604 \DeclareOption{turkish}
605  {\vref@excuse{turkish}%
606    \vref@addto\extrasturkish{%
607      \def\reftextfaceafter {on the \reftextvario{facing}{next} page}%
608      \def\reftextfacebefore{on the \reftextvario{facing}{preceding}%
609                                page}%
610      \def\reftextafter      {on the \reftextvario{following}{next} page}%
611      \def\reftextbefore     {on the \reftextvario{preceding}{previous} page}%
612      \def\reftextcurrent   {on \reftextvario{this}{the current} page}%
613      \def\reftextfaraway#1{on page~\pageref{#1}}%}

```

```

614      \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{on pages~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
615      \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} to~\ref{#2}}%
616      \let\vrefrangeformat\vrefrangedefaultformat
617  }

```

The text for Ukrainian defaults was contributed by Mykola Lyakhovych (<lyakhovych@mail.ru>).

```

618 \DeclareOption{ukrainian}
619   {\vref@addto\extrasukrainian{%
620     \def\reftextfaceafter{\cyrn\cyra\ \reftextvario{\cyrp\cyrr\cyro
621       \cyrt\cyri\cyrl\cyre\cyrh\cyrn\cyrii\cyrishrt}%
622       {\cyrn\cyra\cyrs\cyrt\cyru\cyrp\cyrn\cyrii\cyrishrt}\ \cyrs\cyrt
623       \cyro\cyrr\cyri\cyrn\cyrc\cyrii}%
624     \def\reftextfacebefore{\cyrn\cyra\ \reftextvario{\cyrp\cyrr\cyro
625       \cyrt\cyri\cyrl\cyre\cyrh\cyrn\cyrii\cyrishrt}%
626       {\cyrp\cyro\cyrp\cyre\cyrd\cyrn\cyrii\cyrishrt}\ \cyrs\cyrt\cyro\cyrr\cyrii}%
627       \cyrs\cyrt\cyro\cyrr\cyrii\cyrn\cyrc\cyrii}%
628     \def\reftextafter{\cyrn\cyra\ \cyrn\cyra\cyrs\cyrt\cyru\cyrp\cyrn
629       \cyrii\cyrishrt\ \cyrs\cyrt\cyro\cyrr\cyrii\cyrn\cyrc\cyrii}%
630     \def\reftextbefore{\cyrn\cyra\ \cyrp\cyro\cyrp\cyre\cyrf\cyre\cyrd
631       \cyrn\cyrii\cyrishrt\ \cyrs\cyrt\cyro\cyrr\cyrii\cyrn\cyrc\cyrii}%
632     \def\reftextcurrent{\cyrn\cyra\ \reftextvario{\cyrc\cyrii\cyrishrt}%
633       {\cyrd\cyra\cyrn\cyrii\cyrishrt}\ \cyrs\cyrt\cyro\cyrr\cyrii\cyrn
634       \cyrc\cyrii}%
635     \def\reftextfaraway#1{\cyrn\cyra\ \cyrs.\ ~\pageref{#1}}%
636     \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{\cyrn\cyra\ \cyrs\cyrt\cyro\cyrr\cyrii
637       \cyrn\cyrk\cyra\cyrh~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
638     \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\cyrh~\ref{#1}\ \cyrd\cyro~\ref{#2}}%
639     \let\vrefrangeformat\vrefrangedefaultformat
640  }

```

We support francais as an alternative to french since people might be used to it, but we discourage it.

```

641 \DeclareOption{francais}{%
642   \typeout{Please use 'french' instead of 'francais'}}%
643   \ExecuteOptions{french}}
644 \DeclareOption{germanb}{%
645   \typeout{Please use 'german' instead of 'germanb'}}%
646   \ExecuteOptions{german}}

```

During document preparation errors due to `\vref` are usually of not much interest. For this reason the draft option turns them into warnings by issuing a `\vrefwarning` command. The final option (default) stops with an error message when variorref detects a possible loop.

```

647 \DeclareOption{draft}{\AtEndOfPackage{\vrefwarning}}
648 \DeclareOption{final}{\AtEndOfPackage{\vrefshowerrors} \% the default}

```

Whether or not variorref uses its own white space and removes the one in the source document is handled by the following two options. For historical reasons the default is to handle the space, but the recommendation these days is to use nospace.

