The **ltshipout** package*

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Contents

\mathbf{Int}	roduction
1.1	Overloading the \shipout primitive
1.2	Provided hooks
1.3	Legacy LATEX commands
1.4	Special commands for use inside the hooks
1.5	Information counters
1.6	Debugging shipout code
En	ulating commands from other packages
2.1	Emulating atbegshi
2.2	
2.2	Emulating everyshi
$\frac{2.2}{2.3}$	Emulating everyshi Emulating atenddvi

Index

8

1 Introduction

The code provides an interface to the \shipout primitive of T_EX which is called when a finished pages is finally "shipped out" to the target output file, e.g., the .dvi or .pdf file. A good portion of the code is based on ideas by Heiko Oberdiek implemented in his packages atbegshi and atenddvi even though the interfaces are somewhat different.¹

^{*}This package has version v1.0d dated 2020/12/06, © $\ensuremath{\mathbb{M}}\xspace{\ensuremath{\mathbb{T}}\xspace{\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}\xspace{\ensuremath{\mathbb{N}}}\xspace{\ensuremath{\mathbb{N}}\xspace{\ensuremath{\mathbb{N}}\xspace{\ensuremath{\mathbb{N}}\xspace{\ensuremath{\mathbb{N}}\xspace{\ensuremath{\mathbb{N}}\xspace{\ensuremath{\mathbb{N}}\xspace{\ensuremath{\mathbb{N}}\xspace{\ensuremath{\mathbb{N}}\xspace{\ensuremath{\mathbb{N}}\xspace{\ensuremath{\mathbb{N}}\xspace{\ensuremath{\mathbb{N}}\xspace{\ensuremath{\mathbb{N}}\xspace{\ensuremath{\mathbb{N}}\xspace{\ensuremath{\mathbb{N}}}\xspace{\ensuremath{\mathbb{N$

¹Heiko's interfaces are emulated by the kernel code, if a document requests his packages, so older documents will continue to work.

1.1 Overloading the \shipout primitive

It then stores it in a named box register. This box can then be manipulated through a set of hooks after which it is shipped out for real.

\ShipoutBox This box register is called \ShipoutBox (alternatively available via the L3 name \l_-\l_shipout_box shipout_box).

\l_shipout_box_ht_dim \l_shipout_box_dp_dim \l_shipout_box_wd_dim

\l_shipout_box_ht_plus_dp_dim

The shipout box dimensions are available in the L3 registers $l_shipout_box_ht_dim$, etc. (there are no $IAT_EX 2_{\varepsilon}$ names).² These variables can be used inside the hook code for shipout/before, shipout/foreground and shipout/background if needed.

 $^{^{2}}$ Might need changing, but HO's version as strings is not really helpful I think).

1.2 Provided hooks

shipout/before
shipout/foreground
shipout/background
shipout/firstpage
shipout/lastpage

The code offers a number of hooks into which packages (or the user) can add code to support different use cases. These are:

- shipout/before This hook is executed after the finished page has been stored in
 \ShipoutBox / \l_shipout_box). It can be used to alter that box content or
 to discard it completely (see \DiscardShipoutBox below).
- shipout/background This hook adds a picture environment into the background of the
 page with the (0,0) coordinate in the top-left corner using a \unitlength of 1pt.

It should therefore only receive **\put** commands or other commands suitable in a **picture** environment and the vertical coordinate values would normally be negative.

Technically this is implemented by adding a zero-sized **\hbox** as the very first item into the **\ShipoutBox** containing that **picture** environment. Thus the rest of the box content will overprint what ever is typeset by that hook.

shipout/foreground This hook adds a picture environment into the foreground of the
 page with the (0,0) coordinate in the top-left corner using a \unitlength of 1pt.

Technically this is implemented by adding a zero-sized \hbox as the very last item into the \ShipoutBox and raising it up so that it still has its (0,0) point in the top-left corner. But being placed after the main box content it will be typeset later and thus overprints it (i.e., is in the foreground).

- shipout/firstpage The material from this hook is executed only once at the very beginning of the first output page that is shipped out (i.e., not discarded at the last minute). It should only contain \special or similar commands needed to direct post processors handling the .dvi or .pdf output.³
- shipout/lastpage The corresponding hook to add \specials at the very end of the
 output file. It is only executed on the very last page of the output file or rather
 on the page that LATEX believes is the last one.

