

A Markdown Interpreter for \TeX

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1 Introduction

The Markdown package¹ converts markdown² markup to \TeX commands. The functionality is provided both as a Lua module and as plain \TeX , \LaTeX , and Con \TeX t macro packages that can be used to directly typeset \TeX documents containing markdown markup. Unlike other converters, the Markdown package does not require any external programs, and makes it easy to redefine how each and every markdown element is rendered. Creative abuse of the markdown syntax is encouraged. 😊

This document is a technical documentation for the Markdown package. It consists of three sections. This section introduces the package and outlines its prerequisites. Section 2 on page 6 describes the interfaces exposed by the package. Section 3 on page 58 describes the implementation of the package. The technical documentation

¹See <https://ctan.org/pkg/markdown>.

²See <https://daringfireball.net/projects/markdown/basics>.

contains only a limited number of tutorials and code examples. You can find more of these in the user manual.³

```
1 local metadata = {
2     version    = "$(VERSION)",
3     comment    = "A module for the conversion from markdown to plain TeX",
4     author     = "John MacFarlane, Hans Hagen, Vít Novotný",
5     copyright  = {"2009–2016 John MacFarlane, Hans Hagen",
6                   "2016–2021 Vít Novotný"},
7     license    = "LPPL 1.3c"
8 }
9
10 if not modules then modules = {} end
11 modules['markdown'] = metadata
```

1.1 Requirements

This section gives an overview of all resources required by the package.

1.1.1 Lua Requirements

The Lua part of the package requires that the following Lua modules are available from within the LuaTeX engine:

LPeg ≥ 0.10 A pattern-matching library for the writing of recursive descent parsers via the Parsing Expression Grammars (PEGs). It is used by the Lunamark library to parse the markdown input. LPeg ≥ 0.10 is included in LuaTeX ≥ 0.72.0 (TeXLive ≥ 2013).

```
12 local lpeg = require("lpeg")
```

Selene Unicode A library that provides support for the processing of wide strings. It is used by the Lunamark library to cast image, link, and footnote tags to the lower case. Selene Unicode is included in all releases of LuaTeX (TeXLive ≥ 2008).

```
13 local ran_ok, unicode = pcall(require, "unicode")
```

If the Selene Unicode library is unavailable and we are using Lua ≥ 5.3, we will use the built-in support for Unicode.

```
14 if not ran_ok then
15     unicode = {[["utf8"]]={char=utf8.char}}
16 end
```

³See <http://mirrors.ctan.org/macros/generic/markdown/markdown.html>.

MD5 A library that provides MD5 crypto functions. It is used by the Lunamark library to compute the digest of the input for caching purposes. MD5 is included in all releases of LuaTeX (TeXLive ≥ 2008).

```
17 local md5 = require("md5")
```

All the abovelisted modules are statically linked into the current version of the LuaTeX engine [1, Section 3.3]. Beside these, we also carry the following third-party Lua libraries:

api7/lua-tinyyaml A library that provides a regex-based recursive descent YAML (subset) parser that is used to read YAML metadata when the `jekyllData` option is enabled.

1.1.2 Plain TeX Requirements

The plain TeX part of the package requires that the plain TeX format (or its superset) is loaded, all the Lua prerequisites (see Section 1.1.1 on the preceding page), and the following Lua module:

Lua File System A library that provides access to the filesystem via os-specific syscalls. It is used by the plain TeX code to create the cache directory specified by the `\markdownOptionCacheDir` macro before interfacing with the Lunamark library. Lua File System is included in all releases of LuaTeX (TeXLive ≥ 2008).

The plain TeX code makes use of the `isdir` method that was added to the Lua File System library by the LuaTeX engine developers [1, Section 3.2].

The Lua File System module is statically linked into the LuaTeX engine [1, Section 3.3].

Unless you convert markdown documents to TeX manually using the Lua command-line interface (see Section 2.1.5 on page 19), the plain TeX part of the package will require that either the LuaTeX `\directlua` primitive or the shell access file stream 18 is available in your TeX engine. If only the shell access file stream is available in your TeX engine (as is the case with pdfTeX and XeTeX) or if you enforce the use of shell using the `\markdownMode` macro, then unless your TeX engine is globally configured to enable shell access, you will need to provide the `-shell-escape` parameter to your engine when typesetting a document.

1.1.3 L^AT_EX Requirements

The L^AT_EX part of the package requires that the L^AT_EX_{2ε} format is loaded,

```
18 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}%
```

a TeX engine that extends ε-T_EX, all the plain TeX prerequisites (see Section 1.1.2), and the following L^AT_EX_{2ε} packages:

keyval A package that enables the creation of parameter sets. This package is used to provide the `\markdownSetup` macro, the package options processing, as well as the parameters of the `markdown*` L^AT_EX environment.

19 `\RequirePackage{keyval}`

xstring A package that provides useful macros for manipulating strings of tokens.

20 `\RequirePackage{xstring}`

The following packages are soft prerequisites. They are only used to provide default token renderer prototypes (see sections [2.2.4 on page 37](#) and [3.3.4 on page 175](#)) or L^AT_EX themes (see Section [2.3.2.2 on page 42](#)) and will not be loaded if the `plain` package option has been enabled (see Section [2.3.2.1 on page 42](#)):

url A package that provides the `\url` macro for the typesetting of links.

graphicx A package that provides the `\includegraphics` macro for the typesetting of images.

paralist A package that provides the `compactitem`, `compactenum`, and `compactdesc` macros for the typesetting of tight bulleted lists, ordered lists, and definition lists.

ifthen A package that provides a concise syntax for the inspection of macro values. It is used to determine whether or not the paralist package should be loaded based on the user options, in the `witiko/dot` L^AT_EX theme (see Section [2.3.2.2 on page 42](#)), and to provide default token renderer prototypes.

fancyvrb A package that provides the `\VerbatimInput` macros for the verbatim inclusion of files containing code.

csvsimple A package that provides the `\csautotabular` macro for typesetting csv files in the default renderer prototypes for iA Writer content blocks.

gobble A package that provides the `\@gobblethree` T_EX command that is used in the default renderer prototype for citations. The package is included in T_EXLive \geqslant 2016.

amsmath and amssymb Packages that provide symbols used for drawing ticked and unticked boxes.

catchfile A package that catches the contents of a file and puts it in a macro. It is used in the `witiko/graphicx/http` L^AT_EX theme, see Section [2.3.2.2 on page 42](#).

grffile A package that extends the name processing of package graphics to support a larger range of file names in $2006 \leq \text{TeX Live} \leq 2019$. Since $\text{TeX Live} \geq 2020$, the functionality of the package has been integrated in the L^AT_EX 2_& kernel. It is used in the `witiko/dot` and `witiko/graphicx/http` L^AT_EX themes, see Section 2.3.2.2 on page 42.

etoolbox A package that is used to polyfill the general hook management system in the default renderer prototypes for YAML metadata, see Section 3.3.4.5.

expl3 A package that enables the expl3 language from the L^AT_EX3 kernel in $\text{TeX Live} \leq 2019$. It is used in the default renderer prototypes for YAML metadata, see Section 3.3.4.5.

1.1.4 ConTeXt Prerequisites

The ConTeXt part of the package requires that either the Mark II or the Mark IV format is loaded, all the plain TeX prerequisites (see Section 1.1.2 on page 3), and the following ConTeXt modules:

m-database A module that provides the default token renderer prototype for iA Writer content blocks with the csv filename extension (see Section 2.2.4 on page 37).

1.2 Feedback

Please use the Markdown project page on GitHub⁴ to report bugs and submit feature requests. If you do not want to report a bug or request a feature but are simply in need of assistance, you might want to consider posting your question to the TeX-LATeX Stack Exchange.⁵ community question answering web site under the `markdown` tag.

1.3 Acknowledgements

The Lunamark Lua module provides speedy markdown parsing for the package. I would like to thank John Macfarlane, the creator of Lunamark, for releasing Lunamark under a permissive license, which enabled its use in the Markdown package.

Extensive user documentation for the Markdown package was kindly written by Lian Tze Lim and published by Overleaf.

Funding by the the Faculty of Informatics at the Masaryk University in Brno [2] is gratefully acknowledged.

⁴See <https://github.com/witiko/markdown/issues>.

⁵See <https://tex.stackexchange.com>.

Support for content slicing (Lua options `shiftHeadings` and `slice`) and pipe tables (Lua options `pipeTables` and `tableCaptions`) was graciously sponsored by David Vins and Omedym.

The `\TeX` implementation of the package draws inspiration from several sources including the source code of `LATEX 2 ϵ` , the minted package by Geoffrey M. Poore, which likewise tackles the issue of interfacing with an external interpreter from `\TeX`, the `filecontents` package by Scott Pakin and others.

2 Interfaces

This part of the documentation describes the interfaces exposed by the package along with usage notes and examples. It is aimed at the user of the package.

Since neither `\TeX` nor Lua provide interfaces as a language construct, the separation to interfaces and implementations is a *gentlemen's agreement*. It serves as a means of structuring this documentation and as a promise to the user that if they only access the package through the interface, the future minor versions of the package should remain backwards compatible.

Figure 1 on the following page shows the high-level structure of the Markdown package: The translation from markdown to `\TeX` *token renderers* is exposed by the Lua layer. The plain `\TeX` layer exposes the conversion capabilities of Lua as `\TeX` macros. The `LATEX` and `ConTEXt` layers provide syntactic sugar on top of plain `\TeX` macros. The user can interface with any and all layers.

2.1 Lua Interface

The Lua interface provides the conversion from UTF-8 encoded markdown to plain `\TeX`. This interface is used by the plain `\TeX` implementation (see Section 3.2 on page 159) and will be of interest to the developers of other packages and Lua modules.

The Lua interface is implemented by the `markdown` Lua module.

```
21 local M = {metadata = metadata}
```

2.1.1 Conversion from Markdown to Plain `\TeX`

The Lua interface exposes the `new(options)` method. This method creates converter functions that perform the conversion from markdown to plain `\TeX` according to the table `options` that contains options recognized by the Lua interface. (see Section 2.1.2 on the following page). The `options` parameter is optional; when unspecified, the behaviour will be the same as if `options` were an empty table.