```

649 \newif\if@vrefhandlespace
650 \DeclareOption{space}{ \if@vrefhandlespace true}
651 \DeclareOption{nospace}{ \if@vrefhandlespace false}

```

After all options are declared we execute the default option `english` to set up the defaults and then call `\ProcessOptions*` to handle any option passed to the package. The star form is used since we want to execute the options in the order they are given (in case this isn't used together with the `babel` package).

```
652 \ExecuteOptions{english,final,space}
653 \ProcessOptions*
```

9.2 Defining the main macros

`\vr@cnt` To generate new labels we use a counter and construct the internal label names by prefixing the current counter value with the string `vr@`. We need a L^AT_EX counter to get `\includes` handled correctly.

```
654 \newcounter{vrcnt}
```

`\vpageref` `\vp@geref` The command `\vpageref` generates the appropriate string by first parsing the optional arguments (if any) and then compares the internal and the user label. This command should be robust since the user might put it anywhere.

We now start by scanning for a star and then call either `\vp@gerefstar` or `\vp@geref`. The space handling logic is a bit twisted these days: if the option `space` is in force then preceding spaces in the document are removed and the star means that the command should not add its own space. However, with option `nospace` any space already in the source will be left alone and the command doesn't add its own space either. Thus in this case the star form doesn't have any effect and below `\vp@gerefstar` is let to `\vp@geref`. This allows a package like `hyperef` to redefine it and useit for its own tasks (like denoting that no link should be produced).

```
655 \DeclareRobustCommand\vpageref{@ifstar
656   {\let\vref@maybe@space\empty\vp@gerefstar}%
657   {\let\vref@maybe@space\space\vp@geref}}
658 \def\vp@geref{@ifnextchar[%
```

The default for the first optional argument is the string hidden in the macro `\reftextcurrent`.

```
659  \@vpageref{\@vpageref[\reftextcurrent]}%
660 }
```

`\vref@space` `\vref@maybe@space` A default for `\vref@space`. This isn't really needed except in the case that somebody has hooked into the `variorref` interfaces at a lower level (which isn't really supported, but...). So giving a default will prevent an error message in that case (and should hopefully produce the same behavior as before).

```
661 \let\vref@space\space
662 \let\vref@maybe@space\space
```

`\@vpageref` More parsing...

```
663 \def\@vpageref[#1]{\@ifnextchar[%
```

By default the second optional argument is empty.

```
664  {\@@vpageref[#1]}{\@@vpageref[#1][]}}
```

`\@@vpageref` The `\@@vpageref` macro finally generates the references by comparing the value of an internal label with the value of the user label.

```
665 \def\@@vpageref#1[#2]#3{%
```

First it switches to horizontal mode if necessary. If there was a preceding space we remember its size in `\@tempskipa` and then remove it for reinsertion later.

```
666  \leavevmode
667  \@tempskipa\lastskip \unskip
```

Then it advances the counter `\c@vrcnt` by one which is used to generate internal label names.

```
668  \global\advance\c@vrcnt\one
```

Then it checks if for the current value of `\c@vrcnt` a label command was issued in the last run. If not it pretends that there was one with the value `{??}{??}`. Thereafter it stores the pageref value for this label in the macro `\@tempa`.

```
669  \vref@pagenum\@tempa{\the\c@vrcnt \cvr}%
```

Here we check that the generated text is not going across a page boundary.

```
670  \vref@pagenum\@tempb{\the\c@vrcnt \cavr}%
```

In version 1.0l the label string has been turned around so that the number comes first. This was done to allow easy explicit expansion of the number before it is passed to the `\label` command. In the babel system the argument of `label` was not expanded with the result that wrong label strings have been generated. This is a general problem that might need a completely different solution in babel but for now the change below (and in some other places in the code) should solve the problem for this special combination of packages.

These days we actually use `\vref@label` instead of `\label` as this avoids problems with Babel or `amsmath` redefining the latter command.

```
671  \vref@label{\the\c@vrcnt \cavr}%
```

Since we have removed any leading space above we now insert a space here after the label. It is done here so that it is still visible from following code—the space before the label would be hidden. What kind of space depends on the options to the package. If `space` was specified, we insert our own space, namely `\vref@maybe@space`. This will typeset a space unless the star form of the current command was used.

```
672  \if@vrefhandlespace
673    \vref@maybe@space
674  \else
```

But if `nospace` is in force we simply use the same space value that was used in the source document (unless that was zero or non-existent).