It may not be possible for $\[MT_EX$ to correctly determine which page is the last one without several reruns. If this happens and the hook is non-empty then $\[MT_EX]$ will add an extra page to place the material and also request a rerun to get the correct placement sorted out.

As mentioned above the hook shipout/before is executed first and can manipulate the prepared shipout box stored in \ShipoutBox or set things up for use in \write during the actual shipout. The other hooks are added inside hboxes to the box being shipped out in the following order:

 $^{^3}In\ {\rm IATEX}\, 2\varepsilon$ that was already existing, but implemented using a box register with the name <code>\Obegindvibox.</code>

shipout/firstpage	only on the first page			
shipout/background				
$\langle boxed \ content \ of \ ShipoutBox \rangle$				
shipout/foreground				
shipout/lastpage	only on the last page			

If any of the hooks has no code then that particular no box is added at that point.

In a document that doesn't produce pages, e.g., only makes \typeouts, none of the hooks are executed (as there is no \shipout) not even the shipout/lastpage hook.

1.3 Legacy Large to Large

\AtBeginDvi \AtEndDvi

 $\label{eq:label} $$ AtBeginDvi is the existing LATEX 2_{ε} interface to fill the shipout/firstpage hook. This is not really a good name as it is not just supporting .dvi but also .pdf output or .xdv. $$ AtEndDvi is the counterpart that was not available in the kernel but only through through $$ AtendDvi is the counterpart that was not available in the kernel but only through $$ AtendDvi is the counterpart that was not available in the kernel but only through $$ AtendDvi is the counterpart that was not available in the kernel but only through $$ AtendDvi is the counterpart that was not available in the kernel but only through $$ AtendDvi is the counterpart that was not available in the kernel but only through $$ AtendDvi is the counterpart that was not available in the kernel but only through $$ AtendDvi is the counterpart that was not available in the kernel but only through $$ AtendDvi is the counterpart that was not available in the kernel but only through $$ AtendDvi is the counterpart that was not available in the kernel but only through $$ AtendDvi is the counterpart that was not available in the kernel but only through $$ AtendDvi is the counterpart that was not available in the kernel but only through $$ AtendDvi is the counterpart that was not available in the kernel but only through $$ AtendDvi is the counterpart that was not available in the kernel but only through $$ AtendDvi is the counterpart that was not available in the kernel but only through $$ AtendDvi is the counterpart that was not available to the kernel but only through $$ AtendDvi is the counterpart that was not available to the kernel but only through $$ AtendDvi is the counterpart that was not available to the kernel but only through $$ AtendDvi is the counterpart that was not available to the kernel but only through $$ AtendDvi is the counterpart that was not available to the kernel but only through $$ AtendDvi is the counterpart that was not available to the kernel but on the kernel but on the kernel but on the kernel bu$

the package atenddvi. It fills the shipout/lastpage hook. As these two wrappers have been available for a long time we continue offering them. However, for new code we suggest using the high-level hook management commands directly instead of "randomly-named" wrappers. This will lead to code that is easier to understand and to maintain. For this reason we do not provide any other wrapper commands for the above hooks in the kernel.

1.4 Special commands for use inside the hooks

\DiscardShipoutBox \shipout_discard_box: \AddToHookNext {shipout/before} {...\DiscardShipoutBox...}

The \DiscardShipoutBox declaration (L3 name \shipout_discard_box:) requests that on the next shipout the page box is thrown away instead of being shipped to the .dvi or .pdf file.

Typical applications wouldn't do this unconditionally, but have some processing logic that decides to use or not to use the page.

Note that if this declaration is used directly in the document it may depend on the placement to which page it applies, given that IAT_EX output routine is called in an asynchronous manner!

Todo: Once we have a new mark mechanism available we can improve on that and make sure that the declaration applies to the page that contains it.

In the atbegshi package there are a number of additional commands for use inside the shipout/before hook. They should normally not be needed any more as one can instead simply add code to the hooks shipout/before, shipout/background or shipout/foreground.⁴ If atbegshi gets loaded then those commands become available as public functions with their original names as given below.

⁴If that assumption turns out to be wrong it would be trivial to change them to public functions (right now they are private).

1.5 Information counters

\ReadonlyShipoutCounter \g_shipout_readonly_int

totalpages

\g_shipout_totalpages_int

\ifnum\ReadOnlyShipoutCounter=... \int_use:N \g_shipout_readonly_int % expl3 usage

This integer holds the number of pages shipped out up to now (including the one to be shipped out when inside the output routine). More precisely, it is incremented only after it is clear that a page will be shipped out, i.e., after the shipout/before hook (because that might discard the page)!