The following example Lua code converts the markdown string `Hello *world*`! to a `\TeX` output using the default options and prints the `\TeX` output:

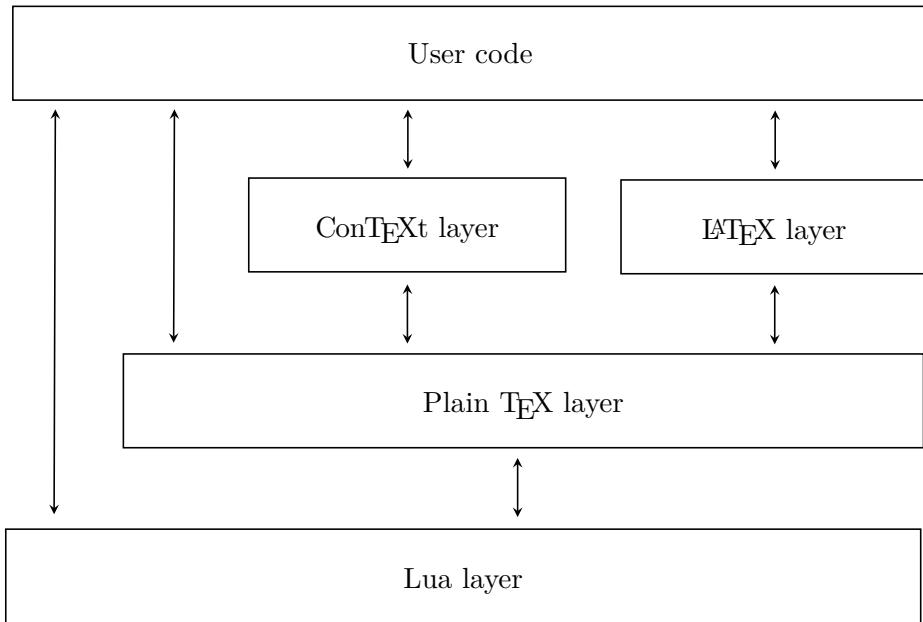


Figure 1: A block diagram of the Markdown package

```

local md = require("markdown")
local convert = md.new()
print(convert("Hello *world*!"))

```

2.1.2 Options

The Lua interface recognizes the following options. When unspecified, the value of a key is taken from the `defaultOptions` table.

```
22 local defaultOptions = {}
```

2.1.3 File and Directory Names

<code>cacheDir=<path></code>	default: .
------------------------------------	------------

A path to the directory containing auxiliary cache files. If the last segment of the path does not exist, it will be created by the Lua command-line and plain T_EX implementations. The Lua implementation expects that the entire path already exists.

When iteratively writing and typesetting a markdown document, the cache files are going to accumulate over time. You are advised to clean the cache directory every

now and then, or to set it to a temporary filesystem (such as `/tmp` on UN*X systems), which gets periodically emptied.

```
23 defaultOptions.cacheDir = ". "
```

`frozenCacheFileName=<path>` default: `frozenCache.tex`

A path to an output file (frozen cache) that will be created when the `finalizeCache` option is enabled and will contain a mapping between an enumeration of markdown documents and their auxiliary cache files.

The frozen cache makes it possible to later typeset a plain `\TeX` document that contains markdown documents without invoking Lua using the `\markdownOptionFrozenCache` plain `\TeX` option. As a result, the plain `\TeX` document becomes more portable, but further changes in the order and the content of markdown documents will not be reflected.

```
24 defaultOptions.frozenCacheFileName = "frozenCache.tex"
```

2.1.4 Parser Options

`blankBeforeBlockquote=true, false` default: `false`

- `true` Require a blank line between a paragraph and the following blockquote.
- `false` Do not require a blank line between a paragraph and the following blockquote.

```
25 defaultOptions.blankBeforeBlockquote = false
```

`blankBeforeCodeFence=true, false` default: `false`

- `true` Require a blank line between a paragraph and the following fenced code block.
- `false` Do not require a blank line between a paragraph and the following fenced code block.

```
26 defaultOptions.blankBeforeCodeFence = false
```

`blankBeforeHeading=true, false` default: `false`

- `true` Require a blank line between a paragraph and the following header.
- `false` Do not require a blank line between a paragraph and the following header.

```
27 defaultOptions.blankBeforeHeading = false
```

```

breakableBlockquotes=true, false                                default: false

    true      A blank line separates block quotes.
    false     Blank lines in the middle of a block quote are ignored.

28 defaultOptions.breakableBlockquotes = false

citationNbsps=true, false                                    default: false

    true      Replace regular spaces with non-breaking spaces inside the prenotes
              and postnotes of citations produced via the pandoc citation syntax
              extension.
    false     Do not replace regular spaces with non-breaking spaces inside the
              prenotes and postnotes of citations produced via the pandoc citation
              syntax extension.

29 defaultOptions.citationNbsps = true

citations=true, false                                     default: false

    true      Enable the pandoc citation syntax extension:
              Here is a simple parenthetical citation [@doe99] and here
              is a string of several [see @doe99, pp. 33-35; also
              @smith04, chap. 1].
              A parenthetical citation can have a [prenote @doe99] and
              a [@smith04 postnote]. The name of the author can be
              suppressed by inserting a dash before the name of an
              author as follows [-@smith04].
              Here is a simple text citation @doe99 and here is
              a string of several @doe99 [pp. 33-35; also @smith04,
              chap. 1]. Here is one with the name of the author
              suppressed -@doe99.

    false     Disable the pandoc citation syntax extension.

30 defaultOptions.citations = false

```

```
codeSpans=true, false default: true
```

true Enable the code span syntax:

```
Use the `printf()` function.  
``There is a literal backtick (`) here.``
```

false Disable the code span syntax. This allows you to easily use the quotation mark ligatures in texts that do not contain code spans:

```
``This is a quote.``
```

```
31 defaultOptions.codeSpans = true
```

```
contentBlocks=true, false default: false
```

true Enable the iA Writer content blocks syntax extension [3]:

```
http://example.com/minard.jpg (Napoleon's  
disastrous Russian campaign of 1812)  
/Flowchart.png "Engineering Flowchart"  
/Savings Account.csv 'Recent Transactions'  
/Example.swift  
/Lorem Ipsum.txt
```

false Disable the iA Writer content blocks syntax extension.

```
32 defaultOptions.contentBlocks = false
```

```
contentBlocksLanguageMap=<filename>
```

default: `markdown-languages.json`

The filename of the JSON file that maps filename extensions to programming language names in the iA Writer content blocks. See Section 2.2.3.10 on page 29 for more information.

```
33 defaultOptions.contentBlocksLanguageMap = "markdown-languages.json"
```

```
definitionLists=true, false
```

default: false

true Enable the pandoc definition list syntax extension:

```
Term 1  
  
: Definition 1  
  
Term 2 with *inline markup*  
  
: Definition 2  
  
{ some code, part of Definition 2 }  
  
Third paragraph of definition 2.
```

false Disable the pandoc definition list syntax extension.

```
34 defaultOptions.definitionLists = false
```

```
fencedCode=true, false
```

default: false

true Enable the commonmark fenced code block extension:

```
~~~ js
if (a > 3) {
    moveShip(5 * gravity, DOWN);
}
~~~~~  
  
``` html
<pre>
<code>
// Some comments
line 1 of code
line 2 of code
line 3 of code
</code>
</pre>
```
```

false Disable the commonmark fenced code block extension.

```
35 defaultOptions.fencedCode = false
```

```
finalizeCache=true, false default: false
```

Whether an output file specified with the `frozenCacheFileName` option (frozen cache) that contains a mapping between an enumeration of markdown documents and their auxiliary cache files will be created.

The frozen cache makes it possible to later typeset a plain TeX document that contains markdown documents without invoking Lua using the `\markdownOptionFrozenCache` plain TeX option. As a result, the plain TeX document becomes more portable, but further changes in the order and the content of markdown documents will not be reflected.

```
36 defaultOptions.finalizeCache = false
```

```
footnotes=true, false default: false
```

true Enable the pandoc footnote syntax extension:

```
Here is a footnote reference, [^1] and another.[^longnote]  
[^1]: Here is the footnote.  
[^longnote]: Here's one with multiple blocks.
```

Subsequent paragraphs are indented to show that they belong to the previous footnote.

```
{ some.code }
```

The whole paragraph can be indented, or just the first line. In this way, multi-paragraph footnotes work like multi-paragraph list items.

```
This paragraph won't be part of the note, because it  
isn't indented.
```

false Disable the pandoc footnote syntax extension.

```
37 defaultOptions.footnotes = false
```

```
frozenCacheCounter=<number> default: 0
```

The number of the current markdown document that will be stored in an output file (frozen cache) when the `finalizeCache` is enabled. When the document number is 0, then a new frozen cache will be created. Otherwise, the frozen cache will be appended.

Each frozen cache entry will define a `TeX` macro `\markdownFrozenCache<number>` that will typeset markdown document number `<number>`.

```
38 defaultOptions.frozenCacheCounter = 0
```

```
hashEnumerators=true, false default: false
```

`true` Enable the use of hash symbols (#) as ordered item list markers:

```
#. Bird  
#. McHale  
#. Parish
```

`false` Disable the use of hash symbols (#) as ordered item list markers.

```
39 defaultOptions.hashEnumerators = false
```

```
headerAttributes=true, false default: false
```

`true` Enable the assignment of HTML attributes to headings:

```
# My first heading {#foo}  
  
## My second heading ## {#bar .baz}  
  
Yet another heading {key=value}  
=====
```

These HTML attributes have currently no effect other than enabling content slicing, see the `slice` option.

`false` Disable the assignment of HTML attributes to headings.

```
40 defaultOptions.headerAttributes = false
```

```
html=true, false default: false
```

- true** Enable the recognition of HTML tags, block elements, comments, HTML instructions, and entities in the input. Tags, block elements (along with contents), HTML instructions, and comments will be ignored and HTML entities will be replaced with the corresponding Unicode codepoints.
- false** Disable the recognition of HTML markup. Any HTML markup in the input will be rendered as plain text.

```
41 defaultOptions.html = false
```

```
hybrid=true, false default: false
```

- true** Disable the escaping of special plain TeX characters, which makes it possible to intersperse your markdown markup with TeX code. The intended usage is in documents prepared manually by a human author. In such documents, it can often be desirable to mix TeX and markdown markup freely.
- false** Enable the escaping of special plain TeX characters outside verbatim environments, so that they are not interpreted by TeX. This is encouraged when typesetting automatically generated content or markdown documents that were not prepared with this package in mind.

```
42 defaultOptions.hybrid = false
```

```
inlineFootnotes=true, false default: false
```

- true** Enable the pandoc inline footnote syntax extension:

Here is an inline note.⁴³ [Inlines notes are easier to write, since you don't have to pick an identifier and move down to type the note.]