```
675  \ifdim\@tempskipa=\z@\else
676    \hskip\@tempskipa
677  \fi
678  \fi
```

Inside displays of the `amsmath` package the `\label` command is redefined which makes the test for loops incorrect if a `\vref` is used in, say, `\intertext`. So we test this condition first and only do the test if `\label` doesn't have a special meaning. [This is no longer necessary as `\label` isn't used any more]

```
679 % \ifx\label\label@in@display\else
680   \ifx\@tempa\@tempb
681     \let\vref@may@loop\relax
682   \else
```

If both points do not fall onto the same page with either issue an error or a warning message. However, we do no longer issue that warning now but wait until we are sure that both labels aren't "far away" because in that case it doesn't matter. So we just save that info in a macro now.

```

683     \edef\vref@may@loop{%
684         \noexpand\vref@err{\noexpand\vref or \noexpand\vpageref
685             at page boundary
686             \c@tempb-\c@tempa\space (may loop)%
687         }%
688     }%
689     \fi
690 % \fi

```

Same game for the user requested label; this time the page reference is saved in `\thevpagerefnum`.

```
691 \vrefpagenum\thevpagerefnum{#3}%
```

Now after the internal label has served its purpose if would be nice to free the memory it occupies by using something like

```
\global\expandafter\let
\csname r@\the\c@vrcnt \vr\endcsname\empty
```

But this is not possible because it would result in getting 'Labels may have changed...' warnings for every run. Now we are ready to produce the textual strings.

```
692 \ifx\c@tempa\thevpagerefnum
```

If they are the same we insert the first argument into the input stream. Otherwise we insert the second argument. Recall that those are the two optional arguments of However, if the user explicitly requested an empty text string using the optional argument we cancel any preceding space since in this case we are otherwise likely to end up with spaces one before and one after `\vpageref`.

```

693     \def\c@tempc{#1}%
694     \ifx\c@tempc\empty
695         \unskip
696     \else
697         #1%
698     \fi
699 \else

```

If #2 is empty we do nothing otherwise we insert it followed by a space.

```

700     \def\c@tempc{#2}%
701     \ifx\c@tempc\empty \else
702         #2\vref@space
703     \fi

```

Now we check if the page number of the referenced object (stored in `\thevpagerefnum`) is a single positive number.

```

704     \is@pos@number\thevpagerefnum
705     {%

```

If so, we check if the current position (stored in `\c@tempa`) is a positive number. If this is the case we assign this number to the counter register `\c@tempcnta` and add one to it.

```
706     \is@pos@number\c@tempa
```

```

707      {\@tempcnta\@tempa
708          \advance\@tempcnta\@ne
709      }%

```

If it is not a positive number we assign the largest possible number to `\@tempcnta` and thereby pretending that label and reference are miles away from each other.

```
710      {\@tempcnta\maxdimen}%

```

Now we are ready to check if reference and object are on nearby pages. `\thevpagerefnum` will expand to the page number of the object (and we know that this is a number) and `\@tempcnta` is either one higher than the reference page or completely out of bounds. So if both represent the same value then the object lies one page after its reference.

```
711      \ifnum \thevpagerefnum =\@tempcnta
```

Thus if the object falls onto an odd page then the reference is on the facing even page (and so we insert `\reftextfaceafter`), otherwise the object can not be seen from the reference (and we in insert `\reftextaftter`). Don't be surprised if we are not using `\thevpagerefnum` in the check. Since `\@tempcnta` has the same value it is faster to use the register instead of parsing the macro contents anew.

```
712      \ifodd\@tempcnta
```

In fact we are going to use `\reftextfaceafter` only if we are doing two-sided printing, otherwise `\reftextaftter` is always used. Since the value of `\if@twoside` is evaluated before reading in packages we could do better (saving some tokens) by defining the current macro in dependence of this boolean.

```

713      \if@twoside
714          \reftextfaceafter
715      \else
716          \reftextaftter
717      \fi
718      \else
719          \reftextaftter
720      \fi

```

If the object is not on the page following the reference we check if it is on the page before the reference. In L^AT_EX this situation is not too common, for example with floats it normally does not occur, but of course it isn't impossible if you more than one reference to the same object, or if you have back references to sections, theorems, etc. To test this we now subtract two from the current value of `\@tempcnta` (which was set to one higher as the reference page number). Note, that subtraction is also possible if the value was `\maxdimen` — we still get something that is much larger than any sensible page number.