Just like with the **page** counter its value is only accurate within the output routine. In the body of the document it may be off by one as the output routine is called asynchronously!

Also important: it *must not* be set, only read. There are no provisions to prevent that but if you do, chaos will be the result. To emphasize this fact it is not provided as a $I^{AT}E^{X}$ counter but as a $T_{E}X$ counter (i.e., a command), so $Alph{\langle}ReadonlyShipoutCounter\rangle$ etc, would not work.

\arabic{totalpages}

\int_use:N \g_shipout_totalpage_int % expl3 usage

In contrast to ReadonlyShipoutCounter, the totalpages counter is a IAT_EX counter and incremented for each shipout attempt including those pages that are discarded for one or the other reason. Again shipout/before sees the counter before it is incremented).

Furthermore, while it is incremented for each page, its value is never used by IATEX. It can therefore be freely reset or changed by user code, for example, to additionally count a number of pages that are not build by IATEX but are added in a later part of the process, e.g., cover pages or picture pages made externally.

Important: as this is a page-related counter its value is only reliable inside the output routine!

\PreviousTotalPages

\thetotalpages/\PreviousTotalPages

Command that expands to the number of total pages from the previous run. If there was no previous run or if used in the preamble it expands to 0. Note that this is a command and not a counter, so in order to display the number in, say, Roman numerals you have to assign its value to a counter and then use \Roman on that counter.

1.6 Debugging shipout code

\DebugShipoutsOn

\DebugShipoutsOn
\DebugShipoutsOff
\shipout_debug_on:
\shipout_debug_off:

Turn the debugging of shipout code on or off. This displays changes made to the shipout data structures.

Todo: This needs some rationalizing and may not stay this way.

2 Emulating commands from other packages

The packages in this section are no longer necessary, but as they are used by other packages, they are emulated when they are explicitly loaded with \usepackage or \RequirePackage.

Please note that the emulation only happens if the package is explicitly requested, i.e., the commands documented below are not automatically available in the IATEX kernel! If you write a new package we suggest to use the appropriate kernel hooks directly instead of loading the emulation.

2.1Emulating atbegshi

\AtBeginShipoutUpperLeft \AddToHook {shipout/before} $\{\ldots, AtBeginShipoutUpperLeft\{\langle code \rangle\} \dots\}$ \AtBeginShipoutUpperLeftForeground

> This adds a picture environment into the background of the shipout box expecting $\langle code \rangle$ to contain picture commands. The same effect can be obtained by simply using kernel features as follows:

```
\Lambda ddToHook{shipout/background}{\langle code \rangle}
```

There is one technical difference: if \AtBeginShipoutUpperLeft is used several times each invocation is put into its own box inside the shipout box whereas all $\langle code \rangle$ going into shipout/background ends up all in the same box in the order it is added or sorted based on the rules for the hook chunks.

\AtBeginShipoutUpperLeftForeground is similar with the difference that the picture environment is placed in the foreground. To model it with the kernel functions use the hook shipout/foreground instead.

\AtBeginShipoutAddToBox	$\label{eq:linear} $$ AddToHook {shipout/before} {} AtBeginShipoutAddToBox{ code} }$					\rangle }}
\AtBeginShipoutAddToBoxForeground						
These work	like \AtBeginShipo	utUpperLeft	and \AtBegi	nShipoutUpp	erLeftFc	reground
with the di	fference that $\langle code \rangle$	is directly pl	aced into an	\hbox inside	e the ship	out box
and not sur	rounded by a pictu	ire environme	ent.			
m	1 , , 1	. /			•	1

To emulate them using shipout/background or shipout/foreground you may have to wrap (code) into a **put** statement but if the code is not doing any typesetting just adding it to the hook should be sufficient.

\AtBeginShipoutBox This is the name of the shipout box as **atbegshi** knows it.

\AtBeginShipoutInit By default atbegshi delayed its action until \begin{document}. This command was forcing it in an earlier place. With the new concept it does nothing.