- false** Disable the pandoc inline footnote syntax extension.

```
43 defaultOptions.inlineFootnotes = false
```

jekyllData=true, false default: false

true Enable the Pandoc `yaml_metadata_block` syntax extension for entering metadata in YAML:

```
---
title: 'This is the title: it contains a colon'
author:
- Author One
- Author Two
keywords: [nothing, nothingness]
abstract: |
  This is the abstract.

  It consists of two paragraphs.
---
```

false Disable the Pandoc `yaml_metadata_block` syntax extension for entering metadata in YAML.

44 defaultOptions.jekyllData = false

pipeTables=true, false default: false

true Enable the PHP Markdown table syntax extension:

| Right | Left | Default | Center |
|-------|------|---------|--------|
| 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| 123 | 123 | 123 | 123 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

false Disable the PHP Markdown table syntax extension.

45 defaultOptions.pipeTables = false

preserveTabs=true, false default: false

true Preserve tabs in code block and fenced code blocks.

false Convert any tabs in the input to spaces.

46 defaultOptions.preserveTabs = false

| | |
|---|----------------|
| <code>shiftHeadings=<shift amount></code> | default: 0 |
| All headings will be shifted by $\langle shift\ amount\rangle$, which can be both positive and negative. Headings will not be shifted beyond level 6 or below level 1. Instead, those headings will be shifted to level 6, when $\langle shift\ amount\rangle$ is positive, and to level 1, when $\langle shift\ amount\rangle$ is negative. | |
| <code>47 defaultOptions.shiftHeadings = 0</code> | |
| <code>slice=<the beginning and the end of a slice></code> default: ^ \$ | |
| Two space-separated selectors that specify the slice of a document that will be processed, whereas the remainder of the document will be ignored. The following selectors are recognized: | |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The circumflex (^) selects the beginning of a document. • The dollar sign (\$) selects the end of a document. • $^<\text{identifier}>$ selects the beginning of a section with the HTML attribute $\#\text{<identifier>}$ (see the <code>headerAttributes</code> option). • $\\$<\text{identifier}>$ selects the end of a section with the HTML attribute $\#\text{<identifier>}$. • $<\text{identifier}>$ corresponds to $^<\text{identifier}>$ for the first selector and to $\\$<\text{identifier}>$ for the second selector. | |
| Specifying only a single selector, $\langle identifier\rangle$, is equivalent to specifying the two selectors $\langle identifier\rangle \langle identifier\rangle$, which is equivalent to $^<\text{identifier}> \$<\text{identifier}>$, i.e. the entire section with the HTML attribute $\#\text{<identifier>}$ will be selected. | |
| <code>48 defaultOptions.slice = "^ \$"</code> | |
| <code>smartEllipses=true, false</code> | default: false |
| <p><code>true</code> Convert any ellipses in the input to the <code>\markdownRendererEllipsis</code> TeX macro.</p> <p><code>false</code> Preserve all ellipses in the input.</p> | |
| <code>49 defaultOptions.smartEllipses = false</code> | |
| <code>startNumber=true, false</code> | default: true |
| <p><code>true</code> Make the number in the first item of an ordered lists significant. The item numbers will be passed to the <code>\markdownRendererOlItemWithNumber</code> TeX macro.</p> <p><code>false</code> Ignore the numbers in the ordered list items. Each item will only produce a <code>\markdownRendererOlItem</code> TeX macro.</p> | |
| <code>50 defaultOptions.startNumber = true</code> | |

```

stripIndent=true, false                                     default: false

true      Strip the minimal indentation of non-blank lines from all lines in a
            markdown document. Requires that the preserveTabs Lua option is
            false:


```
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage[stripIndent]{markdown}
\begin{document}
\begin{markdown}
 Hello *world*!
\end{markdown}
\end{document}
```

false     Do not strip any indentation from the lines in a markdown document.

51 defaultOptions.stripIndent = false

tableCaptions=true, false                               default: false

true      Enable the Pandoc table_captions syntax extension for pipe tables
            (see the pipeTables option).


Right	Left	Default	Center
12	12	12	12
123	123	123	123
1	1	1	1



: Demonstration of pipe table syntax.

false     Disable the Pandoc table_captions syntax extension.

52 defaultOptions.tableCaptions = false

taskLists=true, false                                default: false

true      Enable the Pandoc task_lists syntax extension.


- [ ] an unticked task list item
- [/] a half-checked task list item
- [X] a ticked task list item

false     Disable the Pandoc task_lists syntax extension.

53 defaultOptions.taskLists = false

```

`texComments=true, false` default: `false`

`true` Strip TeX-style comments.

```
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage[texComments]{markdown}
\begin{document}
\begin{markdown}
Hello *world*!
\end{markdown}
\end{document}
```

Always enabled when `hybrid` is enabled.

`false` Do not strip TeX-style comments.

54 `defaultOptions.texComments = false`

`tightLists=true, false` default: `true`

`true` Lists whose bullets do not consist of multiple paragraphs will be passed to the `\markdownRendererOlBeginTight`, `\markdownRendererOlEndTight`, `\markdownRendererUlBeginTight`, `\markdownRendererUlEndTight`, `\markdownRendererDlBeginTight`, and `\markdownRendererDlEndTight` TeX macros.

`false` Lists whose bullets do not consist of multiple paragraphs will be treated the same way as lists that do consist of multiple paragraphs.

55 `defaultOptions.tightLists = true`

`underscores=true, false` default: `true`

`true` Both underscores and asterisks can be used to denote emphasis and strong emphasis:

```
*single asterisks*
_single underscores_
**double asterisks**
__double underscores__
```

`false` Only asterisks can be used to denote emphasis and strong emphasis. This makes it easy to write math with the `hybrid` option without the need to constantly escape subscripts.

56 `defaultOptions.underscores = true`

2.1.5 Command-Line Interface

The high-level operation of the Markdown package involves the communication between several programming layers: the plain \TeX layer hands markdown documents to the Lua layer. Lua converts the documents to \TeX , and hands the converted documents back to plain \TeX layer for typesetting, see Figure 2.

This procedure has the advantage of being fully automated. However, it also has several important disadvantages: The converted \TeX documents are cached on the file system, taking up increasing amount of space. Unless the \TeX engine includes a Lua interpreter, the package also requires shell access, which opens the door for a malicious actor to access the system. Last, but not least, the complexity of the procedure impedes debugging.

A solution to the above problems is to decouple the conversion from the typesetting. For this reason, a command-line Lua interface for converting a markdown document to \TeX is also provided, see Figure 3 on the next page.

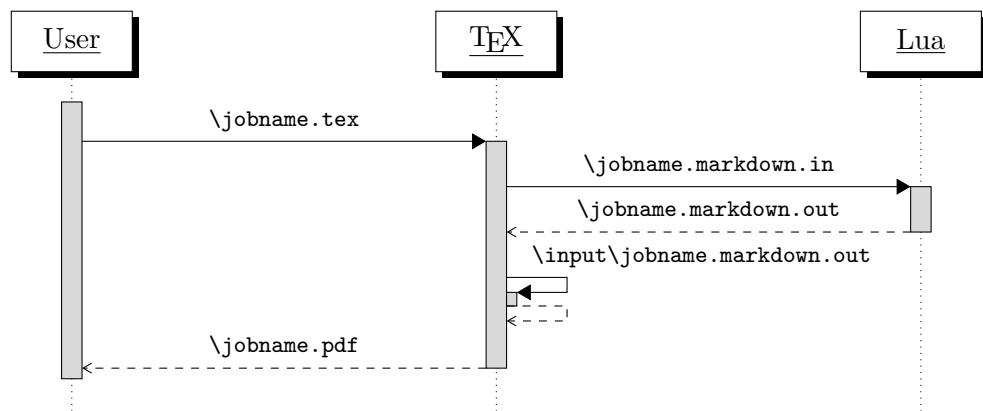


Figure 2: A sequence diagram of the Markdown package typesetting a markdown document using the \TeX interface

```

57
58 HELP_STRING = [[
59 Usage: texlua ]] .. arg[0] .. [[ [OPTIONS] -- [INPUT_FILE] [OUTPUT_FILE]
60 where OPTIONS are documented in the Lua interface section of the
61 technical Markdown package documentation.
62
63 When OUTPUT_FILE is unspecified, the result of the conversion will be
64 written to the standard output. When INPUT_FILE is also unspecified, the
65 result of the conversion will be read from the standard input.
66
67 Report bugs to: witiko@mail.muni.cz
68 Markdown package home page: <https://github.com/witiko/markdown>]]
69

```

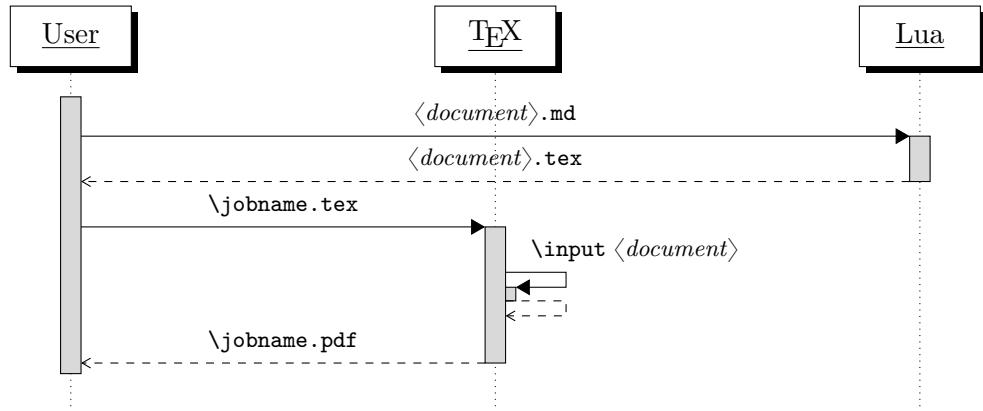


Figure 3: A sequence diagram of the Markdown package typesetting a markdown document using the Lua command-line interface

```

70 VERSION_STRING = [[
71 markdown-cli.lua (Markdown) ]] .. metadata.version .. [[
72
73 Copyright (C) ]] .. table.concat(metadata.copyright,
74                                     "\nCopyright (C) ") .. [[
75
76 License: ]] .. metadata.license
77
78 local function warn(s)
79     io.stderr:write("Warning: " .. s .. "\n") end
80
81 local function error(s)
82     io.stderr:write("Error: " .. s .. "\n")
83     os.exit(1) end
84
85 local process_options = true
86 local options = {}
87 local input_filename
88 local output_filename
89 for i = 1, #arg do
90     if process_options then
91         if arg[i] == "--" then
92             process_options = false
93             goto continue

```

After the optional `--` argument has been specified, the remaining arguments are assumed to be input and output filenames. This argument is optional, but encouraged, because it helps resolve ambiguities when deciding whether an option or a filename has been specified.