```

721      \else
722          \advance\@tempcnta-2

```

If now `\thevpagerefnum` and `\@tempcnta` have the same value then the object lies one page before the reference.

```
723      \ifnum \thevpagerefnum =\@tempcnta
```

Again we have to check for odd or even pages to distinguish between the facing and the non-facing situation.

```

724      \ifodd\@tempcnta
725          \reftextbefore
726      \else

```

Again the `\reftextfacebefore` only if `@twoside` evaluates to true.

```
727          \if@twoside
728              \reftextfacebefore
729          \else
730              \reftextbefore
731          \fi
732      \fi
```

If the above test also returns false then we have object and references on pages which are far away or don't contain simple page numbers. Therefore we generate the `\reftextfaraway` string and drop any possible "looping warning" in `\vref@may@loop`. Recall that this is a macro which has the user label as an argument.

```
733          \else
734              \let\vref@may@loop\relax % added
735              \reftextfaraway{#3}%
736          \fi
737      \fi
738  }%
```

We do the same if our first test (that the page with the object has a positive page number) turns out to be false.

```
739      {%
740          \let\vref@may@loop\relax %added
741          \reftextfaraway{#3}}%
742  \fi
```

Finally we generate the internal label so that it can be checked on the next run. This means that we compare the position after the string with the position of the referenced object. There is one thing to note: to conserve space we locally make `\@currentlabel` empty since we are only interested in the page number value of this internal label.

These days we actually use `\vref@label` instead of `\label` as this avoids problems with Babel or `amsmath` redefining the latter command.

```
743  \vref@label{\the\c@vrcnt @vr}%,
```

Finally we run `\vref@may@loop` which is either `\relax` or generates a "may loop" warning or error as appropriate.

```
744  \vref@may@loop
745 }
```

`\vp@gerefstar` The default code for the star form is identical to the previous macro `\vp@geref`. It only produces a different result because before calling it we set `\vref@maybe@space` to do nothing.

The `hyperref` package can then change the meaning of this command to suppress a hyperlink.

It is also a good way to check if we are running with a new `varioref` by testing

```
\ifdefined\vp@gerefstar
    ... code for new varioref
\else
    ... code for old varioref
\fi
```

```
746 \let\vp@gerefstar\vp@geref
```

<code>\vref@label</code>	This macro is like <code>\label</code> in the kernel but without passing on <code>\@currentlabel</code> , ie useful if all we are interested in is the page number. It also has the effect that it is unaffected by <code>amsmath</code> or <code>Babel</code> redefining the <code>\label</code> command.
	<pre>747 \def\vref@label#1{\@bsphack 748 \protected@write\@auxout{% 749 {\string\newlabel{#1}{}{\thepage}}% 750 }\@esphack}</pre>
<code>\vpagerefnum</code>	This macro allows to define <code>\reftextafter</code> and friends to refer to the page number rather than producing a textual reference.
	<pre>751 \let\thevpagerefnum\empty</pre>
<code>\vrefwarning</code> <code>\vrefshowerrors</code> <code>\vref@err</code>	When the <code>\vref</code> command detects a possible crossing over a page boundary it will call <code>\vref@err</code> to generate an error message. During document preparation one can turn such errors into warnings by issuing a <code>\vrefwarning</code> declaration.
	<pre>752 \def\vrefwarning{\def\vref@err{\PackageWarning{varioref}}} 753 \def\vrefshowerrors{\def\vref@err##1{\PackageError{varioref}{##1}% 754 {Please check the pages in question. You might need to replace 755 the \string\vref\MessageBreak 756 or \noexpand\vpageref by a normal \noexpand\ref to 757 stop LaTeX running forever.}}}</pre>
<code>\vref</code>	We start by scanning for a star form and then continue in a different macro depending on the result.
	<pre>758 \DeclareRobustCommand\vref{\@ifstar 759 {\vref@star}{\vr@f}}</pre>
<code>\vref@star</code>	The star form is easy (and just a convenient shortcut), just call <code>\ref</code> followed by <code>\vpageref</code> and pass the optional argument to the latter. We don't support the second optional argument of <code>\vpageref</code> , if that is needed one has to call both commands explicitly
	<pre>760 \newcommand\vref@star[2][]{% 761 \ref{#2}% 762 \vpageref[#1]{#2}}</pre>
<code>\vr@f</code>	The normal case is a little bit more elaborated ...
	<pre>763 \def\vr@f{% 764 \leavevmode</pre>
	If option <code>space</code> is used then we remove a preceding space and add our own unbreakable space instead. Otherwise we don't do any space-handling.
	<pre>765 \if@vrefhandlespace 766 \unskip\nobreakspace 767 \fi</pre>
	The use of <code>\nobreakspace</code> or <code>\~</code> after the <code>\unskip</code> means that this command will always produce a normal space while something like <code>\nobreak\space</code> will react to settings of <code>\nonfrenchspacing</code> . Unfortunately the latter will also act in cases where one really wants a normal space, e.g., in <code>\vref{...}</code> , resulting in a large extra space after the dot. For this reason the first solution is used.
	After having handled (or not handled) the spacing we call <code>\vref@star</code> to scan the optional arguments and do the rest. If that command has been altered by

`\hyperref` then the current one needs altering too and does the argument scanning explicitly.