\AtBeginShipout $\Lambda tBeginShipout{(code)} \equiv \Lambda ddToHook{shipout/before}{(code)}$ \AtBeginShipoutNext $AtBeginShipoutNext{code} \equiv AddToHookNext{shipout/before}{code}$ This is equivalent to filling the shipout/before hook by either using \AddToHook or \AddToHookNext, respectively.

```
\AtBeginShipoutFirst
                        The atbegshi names for \AtBeginDvi and \DiscardShipoutBox.
\AtBeginShipoutDiscard
```

2.2 Emulating everyshi

The everyshi package is providing commands to run arbitrary code just before the shipout starts. One point of difference: in the new shipout hooks the page is available as \ShipoutBox for inspection of change, one should not manipulate box 255 directly inside shipout/before, so old code doing this would change to use \ShipoutBox instead of 255 or \@cclv.

 $\label{eq:linear} $$ \eqref{code} $$ = \ddtoHook{shipout/before}{$code} $$$

 $\timestShipout \ \timestShipout \ \tim$

However, most use cases for everyshi are attempts to put some picture or text into the background or foreground of the page and that can be done today simply by using the shipout/background and shipout/foreground hooks without any need to coding.

2.3 Emulating atenddvi

The atenddvi package implemented only a single command: \AtEndDvi and that is now available out of the box so the emulation makes the package a no-op.

2.4 Emulating everypage

This package patched the original \@begindvi hook and replaced it with its own version. Its functionality is now covered by the hooks offered by the kernel so that there is no need for such patching any longer.

\AddEverypageHook

 $\Lambda ddEverypageHook{\langle code \rangle} \equiv$

 $\Lambda ddToHook{shipout/background}{\operatorname{ut(1in,-1in)}}$

AddEverypageHook is adding something into the background of every page at a position of 1 in to the right and 1 in down from the top left corner of the page. By using the kernel hook directly you can put your material directly to the right place, i.e., use other coordinates in the **\put** statement above.

\AddThispageHook \AddThispageHook{⟨code⟩} = \AddToHookNext{shipout/background}{\put(1in,-1in){⟨code⟩}}

The \AddThispageHook wrapper is similar but uses \AddToHookNext.

Index

The italic numbers denote the pages where the corresponding entry is described, numbers underlined point to the definition, all others indicate the places where it is used.

A	R				
\AddEverypageHook	\ReadOnlyShipoutCounter				
\AddThispageHook 6	\ReadonlyShipoutCounter 4, 4				
\AddToHook 5, 5, 6, 6	\RequirePackage				
\AddToHookNext 3, 5, 6, 6	\Roman 4				
\Alph 4	_				
\arabic 4	S				
\AtBeginDvi 3, 5	\shipout 1, 1, 3				
\AtBeginShipout	shipout commands:				
\AtBeginShipoutAddToBox	\l_shipout_box_dp_dim 1				
\AtBeginShipoutAddToBoxForeground 5	\l_shipout_box_ht_dim 1				
\AtBeginShipoutBox	\l_shipout_box_ht_plus_dp_dim 1				
\AtBeginShipoutDiscard 5	\l_shipout_box_wd_dim 1				
\AtBeginShipoutFirst 5	\shipout_debug_off:4				
\AtBeginShipoutInit	\shipout_debug_on:				
\AtBeginShipoutNext	\shipout_discard_box: 3				
\AtBeginShipoutUpperLeft 5, 5	\g_shipout_readonly_int 4				
\AtBeginShipoutUpperLeftForeground 5, 5	\g_shipout_totalpage_int 4				
\AtEndDvi	\g_shipout_totalpages_int 4				
\AtNextShipout 6	shipout/background				
-	shipout/before				
В	shipout/firstpage 2				
box commands:	<pre>shipout/foreground 2 shipout/lastpage 2</pre>				
\l_shipout_box 1, 2					
	\ShipoutBox 1, 2, 3, 6 \special 2				
D					
\DebugShipoutsOff 4	Т				
\DebugShipoutsOn 4	$T_{\rm FX}$ and ${\rm IAT_{\rm FX}} 2_{\varepsilon}$ commands:				
$DiscardShipoutBox \dots 2, 3, 5$	\@begindvi				
	\@begindvibox 2				
${f E}$	\@cclv 6				
\EveryShipout 6	\thetotalpages 4				
	totalpages				
H	\typeout				
\hbox 1, 2, 5					
_	\mathbf{U}				
I	\unitlength 2				
\ifnum 4	\usepackage 4				
int commands:					
$int_use:\mathbb{N}$ $\frac{4}{4}$	V				
P	\vbox 1				
	377				
\PreviousTotalPages	W				
\put 2, 5, 6, 6	\write 2				