Unless the `--` argument has been specified before, an argument containing the equals sign (`=`) is assumed to be an option specification in a $\langle key \rangle = \langle value \rangle$ format. The available options are listed in Section 2.1.2 on page 7.

```
94     elseif arg[i]:match("=".+) then
95         key, value = arg[i]:match("(.-)=(.*)")
```

The `defaultOptions` table is consulted to identify whether $\langle value \rangle$ should be parsed as a string or as a boolean.

```
96     default_type = type(defaultOptions[key])
97     if default_type == "boolean" then
98         options[key] = (value == "true")
99     elseif default_type == "number" then
100        options[key] = tonumber(value)
101    else
102        if default_type ~= "string" then
103            if default_type == "nil" then
104                warn('Option "' .. key .. '" not recognized.')
105            else
106                warn('Option "' .. key .. '" type not recognized, please file ' ..
107                      'a report to the package maintainer.')
108            end
109            warn('Parsing the ' .. 'value "' .. value .. '" of option "' ..
110                  key .. '" as a string.')
111        end
112        options[key] = value
113    end
114    goto continue
```

Unless the `--` argument has been specified before, an argument `--help`, or `-h` causes a brief documentation for how to invoke the program to be printed to the standard output.

```
115     elseif arg[i] == "--help" or arg[i] == "-h" then
116         print(HELP_STRING)
117         os.exit()
```

Unless the `--` argument has been specified before, an argument `--version`, or `-v` causes the program to print information about its name, version, origin and legal status, all on standard output.

```
118     elseif arg[i] == "--version" or arg[i] == "-v" then
119         print(VERSION_STRING)
120         os.exit()
121     end
122 end
```

The first argument that matches none of the above patterns is assumed to be the input filename. The input filename should correspond to the Markdown document that is going to be converted to a `TEX` document.

```

123  if input_filename == nil then
124      input_filename = arg[i]
125  elseif output_filename == nil then
126      output_filename = arg[i]
127  else
128      error('Unexpected argument: "' .. arg[i] .. '"')
129  end
130  ::continue::
131 end

```

The first argument that matches none of the above patterns is assumed to be the output filename. The output filename should correspond to the \TeX document that will result from the conversion.

```
texlua /path/to/markdown-cli.lua cacheDir=. -- hello.md hello.tex
```

to convert the Markdown document `hello.md` to a \TeX document `hello.tex`. After the Markdown package for our \TeX format has been loaded, the converted document can be typeset as follows:

```
\input hello
```

2.2 Plain \TeX Interface

The plain \TeX interface provides macros for the typesetting of markdown input from within plain \TeX , for setting the Lua interface options (see Section 2.1.2 on page 7) used during the conversion from markdown to plain \TeX and for changing the way markdown the tokens are rendered.

```

132 \def\markdownLastModified{${(LAST_MODIFIED)}%
133 \def\markdownVersion{${(VERSION)}%

```

The plain \TeX interface is implemented by the `markdown.tex` file that can be loaded as follows:

```
\input markdown
```

It is expected that the special plain \TeX characters have the expected category codes, when `\input`ting the file.

2.2.1 Typesetting Markdown

The interface exposes the `\markdownBegin`, `\markdownEnd`, and `\markdownInput` macros.

The `\markdownBegin` macro marks the beginning of a markdown document fragment and the `\markdownEnd` macro marks its end.

```
134 \let\markdownBegin\relax  
135 \let\markdownEnd\relax
```

You may prepend your own code to the `\markdownBegin` macro and redefine the `\markdownEnd` macro to produce special effects before and after the markdown block.

There are several limitations to the macros you need to be aware of. The first limitation concerns the `\markdownEnd` macro, which must be visible directly from the input line buffer (it may not be produced as a result of input expansion). Otherwise, it will not be recognized as the end of the markdown string. As a corollary, the `\markdownEnd` string may not appear anywhere inside the markdown input.

Another limitation concerns spaces at the right end of an input line. In markdown, these are used to produce a forced line break. However, any such spaces are removed before the lines enter the input buffer of TeX [4, p. 46]. As a corollary, the `\markdownBegin` macro also ignores them.

The `\markdownBegin` and `\markdownEnd` macros will also consume the rest of the lines at which they appear. In the following example plain TeX code, the characters `c`, `e`, and `f` will not appear in the output.

```
\input markdown  
a  
b \markdownBegin c  
d  
e \markdownEnd f  
g  
\bye
```

Note that you may also not nest the `\markdownBegin` and `\markdownEnd` macros.

The following example plain TeX code showcases the usage of the `\markdownBegin` and `\markdownEnd` macros:

```
\input markdown  
\markdownBegin  
_Hello_ **world** ...  
\markdownEnd  
\bye
```

The `\markdownInput` macro accepts a single parameter containing the filename of a markdown document and expands to the result of the conversion of the input markdown document to plain TeX.

```
136 \let\markdownInput\relax
```

This macro is not subject to the abovelisted limitations of the `\markdownBegin` and `\markdownEnd` macros.

The following example plain TeX code showcases the usage of the `\markdownInput` macro:

```
\input markdown
\markdownInput{hello.md}
\bye
```

2.2.2 Options

The plain TeX options are represented by TeX commands. Some of them map directly to the options recognized by the Lua interface (see Section 2.1.2 on page 7), while some of them are specific to the plain TeX interface.

2.2.2.1 Finalizing and Freezing the Cache The `\markdownOptionFinalizeCache` option corresponds to the Lua interface `finalizeCache` option, which creates an output file `\markdownOptionFrozenCacheFileName` (frozen cache) that contains a mapping between an enumeration of the markdown documents in the plain TeX document and their auxiliary files cached in the `cacheDir` directory.

```
137 \let\markdownOptionFinalizeCache\undefined
```

The `\markdownOptionFrozenCache` option uses the mapping previously created by the `\markdownOptionFinalizeCache` option, and uses it to typeset the plain TeX document without invoking Lua. As a result, the plain TeX document becomes more portable, but further changes in the order and the content of markdown documents will not be reflected. It defaults to `false`.

The standard usage of the above two options is as follows:

1. Remove the `cacheDir` cache directory with stale auxiliary cache files.
2. Enable the `\markdownOptionFinalizeCache` option.
4. Typeset the plain TeX document to populate and finalize the cache.
5. Enable the `\markdownOptionFrozenCache` option.
6. Publish the source code of the plain TeX document and the `cacheDir` directory.

2.2.2.2 File and Directory Names The `\markdownOptionHelperScriptFileName` macro sets the filename of the helper Lua script file that is created during the conversion from markdown to plain TeX in TeX engines without the `\directlua`

primitive. It defaults to `\jobname.markdown.lua`, where `\jobname` is the base name of the document being typeset.

The expansion of this macro must not contain quotation marks ("") or backslash symbols (\). Mind that TeX engines tend to put quotation marks around `\jobname`, when it contains spaces.

```
138 \def\markdownOptionHelperScriptFileName{\jobname.markdown.lua}%
```

The `\markdownOptionInputTempFileName` macro sets the filename of the temporary input file that is created during the conversion from markdown to plain TeX in `\markdownMode` other than 2. It defaults to `\jobname.markdown.out`. The same limitations as in the case of the `\markdownOptionHelperScriptFileName` macro apply here.

```
139 \def\markdownOptionInputTempFileName{\jobname.markdown.in}%
```

The `\markdownOptionOutputTempFileName` macro sets the filename of the temporary output file that is created during the conversion from markdown to plain TeX in `\markdownMode` other than 2. It defaults to `\jobname.markdown.out`. The same limitations apply here as in the case of the `\markdownOptionHelperScriptFileName` macro.

```
140 \def\markdownOptionOutputTempFileName{\jobname.markdown.out}%
```

The `\markdownOptionErrorTempFileName` macro sets the filename of the temporary output file that is created when a Lua error is encountered during the conversion from markdown to plain TeX in `\markdownMode` other than 2. It defaults to `\jobname.markdown.err`. The same limitations apply here as in the case of the `\markdownOptionHelperScriptFileName` macro.

```
141 \def\markdownOptionErrorTempFileName{\jobname.markdown.err}%
```

The `\markdownOptionOutputDir` macro sets the path to the directory that will contain the auxiliary cache files produced by the Lua implementation and also the auxiliary files produced by the plain TeX implementation. The option defaults to `..`.

The path must be set to the same value as the `-output-directory` option of your TeX engine for the package to function correctly. We need this macro to make the Lua implementation aware where it should store the helper files. The same limitations apply here as in the case of the `\markdownOptionHelperScriptFileName` macro.

```
142 \def\markdownOptionOutputDir{.}%
```

The `\markdownOptionCacheDir` macro corresponds to the Lua interface `cacheDir` option that sets the path to the directory that will contain the produced cache files. The option defaults to `_markdown_\jobname`, which is a similar naming scheme to the one used by the minted LATEX package. The same limitations apply here as in the case of the `\markdownOptionHelperScriptFileName` macro.

```
143 \def\markdownOptionCacheDir{\markdownOptionOutputDir/_markdown_\jobname}%
```

The `\markdownOptionFrozenCacheFileName` macro corresponds to the Lua interface `frozenCacheFileName` option that sets the path to an output file (frozen

cache) that will contain a mapping between an enumeration of the markdown documents in the plain T_EX document and their auxiliary cache files. The option defaults to `frozenCache.tex`. The same limitations apply here as in the case of the `\markdownOptionHelperScriptFileName` macro.

```
144 \def\markdownOptionFrozenCacheFileName{\markdownOptionCacheDir/frozenCache.tex}
```

2.2.2.3 Lua Interface Options The following macros map directly to the options recognized by the Lua interface (see Section 2.1.2 on page 7) and are not processed by the plain T_EX implementation, only passed along to Lua. They are undefined, which makes them fall back to the default values provided by the Lua interface.