```
768 \vref@star % in hyperref this needs to be explicit
769 }
```

- \is@pos@number** The utility macro `\is@pos@number` takes three arguments: a string that is tested for being a valid non-negative integer and the actions to be taken in case the test comes out true or false.

We start by passing the string to the macro `\is@pos@num` after prefixing it with a 0 and adding a space after it. To have a well-defined ending point we also add `\@nil` at the end.

```
770 \def\is@pos@number#1{\is@pos@num0#1\space\@nil}
```

Now we parse the enlarged string into a counter register. To get control back after everything that is regarded by TeX as a number is put into that register we assign `\is@pos@num@` to the `\afterassignment` token. Since the string started with 0, we can be sure that the register assignment will be carried out without an error message. In case of counter assignments leading zeros are discarded.

```
771 \def\is@pos@num{\afterassignment\is@pos@num@ \count@}
```

Now we have to check whether or not the whole string was parsed into that register or some remainder was left over. Since we have added a `\@nil` token at the very end we can use that to delimit the argument of `\is@pos@num@`. Note, that the added space in `\is@pos@number` above gets parsed away by the counter assignment. If it would be missing, and the full string would consist of a number, TeX would try to replace `\@nil` by its definition to see if it would contain additional digits and thus we would be in trouble at this point.

```
772 \def\is@pos@num@#1\@nil{%
```

Now we have to check if the argument is empty. We can do this with an `\ifx` (i.e., in an expandable way) since we know for sure that it can not start with `\@nil`.

```
773 \ifx\@nil#1\@nil
```

Depending on the result we execute the second or third argument of the command `\is@pos@number` using a technique that removes the `\else` or `\fi` from the input stream first, so that in principle input stream parsing could be done from within the arguments.

```
774 \expandafter\firstoftwo \else
775 \expandafter\secondoftwo \fi}
```

- \reftextvario** This macro gives a little bit of random variation in the text because the outcome depends on the number of `\vref` commands seen before.

```
776 \def\reftextvario#1#2{\ifodd\c@vrcnt #1\else#2\fi}
```

- \fullref** And here is the primitive command that always produces a `\ref` and a `\pageref`.

```
777 \def\fullref#1{\ref{#1} \reftextfaraway{#1}}
```

9.2.1 Supporting ranges

- \vref@pagenum** This command takes a label as #1 extracts the page number associated with it and saves the result in a csname which is passed as #1. If the label isn't associated with a page number it essentially associates it with ?? for both the label number

and the page, thus defining the label this way. This means that no label warning is generated for this label in case it is undefined.

```
778 \def\vref@pagenum#1#2{%
779   \@ifundefined{r@#2}{\@namedef{r@#2}{{?}{?}{?}}}{}}
```

Extracting and saving the page number turned out to be a source of subtle bugs. Initially it was done through an `\edef` with a bunch of `\expandafter` commands inside. This posed a problem if the page number itself contained code which needed protection (e.g., pr/4080) so this got changed to use `\protected@edef`. However, that in turn failed with Babel (pr/4093) if the label contained active characters, e.g., a “:” in French. So now we use even more `\expandafter` commands to avoid any expansion other than what is absolutely required—I’m sure there is now a simpler way to code this, but ... in fact we didn’t use enough initially resulting in another bug (pr/4159):

```
780   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\vref@pagenum
781   \csname r@#2\endcsname{}{}\@nil#1%
782 }
783 \def\vref@@pagenum#1#2#3\@nil#4{%
784   \def#4{#2}%
785 }
```

`\vref@pagenum` Same as the above but this time we generate a warning for undefined labels.

```
786 \def\vref@pagenum#1#2{%
787   \@ifundefined{r@#2}%
788   {\G@refundefinedtrue
789     \@latex@warning{Reference '#2' on page \thepage \space
790       undefined}}{}%
791 \vref@pagenum{#1}{#2}}
```

`\vpageref@range` If both labels refer to the same page then we produce a `\vpageref`. Otherwise we produce the result of `\ref{textpage@range}`.

`\@svpageref@range` One could think of making this command even more clever by producing a special string if the difference between the two page number is one (but this is not done).

We need two versions to implement a star form:

```
792 \newcommand{\svpageref@range}[3][\ref{textcurrent}]{%
793   \vref@pagenum\@tempa{#2}%
794   \vref@pagenum\@tempb{#3}%
795   \ifx\@tempa\@tempb
796     \vpageref*[{#1}]{#2}%
797   \else
798     \ref{textpage@range}{#2}{#3}%
799   \fi
800 }
```

And the same but using `\vpageref`:

```
801 \newcommand{\vpageref@range}[3][\ref{textcurrent}]{%
802   \vref@pagenum\@tempa{#2}%
803   \vref@pagenum\@tempb{#3}%
804   \ifx\@tempa\@tempb
805     \vpageref[{#1}]{#2}%
806   \else
807     \ref{textpage@range}{#2}{#3}%
808   \fi
809 }
```

```

808   \fi
809 }

And here we put things together.

810 \newcommand\vpagerefrange{\@ifstar\svpagerefrange\vpagerefrange}

\vpagerefrange Argument two and three are implicitly picked up.

811 \newcommand\vpagerefrange[1][\ref{textcurrent}]{\vpagerefrangeformat{#1}}


format,\vpagerefdefaultformat Japanese needs a different word order in \vpagerefrange so this is separated out or that it can be changed on language level.

812 \def\vpagerefdefaultformat#1#2#3{%
813   \ref{textlabelrange}{#2}{#3} \vpagerefrange[{#1}]{#2}{#3}}


Most languages need the above definition.

814 \let\vpagerefformat\vpagerefdefaultformat


\VRref \VRref is the counterpart to \vref with \ref replaced by \Ref in its definition.

815 \DeclareRobustCommand\VRref{\@ifstar
816   {\VRref@star}%
817   {\VRref@f}}


\VRref@star

818 \newcommand\VRref@star[2][]{%
819   \Ref{#2}
820   \vpageref[#1]{#2}}


\VRref@f

821 \def\VRref@f{%
822   \if@vrefhandlespace
823     \unskip \vref@space
824   \fi
825   \VRref@star % in hyperref this needs to be explicit
826 }


\vpagerefcompare

827 \DeclareRobustCommand\vpagerefcompare[2]{% label1, label2, TRUE, FALSE
828   \vrefpagenum\@tempa{#1}%
829   \vrefpagenum\@tempb{#2}%
830   \ifx\@tempa\@tempb
831     \expandafter\@firstoftwo
832   \else
833     \expandafter\@secondoftwo
834   \fi
835 }


\vpagerefnearby Test if \vpageref is going to be at most  $\pm 1$  off from current page.

836 \DeclareRobustCommand\vpagerefnearby[1]{% label, TRUE, FALSE
837   \leavevmode
838   \global\advance\c@vrcnt\tw@ % keep oddness to not disturb \vrefvario
839   \vref@label{\the\c@vrcnt \vnr}%
840   \ifdim\@tempskipa=\z@ \else
841     \hskip\@tempskipa
842   \fi
843 }

```