For the macros that correspond to the non-boolean options recognized by the Lua interface, the same limitations apply here in the case of the `\markdownOptionHelperScriptFileName` macro.

```
145 \let\markdownOptionBlankBeforeBlockquote\undefined
146 \let\markdownOptionBlankBeforeCodeFence\undefined
147 \let\markdownOptionBlankBeforeHeading\undefined
148 \let\markdownOptionBreakableBlockquotes\undefined
149 \let\markdownOptionCitations\undefined
150 \let\markdownOptionCitationNbsps\undefined
151 \let\markdownOptionContentBlocks\undefined
152 \let\markdownOptionContentBlocksLanguageMap\undefined
153 \let\markdownOptionDefinitionLists\undefined
154 \let\markdownOptionFootnotes\undefined
155 \let\markdownOptionFencedCode\undefined
156 \let\markdownOptionHashEnumerators\undefined
157 \let\markdownOptionHeaderAttributes\undefined
158 \let\markdownOptionHtml\undefined
159 \let\markdownOptionHybrid\undefined
160 \let\markdownOptionInlineFootnotes\undefined
161 \let\markdownOptionJekyllData\undefined
162 \let\markdownOptionPipeTables\undefined
163 \let\markdownOptionPreserveTabs\undefined
164 \let\markdownOptionShiftHeadings\undefined
165 \let\markdownOptionSlice\undefined
166 \let\markdownOptionSmartEllipses\undefined
167 \let\markdownOptionStartNumber\undefined
168 \let\markdownOptionStripIndent\undefined
169 \let\markdownOptionTableCaptions\undefined
170 \let\markdownOptionTaskLists\undefined
171 \let\markdownOptionTeXComments\undefined
172 \let\markdownOptionTightLists\undefined
```

2.2.2.4 Miscellaneous Options The `\markdownOptionStripPercentSigns` macro controls whether a percent sign (`Markdown input` (see Section `\vref{sec:buffering}`) or not

```
173 \def\markdownOptionStripPercentSigns{false}%
```

2.2.3 Token Renderers

The following TeX macros may occur inside the output of the converter functions exposed by the Lua interface (see Section 2.1.1 on page 6) and represent the parsed markdown tokens. These macros are intended to be redefined by the user who is typesetting a document. By default, they point to the corresponding prototypes (see Section 2.2.4 on page 37).

2.2.3.1 Tickbox Renderers The macros named `\markdownRendererTickedBox`, `\markdownRendererHalfTickedBox`, and `\markdownRendererUntickedBox` represent ticked and unticked boxes, respectively. These macros will either be produced, when the `taskLists` option is enabled, or when the Ballot Box with X (☒, U+2612), Hourglass (⌚, U+231B) or Ballot Box (☐, U+2610) Unicode characters are encountered in the markdown input, respectively.

```
174 \def\markdownRendererTickedBox{%
175   \markdownRendererTickedBoxPrototype}%
176 \def\markdownRendererHalfTickedBox{%
177   \markdownRendererHalfTickedBoxPrototype}%
178 \def\markdownRendererUntickedBox{%
179   \markdownRendererUntickedBoxPrototype}%
```

2.2.3.2 Interblock Separator Renderer The `\markdownRendererInterblockSeparator` macro represents a separator between two markdown block elements. The macro receives no arguments.

```
180 \def\markdownRendererInterblockSeparator{%
181   \markdownRendererInterblockSeparatorPrototype}%
```

2.2.3.3 Line Break Renderer The `\markdownRendererLineBreak` macro represents a forced line break. The macro receives no arguments.

```
182 \def\markdownRendererLineBreak{%
183   \markdownRendererLineBreakPrototype}%
```

2.2.3.4 Ellipsis Renderer The `\markdownRendererEllipsis` macro replaces any occurrence of ASCII ellipses in the input text. This macro will only be produced, when the `smartEllipses` option is enabled. The macro receives no arguments.

```
184 \def\markdownRendererEllipsis{%
185   \markdownRendererEllipsisPrototype}%
```

2.2.3.5 Non-Breaking Space Renderer The `\markdownRendererNbsp` macro represents a non-breaking space.

```
186 \def\markdownRendererNbsp{%
187   \markdownRendererNbspPrototype}%
```

2.2.3.6 Special Character Renderers The following macros replace any special plain TeX characters, including the active pipe character (`|`) of ConTeXt, in the input text. These macros will only be produced, when the `hybrid` option is `false`.

```
188 \def\markdownRendererLeftBrace{%
189   \markdownRendererLeftBracePrototype}%
190 \def\markdownRendererRightBrace{%
191   \markdownRendererRightBracePrototype}%
192 \def\markdownRendererDollarSign{%
193   \markdownRendererDollarSignPrototype}%
194 \def\markdownRendererPercentSign{%
195   \markdownRendererPercentSignPrototype}%
196 \def\markdownRendererAmpersand{%
197   \markdownRendererAmpersandPrototype}%
198 \def\markdownRendererUnderscore{%
199   \markdownRendererUnderscorePrototype}%
200 \def\markdownRendererHash{%
201   \markdownRendererHashPrototype}%
202 \def\markdownRendererCircumflex{%
203   \markdownRendererCircumflexPrototype}%
204 \def\markdownRendererBackslash{%
205   \markdownRendererBackslashPrototype}%
206 \def\markdownRendererTilde{%
207   \markdownRendererTildePrototype}%
208 \def\markdownRendererPipe{%
209   \markdownRendererPipePrototype}%
```

2.2.3.7 Code Span Renderer The `\markdownRendererCodeSpan` macro represents inlined code span in the input text. It receives a single argument that corresponds to the inlined code span.

```
210 \def\markdownRendererCodeSpan{%
211   \markdownRendererCodeSpanPrototype}%
```

2.2.3.8 Link Renderer The `\markdownRendererLink` macro represents a hyperlink. It receives four arguments: the label, the fully escaped URI that can be directly typeset, the raw URI that can be used outside typesetting, and the title of the link.

```
212 \def\markdownRendererLink{%
213   \markdownRendererLinkPrototype}%
```

2.2.3.9 Image Renderer The `\markdownRendererImage` macro represents an image. It receives four arguments: the label, the fully escaped URI that can be directly typeset, the raw URI that can be used outside typesetting, and the title of the link.

```
214 \def\markdownRendererImage{%
215   \markdownRendererImagePrototype}%
```

2.2.3.10 Content Block Renderers The `\markdownRendererContentBlock` macro represents an iA Writer content block. It receives four arguments: the local file or online image filename extension cast to the lower case, the fully escaped URI that can be directly typeset, the raw URI that can be used outside typesetting, and the title of the content block.

```
216 \def\markdownRendererContentBlock{%
217   \markdownRendererContentBlockPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererContentBlockOnlineImage` macro represents an iA Writer online image content block. The macro receives the same arguments as `\markdownRendererContentBlock`.

```
218 \def\markdownRendererContentBlockOnlineImage{%
219   \markdownRendererContentBlockOnlineImagePrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererContentBlockCode` macro represents an iA Writer content block that was recognized as a file in a known programming language by its filename extension s . If any `markdown-languages.json` file found by kpathsea⁶ contains a record (k, v) , then a non-online-image content block with the filename extension s , $s.lower() = k$ is considered to be in a known programming language v . The macro receives five arguments: the local file name extension s cast to the lower case, the language v , the fully escaped URI that can be directly typeset, the raw URI that can be used outside typesetting, and the title of the content block.

Note that you will need to place a `markdown-languages.json` file inside your working directory or inside your local TeX directory structure. In this file, you will define a mapping between filename extensions and the language names recognized by your favorite syntax highlighter; there may exist other creative uses beside syntax highlighting. The `Languages.json` file provided by Sotkov [3] is a good starting point.

```
220 \def\markdownRendererContentBlockCode{%
221   \markdownRendererContentBlockCodePrototype}%
```

2.2.3.11 Bullet List Renderers The `\markdownRendererULBegin` macro represents the beginning of a bulleted list that contains an item with several paragraphs of text (the list is not tight). The macro receives no arguments.

⁶Local files take precedence. Filenames other than `markdown-languages.json` may be specified using the `contentBlocksLanguageMap` Lua option.

```
222 \def\markdownRendererUlBegin{%
223   \markdownRendererUlBeginPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererUlBegin` macro represents the beginning of a bulleted list that contains no item with several paragraphs of text (the list is tight). This macro will only be produced, when the `tightLists` option is `false`. The macro receives no arguments.

```
224 \def\markdownRendererUlBeginTight{%
225   \markdownRendererUlBeginTightPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererUlItem` macro represents an item in a bulleted list. The macro receives no arguments.

```
226 \def\markdownRendererUlItem{%
227   \markdownRendererUlItemPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererUlItemEnd` macro represents the end of an item in a bulleted list. The macro receives no arguments.

```
228 \def\markdownRendererUlItemEnd{%
229   \markdownRendererUlItemEndPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererUlEnd` macro represents the end of a bulleted list that contains an item with several paragraphs of text (the list is not tight). The macro receives no arguments.

```
230 \def\markdownRendererUlEnd{%
231   \markdownRendererUlEndPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererUlEndTight` macro represents the end of a bulleted list that contains no item with several paragraphs of text (the list is tight). This macro will only be produced, when the `tightLists` option is `false`. The macro receives no arguments.

```
232 \def\markdownRendererUlEndTight{%
233   \markdownRendererUlEndTightPrototype}%
```

2.2.3.12 Ordered List Renderers The `\markdownRendererOlBegin` macro represents the beginning of an ordered list that contains an item with several paragraphs of text (the list is not tight). The macro receives no arguments.

```
234 \def\markdownRendererOlBegin{%
235   \markdownRendererOlBeginPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererOlBeginTight` macro represents the beginning of an ordered list that contains no item with several paragraphs of text (the list is tight). This macro will only be produced, when the `tightLists` option is `false`. The macro receives no arguments.

```
236 \def\markdownRendererOlBeginTight{%
237   \markdownRendererOlBeginTightPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRenderer01Item` macro represents an item in an ordered list. This macro will only be produced, when the `startNumber` option is `false`. The macro receives no arguments.

```
238 \def\markdownRenderer01Item{%
239   \markdownRenderer01ItemPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRenderer01ItemEnd` macro represents the end of an item in an ordered list. The macro receives no arguments.

```
240 \def\markdownRenderer01ItemEnd{%
241   \markdownRenderer01ItemEndPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRenderer01ItemWithNumber` macro represents an item in an ordered list. This macro will only be produced, when the `startNumber` option is enabled. The macro receives a single numeric argument that corresponds to the item number.

```
242 \def\markdownRenderer01ItemWithNumber{%
243   \markdownRenderer01ItemWithNumberPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRenderer01End` macro represents the end of an ordered list that contains an item with several paragraphs of text (the list is not tight). The macro receives no arguments.

```
244 \def\markdownRenderer01End{%
245   \markdownRenderer01EndPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRenderer01EndTight` macro represents the end of an ordered list that contains no item with several paragraphs of text (the list is tight). This macro will only be produced, when the `tightLists` option is `false`. The macro receives no arguments.

```
246 \def\markdownRenderer01EndTight{%
247   \markdownRenderer01EndTightPrototype}%
```

2.2.3.13 Definition List Renderers The following macros are only produced, when the `definitionLists` option is enabled.

The `\markdownRendererDlBegin` macro represents the beginning of a definition list that contains an item with several paragraphs of text (the list is not tight). The macro receives no arguments.

```
248 \def\markdownRendererDlBegin{%
249   \markdownRendererDlBeginPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererDlBeginTight` macro represents the beginning of a definition list that contains an item with several paragraphs of text (the list is not tight). This macro will only be produced, when the `tightLists` option is `false`. The macro receives no arguments.

```
250 \def\markdownRendererDlBeginTight{%
251   \markdownRendererDlBeginTightPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererDlItem` macro represents a term in a definition list. The macro receives a single argument that corresponds to the term being defined.

```
252 \def\markdownRendererDlItem{%
253   \markdownRendererDlItemPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererDlItemEnd` macro represents the end of a list of definitions for a single term.

```
254 \def\markdownRendererDlItemEnd{%
255   \markdownRendererDlItemEndPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererDlDefinitionBegin` macro represents the beginning of a definition in a definition list. There can be several definitions for a single term.

```
256 \def\markdownRendererDlDefinitionBegin{%
257   \markdownRendererDlDefinitionBeginPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererDlDefinitionEnd` macro represents the end of a definition in a definition list. There can be several definitions for a single term.

```
258 \def\markdownRendererDlDefinitionEnd{%
259   \markdownRendererDlDefinitionEndPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererDlEnd` macro represents the end of a definition list that contains an item with several paragraphs of text (the list is not tight). The macro receives no arguments.

```
260 \def\markdownRendererDlEnd{%
261   \markdownRendererDlEndPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererDlEndTight` macro represents the end of a definition list that contains no item with several paragraphs of text (the list is tight). This macro will only be produced, when the `tightLists` option is `false`. The macro receives no arguments.

```
262 \def\markdownRendererDlEndTight{%
263   \markdownRendererDlEndTightPrototype}%
```

2.2.3.14 Emphasis Renderers The `\markdownRendererEmphasis` macro represents an emphasized span of text. The macro receives a single argument that corresponds to the emphasized span of text.

```
264 \def\markdownRendererEmphasis{%
265   \markdownRendererEmphasisPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererStrongEmphasis` macro represents a strongly emphasized span of text. The macro receives a single argument that corresponds to the emphasized span of text.

```
266 \def\markdownRendererStrongEmphasis{%
267   \markdownRendererStrongEmphasisPrototype}%
```

2.2.3.15 Block Quote Renderers The `\markdownRendererBlockQuoteBegin` macro represents the beginning of a block quote. The macro receives no arguments.

```
268 \def\markdownRendererBlockQuoteBegin{%
269   \markdownRendererBlockQuoteBeginPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererBlockQuoteEnd` macro represents the end of a block quote. The macro receives no arguments.

```
270 \def\markdownRendererBlockQuoteEnd{%
271   \markdownRendererBlockQuoteEndPrototype}%
```

2.2.3.16 Code Block Renderers The `\markdownRendererInputVerbatim` macro represents a code block. The macro receives a single argument that corresponds to the filename of a file containing the code block contents.

```
272 \def\markdownRendererInputVerbatim{%
273   \markdownRendererInputVerbatimPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererInputFencedCode` macro represents a fenced code block. This macro will only be produced, when the `fencedCode` option is enabled. The macro receives two arguments that correspond to the filename of a file containing the code block contents and to the code fence infostring.

```
274 \def\markdownRendererInputFencedCode{%
275   \markdownRendererInputFencedCodePrototype}%
```

2.2.3.17 YAML Metadata Renderers The `\markdownRendererJekyllDataBegin` macro represents the beginning of a YAML document. This macro will only be produced when the `jekyllData` option is enabled. The macro receives no arguments.

```
276 \def\markdownRendererJekyllDataBegin{%
277   \markdownRendererJekyllDataBeginPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererJekyllDataEnd` macro represents the end of a YAML document. This macro will only be produced when the `jekyllData` option is enabled. The macro receives no arguments.

```
278 \def\markdownRendererJekyllDataEnd{%
279   \markdownRendererJekyllDataEndPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererJekyllDataMappingBegin` macro represents the beginning of a mapping in a YAML document. This macro will only be produced when the `jekyllData` option is enabled. The macro receives two arguments: the scalar key in the parent structure, cast to a string following YAML serialization rules, and the number of items in the mapping.

```
280 \def\markdownRendererJekyllDataMappingBegin{%
281   \markdownRendererJekyllDataMappingBeginPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererJekyllDataMappingEnd` macro represents the end of a mapping in a YAML document. This macro will only be produced when the `jekyllData` option is enabled. The macro receives no arguments.

```
282 \def\markdownRendererJekyllDataMappingEnd{%
283   \markdownRendererJekyllDataMappingEndPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererJekyllDataSequenceBegin` macro represents the beginning of a sequence in a YAML document. This macro will only be produced when the `jekyllData` option is enabled. The macro receives two arguments: the scalar key in the parent structure, cast to a string following YAML serialization rules, and the number of items in the sequence.

```
284 \def\markdownRendererJekyllDataSequenceBegin{%
285   \markdownRendererJekyllDataSequenceBeginPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererJekyllDataBoolean` macro represents a boolean scalar value in a YAML document. This macro will only be produced when the `jekyllData` option is enabled. The macro receives two arguments: the scalar key in the parent structure, and the scalar value, both cast to a string following YAML serialization rules.

```
286 \def\markdownRendererJekyllDataBoolean{%
287   \markdownRendererJekyllDataBooleanPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererJekyllDataNumber` macro represents a numeric scalar value in a YAML document. This macro will only be produced when the `jekyllData` option is enabled. The macro receives two arguments: the scalar key in the parent structure, and the scalar value, both cast to a string following YAML serialization rules.

```
288 \def\markdownRendererJekyllDataNumber{%
289   \markdownRendererJekyllDataNumberPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererJekyllDataString` macro represents a string scalar value in a YAML document. This macro will only be produced when the `jekyllData` option is enabled. The macro receives two arguments: the scalar key in the parent structure, cast to a string following YAML serialization rules, and the scalar value.

```
290 \def\markdownRendererJekyllDataString{%
291   \markdownRendererJekyllDataStringPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererJekyllDataEmpty` macro represents an empty scalar value in a YAML document. This macro will only be produced when the `jekyllData` option is enabled. The macro receives one argument: the scalar key in the parent structure, cast to a string following YAML serialization rules.

```
292 \def\markdownRendererJekyllDataEmpty{%
293   \markdownRendererJekyllDataEmptyPrototype}%
```

2.2.3.18 Heading Renderers The `\markdownRendererHeadingOne` macro represents a first level heading. The macro receives a single argument that corresponds to the heading text.

```
294 \def\markdownRendererHeadingOne{%
295   \markdownRendererHeadingOnePrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererHeadingTwo` macro represents a second level heading. The macro receives a single argument that corresponds to the heading text.

```
296 \def\markdownRendererHeadingTwo{%
297   \markdownRendererHeadingTwoPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererHeadingThree` macro represents a third level heading. The macro receives a single argument that corresponds to the heading text.

```
298 \def\markdownRendererHeadingThree{%
299   \markdownRendererHeadingThreePrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererHeadingFour` macro represents a fourth level heading. The macro receives a single argument that corresponds to the heading text.

```
300 \def\markdownRendererHeadingFour{%
301   \markdownRendererHeadingFourPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererHeadingFive` macro represents a fifth level heading. The macro receives a single argument that corresponds to the heading text.

```
302 \def\markdownRendererHeadingFive{%
303   \markdownRendererHeadingFivePrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererHeadingSix` macro represents a sixth level heading. The macro receives a single argument that corresponds to the heading text.

```
304 \def\markdownRendererHeadingSix{%
305   \markdownRendererHeadingSixPrototype}%
```

2.2.3.19 Horizontal Rule Renderer The `\markdownRendererHorizontalRule` macro represents a horizontal rule. The macro receives no arguments.

```
306 \def\markdownRendererHorizontalRule{%
307   \markdownRendererHorizontalRulePrototype}%
```

2.2.3.20 Footnote Renderer The `\markdownRendererFootnote` macro represents a footnote. This macro will only be produced, when the `footnotes` option is enabled. The macro receives a single argument that corresponds to the footnote text.

```
308 \def\markdownRendererFootnote{%
309   \markdownRendererFootnotePrototype}%
```

2.2.3.21 Parenthesized Citations Renderer The `\markdownRendererCite` macro represents a string of one or more parenthetical citations. This macro will only be produced, when the `citations` option is enabled. The macro receives the parameter `{⟨number of citations⟩}` followed by `⟨suppress author⟩ {⟨prenote⟩}{⟨postnote⟩}{⟨name⟩}` repeated `⟨number of citations⟩` times. The `⟨suppress author⟩` parameter is either the token `-`, when the author's name is to be suppressed, or `+` otherwise.

```
310 \def\markdownRendererCite{%
311   \markdownRendererCitePrototype}%
```

2.2.3.22 Text Citations Renderer The `\markdownRendererTextCite` macro represents a string of one or more text citations. This macro will only be produced, when the `citations` option is enabled. The macro receives parameters in the same format as the `\markdownRendererCite` macro.

```
312 \def\markdownRendererTextCite{%
313   \markdownRendererTextCitePrototype}%
```

2.2.3.23 Table Renderer The `\markdownRendererTable` macro represents a table. This macro will only be produced, when the `pipeTables` option is enabled. The macro receives the parameters `{⟨caption⟩}{⟨number of rows⟩}{⟨number of columns⟩}` followed by `{⟨alignments⟩}` and then by `{⟨row⟩}` repeated `⟨number of rows⟩` times, where `⟨row⟩` is `{⟨column⟩}` repeated `⟨number of columns⟩` times, `⟨alignments⟩` is `⟨alignment⟩` repeated `⟨number of columns⟩` times, and `⟨alignment⟩` is one of the following:

- `d` – The corresponding column has an unspecified (default) alignment.
- `l` – The corresponding column is left-aligned.
- `c` – The corresponding column is centered.
- `r` – The corresponding column is right-aligned.

```
314 \def\markdownRendererTable{%
315   \markdownRendererTablePrototype}%
```