```

843 \fi
844 \vref@pagenum\@tempa{\the\c@vrcnt \ovn}%
845 \is@pos@number\@tempa
846 {%
847     \vref@pagenum\@tempb{#1}%
848     \is@pos@number\@tempb
849     {%
850         \ifcase\numexpr \@tempa -\@tempb+1\relax
851             \or \or \else \expandafter \@thirdofthree \fi
852             \@firstoftwo
853     }%
854     {\@secondoftwo}%
855 }%
856 {\@secondoftwo}%
857 }

```

\vpagerefcomparenearby True if the two pages have arabic page numbers are at most off by one so that \vpageref would produce a special string.

This is in some sense a general version of \vpagerefnearby for use in more complex situations. I.e., if you try to determine if a larger set of references would be close to the current page and you use each time \vpagerefnearby then you generate a lot of internal labels for the current point. Thus by setting the label yourself you can save processing time and space. On the other hand you have to be careful to place the label into the right place which can be a bit complicated if you look at the definition of \vpagerefnearby that does all this automatically for you. This is why the current macro is not discussed in the user interface section as it is really just for package developers.

```

858 \DeclareRobustCommand\vpagerefcomparenearby[2]{%  label1, label2, TRUE, FALSE
859   \vref@pagenum\@tempa{#1}%
860   \is@pos@number\@tempa
861   {%
862     \vref@pagenum\@tempb{#2}%
863     \is@pos@number\@tempb
864     {%
865         \ifcase\numexpr \@tempa -\@tempb+1\relax
866             \or \or \else \expandafter \@thirdofthree \fi
867             \@firstoftwo
868     }%
869     {\@secondoftwo}%
870   }%
871   {\@secondoftwo}%
872 }

```

9.2.2 Compatibility with older L^AT_EX formats

\labelformat \Ref \refstepcounter We don't need to define \labelformat and \Ref or change the definition of \refstepcounter any longer because this is now done in the L^AT_EX kernel. However, if this package is used together with an older kernel, this is not true, so for this special case we keep the definitions.

```

873 \ifx\labelformat\undefined % assume we are in an older kernel
874   \def\labelformat{\expandafter\def\csname p@\#1\endcsname##1}
875   \DeclareRobustCommand\Ref[1]{\protected@edef\@tempa{\ref{#1}}%
876     \expandafter\MakeUppercase\@tempa}

```