2.2.3.24 Inline HTML Comment Renderer The `\markdownRendererInlineHtmlComment` macro represents the contents of an inline HTML comment. This macro will only be

produced, when the `html` option is enabled. The macro receives a single argument that corresponds to the contents of the HTML comment.

```
316 \def\markdownRendererInlineHtmlComment{%
317   \markdownRendererInlineHtmlCommentPrototype}%
```

2.2.4 Token Renderer Prototypes

The following T_EX macros provide definitions for the token renderers (see Section 2.2.3 on page 27) that have not been redefined by the user. These macros are intended to be redefined by macro package authors who wish to provide sensible default token renderers. They are also redefined by the I_AT_EX and ConT_EXT implementations (see sections 3.3 on page 171 and 3.4 on page 190).

```
318 \def\markdownRendererInterblockSeparatorPrototype{%
319 \def\markdownRendererLineBreakPrototype{%
320 \def\markdownRendererEllipsisPrototype{%
321 \def\markdownRendererNbspPrototype{%
322 \def\markdownRendererLeftBracePrototype{%
323 \def\markdownRendererRightBracePrototype{%
324 \def\markdownRendererDollarSignPrototype{%
325 \def\markdownRendererPercentSignPrototype{%
326 \def\markdownRendererAmpersandPrototype{%
327 \def\markdownRendererUnderscorePrototype{%
328 \def\markdownRendererHashPrototype{%
329 \def\markdownRendererCircumflexPrototype{%
330 \def\markdownRendererBackslashPrototype{%
331 \def\markdownRendererTildePrototype{%
332 \def\markdownRendererPipePrototype{%
333 \def\markdownRendererCodeSpanPrototype#1{%
334 \def\markdownRendererLinkPrototype#1#2#3#4{%
335 \def\markdownRendererImagePrototype#1#2#3#4{%
336 \def\markdownRendererContentBlockPrototype#1#2#3#4{%
337 \def\markdownRendererContentBlockOnlineImagePrototype#1#2#3#4{%
338 \def\markdownRendererContentBlockCodePrototype#1#2#3#4#5{%
339 \def\markdownRendererUlBeginPrototype{%
340 \def\markdownRendererUlBeginTightPrototype{%
341 \def\markdownRendererUlItemPrototype{%
342 \def\markdownRendererUlItemEndPrototype{%
343 \def\markdownRendererUlEndPrototype{%
344 \def\markdownRendererUlEndTightPrototype{%
345 \def\markdownRendererOlBeginPrototype{%
346 \def\markdownRendererOlBeginTightPrototype{%
347 \def\markdownRendererOlItemPrototype{%
348 \def\markdownRendererOlItemWithNumberPrototype#1{%
349 \def\markdownRendererOlItemEndPrototype{%
350 \def\markdownRendererOlEndPrototype{%
351 \def\markdownRendererOlEndTightPrototype{%
```

```

352 \def\markdownRendererD1BeginPrototype{}%
353 \def\markdownRendererD1BeginTightPrototype{}%
354 \def\markdownRendererD1ItemPrototype#1{}%
355 \def\markdownRendererD1ItemEndPrototype{}%
356 \def\markdownRendererD1DefinitionBeginPrototype{}%
357 \def\markdownRendererD1DefinitionEndPrototype{}%
358 \def\markdownRendererD1EndPrototype{}%
359 \def\markdownRendererD1EndTightPrototype{}%
360 \def\markdownRendererEmphasisPrototype#1{}%
361 \def\markdownRendererStrongEmphasisPrototype#1{}%
362 \def\markdownRendererBlockQuoteBeginPrototype{}%
363 \def\markdownRendererBlockQuoteEndPrototype{}%
364 \def\markdownRendererInputVerbatimPrototype#1{}%
365 \def\markdownRendererInputFencedCodePrototype#1#2{}%
366 \def\markdownRendererJekyllDataBooleanPrototype#1#2{}%
367 \def\markdownRendererJekyllDataEmptyPrototype#1{}%
368 \def\markdownRendererJekyllDataNumberPrototype#1#2{}%
369 \def\markdownRendererJekyllDataStringPrototype#1#2{}%
370 \def\markdownRendererJekyllDataBeginPrototype{}%
371 \def\markdownRendererJekyllDataEndPrototype{}%
372 \def\markdownRendererJekyllDataSequenceBeginPrototype#1#2{}%
373 \def\markdownRendererJekyllDataSequenceEndPrototype{}%
374 \def\markdownRendererJekyllDataMappingBeginPrototype#1#2{}%
375 \def\markdownRendererJekyllDataMappingEndPrototype{}%
376 \def\markdownRendererHeadingOnePrototype#1{}%
377 \def\markdownRendererHeadingTwoPrototype#1{}%
378 \def\markdownRendererHeadingThreePrototype#1{}%
379 \def\markdownRendererHeadingFourPrototype#1{}%
380 \def\markdownRendererHeadingFivePrototype#1{}%
381 \def\markdownRendererHeadingSixPrototype#1{}%
382 \def\markdownRendererHorizontalRulePrototype{}%
383 \def\markdownRendererFootnotePrototype#1{}%
384 \def\markdownRendererCitePrototype#1{}%
385 \def\markdownRendererTextCitePrototype#1{}%
386 \def\markdownRendererTablePrototype#1#2#3{}%
387 \def\markdownRendererInlineHtmlCommentPrototype#1{}%
388 \def\markdownRendererTickedBoxPrototype{}%
389 \def\markdownRendererHalfTickedBoxPrototype{}%
390 \def\markdownRendererUntickedBoxPrototype{}%

```

2.2.5 Logging Facilities

The `\markdownInfo`, `\markdownWarning`, and `\markdownError` macros perform logging for the Markdown package. Their first argument specifies the text of the info, warning, or error message. The `\markdownError` macro receives a second argument that provides a help text. You may redefine these macros to redirect and process the info, warning, and error messages.

2.2.6 Miscellanea

The `\markdownMakeOther` macro is used by the package, when a TeX engine that does not support direct Lua access is starting to buffer a text. The plain TeX implementation changes the category code of plain TeX special characters to other, but there may be other active characters that may break the output. This macro should temporarily change the category of these to *other*.

391 \let\markdownMakeOther\relax

The `\markdownReadAndConvert` macro implements the `\markdownBegin` macro. The first argument specifies the token sequence that will terminate the markdown input (`\markdownEnd` in the instance of the `\markdownBegin` macro) when the plain T_EX special characters have had their category changed to *other*. The second argument specifies the token sequence that will actually be inserted into the document, when the ending token sequence has been found.

392 \let\markdownReadAndConvert\relax

393 \begingroup

Locally swap the category code of the backslash symbol (`\`) with the pipe symbol (`|`). This is required in order that all the special symbols in the first argument of the `markdownReadAndConvert` macro have the category code *other*.

The macro is exposed in the interface, so that the user can create their own markdown environments. Due to the way the arguments are passed to Lua (see Section 3.2.7 on page 169), the first argument may not contain the string `]]` (regardless of the category code of the bracket symbol (`]`)).

The `\markdownMode` macro specifies how the plain T_EX implementation interfaces with the Lua interface. The valid values and their meaning are as follows:

- 0 – Shell escape via the 18 output file stream
 - 1 – Shell escape via the Lua `os.execute` method
 - 2 – Direct Lua access

By defining the macro, the user can coerce the package to use a specific mode. If the user does not define the macro prior to loading the plain TeX implementation, the correct value will be automatically detected. The outcome of changing the value of \markdownMode after the implementation has been loaded is undefined.

```
399 \ifx\markdownMode\undefined  
400   \ifx\directlua\undefined  
401     \def\markdownMode{0}%  
402   \else  
403     \def\markdownMode{2}%
```

```
404 \fi  
405 \fi
```

The following macros are no longer a part of the plain \TeX interface and are only defined for backwards compatibility:

```
406 \def\markdownLuaRegisterIBCallback#1{\relax} %  
407 \def\markdownLuaUnregisterIBCallback#1{\relax} %
```

2.3 \LaTeX Interface

The \LaTeX interface provides \LaTeX environments for the typesetting of markdown input from within \LaTeX , facilities for setting Lua interface options (see Section 2.1.2 on page 7) used during the conversion from markdown to plain \TeX , and facilities for changing the way markdown tokens are rendered. The rest of the interface is inherited from the plain \TeX interface (see Section 2.2 on page 22).

The \LaTeX interface is implemented by the `markdown.sty` file, which can be loaded from the \LaTeX document preamble as follows:

```
\usepackage[<options>]{markdown}
```

where $\langle \text{options} \rangle$ are the \LaTeX interface options (see Section 2.3.2 on the following page). Note that $\langle \text{options} \rangle$ inside the `\usepackage` macro may not set the `markdownRenderers` (see Section 2.3.2.5 on page 50) and `markdownRendererPrototypes` (see Section 2.3.2.6 on page 54) keys. This limitation is due to the way $\text{\LaTeX} 2\epsilon$ parses package options.

2.3.1 Typesetting Markdown

The interface exposes the `markdown` and `markdown*` \LaTeX environments, and redefines the `\markdownInput` command.

The `markdown` and `markdown*` \LaTeX environments are used to typeset markdown document fragments. The starred version of the `markdown` environment accepts \LaTeX interface options (see Section 2.3.2 on the next page) as its only argument. These options will only influence this markdown document fragment.

```
408 \newenvironment{markdown}\relax\relax  
409 \newenvironment{markdown*}[1]\relax\relax
```

You may prepend your own code to the `\markdown` macro and append your own code to the `\endmarkdown` macro to produce special effects before and after the `markdown` \LaTeX environment (and likewise for the starred version).

Note that the `markdown` and `markdown*` \LaTeX environments are subject to the same limitations as the `\markdownBegin` and `\markdownEnd` macros exposed by the plain \TeX interface.

The following example \LaTeX code showcases the usage of the `markdown` and `markdown*` environments:

| | |
|--|---|
| <pre>\documentclass{article} \usepackage{markdown} \begin{document} \begin{markdown} _Hello_ **world** ... \end{markdown} \end{document}</pre> | <pre>\documentclass{article} \usepackage{markdown} \begin{document} \begin{markdown*}{smartEllipses} _Hello_ **world** ... \end{markdown*} \end{document}</pre> |
|--|---|

The `\markdownInput` macro accepts a single mandatory parameter containing the filename of a markdown document and expands to the result of the conversion of the input markdown document to plain \TeX . Unlike the `\markdownInput` macro provided by the plain \TeX interface, this macro also accepts \LaTeX interface options (see Section 2.3.2) as its optional argument. These options will only influence this markdown document.