```

877 \def\refstepcounter#1{\stepcounter{#1}%
878     \protected@edef\@currentlabel
879         {\csname p@\#1\expandafter\endcsname\csname the\#1\endcsname}}
880 \fi
881 </package>

```

Change History

v0.1e			v1.0k	
	\vr@cnt: use LaTeX counter . . .	23	\reftextcurrent: Corrected misspelled cmd ‘extrasspanish’	21
v0.1f	\@vpageref: Add another label to catch cross-overs	25	v1.0l	\@vpageref: Explicitly expand ‘label’ argument for babel
v0.1g	\vref@err: Macro added	29		Explicitly expand ‘label’ argument for babel
	\vrefwarning: Macro added	29	\reftextcurrent: Added dutch defaults	14
v0.1h	General: Small documentation changes	8	v1.0m	\reftextcurrent: Added finnish strings
v1.0a	General: Upgrade to LaTeX2e	1	v1.0n	\reftextcurrent: Added Danish defaults
v1.0b	\reftextcurrent: Replace in incorrect ‘def by ‘let’	16	v1.0o	\reftextcurrent: Added defaults for breton
	\vref@addto: Avoid using babel ‘addto’	8	v1.0p	\reftextcurrent: Added swedish strings
	The babel commands are starting with extras	8	v1.0q	\reftextcurrent: Added defaults for norsk
v1.0f	\reftextcurrent: Inserted missing hash mark	21		Added defaults for nynorsk
v1.0g	\@vpageref: Looping pages shown in wrong order	25	\vref@excuse: Use ‘PackageWarning’	9
	\reftextcurrent: Brazil defaults added	11	v1.1b	\reftextcurrent: Added defaults for Italian
	\vref@err: Macro added	29	v1.1c	\reftextcurrent: Added defaults for catalan
	General: Use \DeclareRobustCommand	1	v1.1d	\reftextcurrent: Added defaults for polish
v1.0h	\@vpageref: Change internal interface	24	v1.1e	\vr@f: Don’t use \nobreakspace (pr/1866)
	\vpageref: Pass first argument in both cases	24	v1.1f	\reftextcurrent: Added galician defaults
v1.0i	\@vpageref: Do it correctly	24		15
v1.0j	\reftextcurrent: Added french defaults	15		

v1.1g	\@vpageref: Test if inside AMS display (pr2175)	25	v1.2b	\reftextcurrent: Added portuguese defaults	20
v1.1h	\vrefshowerrors: Macro added	29	v1.2c	\reftextcurrent: Added more portuguese defaults	20
	General: Added draft and final options	23	v1.2d	\reftextcurrent: Added austrian defaults (identical to german)	10
v1.2a	\@svpagerefrange: Macro added	31		Added ngerman defaults (identical to german)	16
	\reftextcurrent: Added american defaults for \reftextpagerange and \reftextlabelrange	9	v1.2e	\reftextcurrent: Added czech defaults	13
	Added austrian defaults (identical to german)	10	v1.2f	\@vpageref: Don't output space if optional argument empty (pr/3230)	26
	Added defaults for \reftextpagerange and \reftextlabelrange	20	v1.2g	\reftextcurrent: Updated defaults for catalan	13
	Added defaults for greek	17	v1.2h	\reftextcurrent: Updates to Danish defaults	13
	Added defaults for magyar	18	v1.2i	\reftextcurrent: Updated nynorsk defaults	19
	Added dutch defaults for \reftextpagerange and \reftextlabelrange	14	v1.3a	\vpageref: Scan for star form	24
	Added english defaults for \reftextpagerange and \reftextlabelrange	14		\vref: Scan for star form	29
	Added french defaults for \reftextpagerange and \reftextlabelrange	15	v1.3b	\@svpagerefrange: Scan for star form	31
	Added norsk defaults for \reftextpagerange and \reftextlabelrange	19	v1.3c	\vr@f: Correct typo in name	29
	Added nynorsk defaults for \reftextpagerange and \reftextlabelrange	19	v1.4a	\Vr@f: Macro added	32
	Added polish defaults for \reftextpagerange and \reftextlabelrange	19		\Vref: Macro added	32
	Added russian strings	20	\reftextcurrent: Contributed defaults added	21	
	Added swedish defaults for \reftextpagerange and \reftextlabelrange	22	Missing defaults added	21	
	Removed incorrect warning	17	\vref@maybe@space: Default added	24	
	Updated defaults for norsk	19	v1.4b	\reftextcurrent: Contributed defaults added	21
	Updated defaults for nynorsk	19	v1.4c	\@vpageref: Use \thevpagerefnum instead of \tempb	25
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\vrefpagenum: Macro added	31				
\vrefrange: Macro added	31				

v1.4d	\reftextcurrent: Changed default for \reftextbefore 9, 14 Changed default for \reftextlabelrange 14		v1.4q	\reftextcurrent: Added defaults for bulgarian 12
v1.4e	@@vpageref: Use \vref@label instead of \label (pr/3489) 25, 28 \vref@label: Macro added (pr/3489) 28		v1.4r	\reftextcurrent: Misspelling of \extrasbrazil 11 Misspelling of \extrasportuges 20
v1.4g	\reftextcurrent: Added afrikaans option 9		v1.4s	\@svpagerefrange: Prevent loss of brackets 31
v1.4i	\reftextcurrent: Moved \AtBeginDocument 19		v1.4t	\reftextcurrent: Prevent loss of brackets 31
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v1.4k	\reftextcurrent: Added missing defaults supplied by Lapo Mori 17 Basque defaults added. 11		v1.4v	\reftextcurrent: Incorrect text in \reftextafter (pr/4070) 20
v1.4l	\reftextcurrent: Contributed defaults added 22		v1.4w	\vref@pagenum: Use \protected@edef to avoid problems in complicated setups, e.g., microtype (pr/4080) 30
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v1.4o	\reftextcurrent: Added a few more brazil strings 11 Added a few more finnish strings 15 Added further galician defaults 15 Bahasa Malaysia defaults added. 11 Single hyphen in range 21 Some further corrections ... 15		v1.4y	\vref@pagenum: Avoid even \protected@edef to pacify french babel (pr/4093) 30
v1.4p	\reftextcurrent: Added defaults for croatian 13		v1.4z	\vref@pagenum: Previous fix need one more expansion (pr/4159,pr/4171) 30
			v1.5a	\reftextcurrent: Correct text in \reftextbefore 20
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			v1.5c	\@vpageref: 28 Delay generating the looping warning until we know more 25

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\Vref: Adjusted for new spacing regime	32
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\vpagerefcompare: Macro added	32
\vpagerefcomparenearby: Macro added	33
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\vref: Adjusted for new spacing regime	29
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