The following example \LaTeX code showcases the usage of the `\markdownInput` macro:

```
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage{markdown}
\begin{document}
\markdownInput[smartEllipses]{hello.md}
\end{document}
```

2.3.2 Options

The \LaTeX options are represented by a comma-delimited list of $\langle key \rangle = \langle value \rangle$ pairs. For boolean options, the $= \langle value \rangle$ part is optional, and $\langle key \rangle$ will be interpreted as $\langle key \rangle = \text{true}$ if the $= \langle value \rangle$ part has been omitted.

Except for the `plain` option described in Section 2.3.2.1 on the next page, and the \LaTeX themes described in Section 2.3.2.2 on the following page, and the \LaTeX setup snippets described in Section 2.3.2.3 on page 47, \LaTeX options map directly to the options recognized by the plain \TeX interface (see Section 2.2.2 on page 24) and to the markdown token renderers and their prototypes recognized by the plain \TeX interface (see Sections 2.2.3 on page 27 and 2.2.4 on page 37).

The \LaTeX options may be specified when loading the \LaTeX package, when using the `markdown*` \LaTeX environment or the `\markdownInput` macro (see Section 2.3 on the previous page), or via the `\markdownSetup` macro. The `\markdownSetup` macro receives the options to set up as its only argument:

```
410 \newcommand\markdownSetup[1]{%
411   \setkeys{markdownOptions}{#1}}%
```

We may also store L^AT_EX options as *setup snippets* and invoke them later using the `\markdownSetupSnippet` macro. The `\markdownSetupSnippet` macro receives two arguments: the name of the setup snippet and the options to store:

```
412 \newcommand\markdownSetupSnippet[2]{%
413   \@ifundefined
414     {\mkern-1mu\text{\tt markdownLaTeXSetupSnippet}}{\mkern-1mu\text{\tt markdownLaTeXThemeName}\#1}{%
415     \newtoks\next
416     \next={\#2}%
417     \expandafter\let\csname markdownLaTeXSetupSnippet\endcsname=\next
418   }{%
419     \mkern-1mu\text{\tt markdownWarning}
420     {\Redefine setup snippet \mkern-1mu\text{\tt markdownLaTeXThemeName}\#1}%
421     \csname markdownLaTeXSetupSnippet\endcsname
422     {\mkern-1mu\text{\tt markdownLaTeXThemeName}\#1\endcsname=\#2}%
423   }{%
424 }
```

See Section 2.3.2.2 for information on interactions between setup snippets and L^AT_EX themes. See Section 2.3.2.3 on page 47 for information about invoking the stored setup snippets.

2.3.2.1 No default token renderer prototypes Default token renderer prototypes require L^AT_EX packages that may clash with other packages used in a document. Additionally, if we redefine token renderers and renderer prototypes ourselves, the default definitions will bring no benefit to us. Using the `plain` package option, we can keep the default definitions from the plain T_EX implementation (see Section 3.2.3 on page 160) and prevent the soft L^AT_EX prerequisites in Section 1.1.3 on page 3 from being loaded:

`\usepackage[plain]{markdown}`

```
425 \newif\ifmarkdownLaTeXPlain
426   \mkern-1mu\text{\tt markdownLaTeXPlainfalse}
427 \define@key{markdownOptions}{plain}[true]{%
428   \ifmarkdownLaTeXLoaded
429     \mkern-1mu\text{\tt markdownWarning}
430     {\The plain option must be specified when loading the package}%
431   \else
432     \mkern-1mu\text{\tt markdownLaTeXPlaintrue}
433   \fi}
```

2.3.2.2 L^AT_EX themes

User-contributed L^AT_EX themes for the Markdown package provide a domain-specific interpretation of some Markdown tokens. Similarly to L^AT_EX packages,

themes allow the authors to achieve a specific look and other high-level goals without low-level programming.

The \LaTeX option with key `theme` loads a \LaTeX package (further referred to as *a theme*) named `markdowntheme<munged theme name>.sty`, where the *munged theme name* is the *theme name* after a substitution of all forward slashes (/) for an underscore (_), the *theme name* is a value that is *qualified* and contains no underscores, and a value is qualified if and only if it contains at least one forward slash. Themes are inspired by the Beamer \LaTeX package, which provides similar functionality with its `\usetheme` macro [5, Section 15.1].

Theme names must be qualified to minimize naming conflicts between different themes intended for a single \LaTeX document class or for a single \LaTeX package. The preferred format of a theme name is $\langle\text{theme author}\rangle/\langle\text{target \LaTeX document class or package}\rangle/\langle\text{private naming scheme}\rangle$, where the *private naming scheme* may contain additional forward slashes. For example, a theme by a user `witiko` for the MU theme of the Beamer document class may have the name `witiko/beamer/MU`.

Theme names are munged, because \LaTeX packages are identified only by their filenames, not by their pathnames. [6] Therefore, we can't store the qualified theme names directly using directories, but we must encode the individual segments of the qualified theme in the filename. For example, loading a theme named `witiko/beamer/MU` would load a \LaTeX package named `markdownthemewitiko_beamer_MU.sty`.

If the \LaTeX option with key `theme` is (repeatedly) specified in the `\usepackage` macro, the loading of the theme(s) will be postponed in first-in-first-out order until after the Markdown \LaTeX package has been loaded. Otherwise, the theme(s) will be loaded immediately. For example, there is a theme named `witiko/dot`, which typesets fenced code blocks with the `dot` infostring as images of directed graphs rendered by the Graphviz tools. The following code would first load the Markdown package, then the `markdownthemewitiko_beamer_MU.sty` \LaTeX package, and finally the `markdownthemewitiko_dot.sty` \LaTeX package:

```
\usepackage[
    theme = witiko/beamer/MU,
    theme = witiko/dot,
] {markdown}
```

```
434 \newif\ifmarkdownLaTeXloaded
435     \markdownLaTeXloadedfalse
436 \AtEndOfPackage{\markdownLaTeXloadedtrue}%
437 \define@key{markdownOptions}{theme}{%
438     \IfSubStr{#1}{/}{\{%
439         \markdownError
440             {Won't load theme with unqualified name #1}}%
```

```

441     {Theme names must contain at least one forward slash}}%
442 \StrSubstitute{#1}{/_}{\markdownLaTeXThemePackageName}%
443 \edef\markdownLaTeXThemePackageName{%
444     \markdowntheme{\markdownLaTeXThemePackageName}}%
445 \expandafter\markdownLaTeXThemeLoad\expandafter{%
446     \markdownLaTeXThemePackageName}{#1}}}%
447 \newcommand\markdownLaTeXThemeName[]{}%
448 \newcommand\markdownLaTeXThemeLoad[2]{%
449     \ifmarkdownLaTeXLoaded
450         \def\markdownLaTeXThemeName{#2}%
451         \RequirePackage{#1}%
452         \def\markdownLaTeXThemeName{}%
453     \else
454         \AtEndOfPackage{%
455             \def\markdownLaTeXThemeName{#2}%
456             \RequirePackage{#1}%
457             \def\markdownLaTeXThemeName{}%
458         \fi}%

```

The L^AT_EX themes have a useful synergy with the setup snippets (see Section 2.3.2 on page 41): To make it less likely that different themes will define setup snippets with the same name, we will prepend `<theme name>/` before the snippet name and use the result as the snippet name. For example, if the `witiko/dot` theme defines the `product` setup snippet, the setup snippet will be available under the name `witiko/dot/product`. Due to limitations of L^AT_EX, themes may not be loaded after the beginning of a L^AT_EX document.

```
459 \onlypreamble\KV@markdown@options@theme
```

Example themes provided with the Markdown package include:

witiko/dot A theme that typesets fenced code blocks with the `dot ...` infostring as images of directed graphs rendered by the Graphviz tools. The right tail of the infostring is used as the image title.

```

\documentclass{article}
\usepackage[theme=witiko/dot]{markdown}
\setkeys{Gin}{
    width = \columnwidth,
    height = 0.65\paperheight,
    keepaspectratio}
\begin{document}
\begin{markdown}
``` dot Various formats of mathematical formulae
digraph tree {
 margin = 0;
 rankdir = "LR";

```

```

latex -> pmml;
latex -> cmmml;
pmml -> slt;
cmmml -> opt;
cmmml -> prefix;
cmmml -> infix;
pmml -> mterms [style=dashed];
cmmml -> mterms;

latex [label = "LaTeX"];
pmml [label = "Presentation MathML"];
cmmml [label = "Content MathML"];
slt [label = "Symbol Layout Tree"];
opt [label = "Operator Tree"];
prefix [label = "Prefix"];
infix [label = "Infix"];
mterms [label = "M-Terms"];
}

```
\end{document}

```

Typesetting the above document produces the output shown in Figure 4.

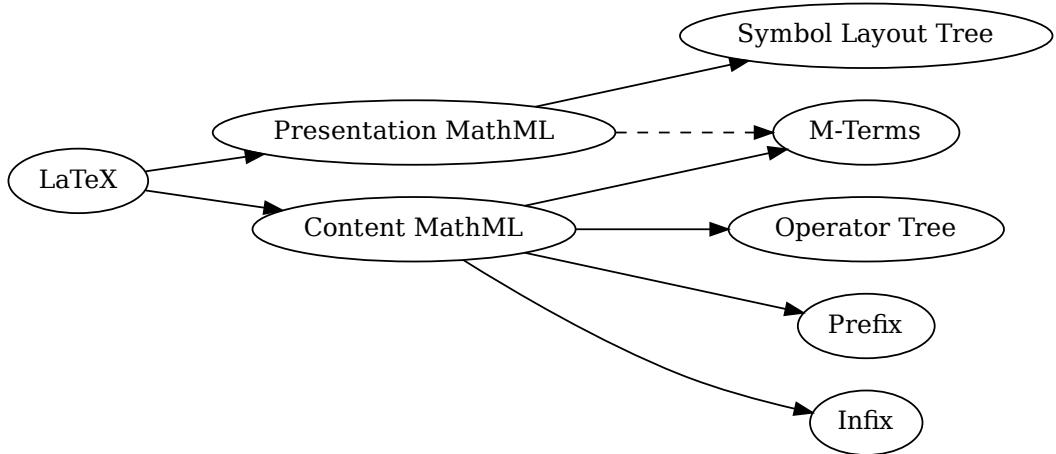


Figure 4: Various formats of mathematical formulae

The theme requires a Unix-like operating system with GNU Diffutils and Graphviz installed. The theme also requires shell access unless the `\markdownOptionFrozenCache` plain TeX option is enabled.

```
460 \ProvidesPackage{markdownthemewitiko_dot}[2021/03/09]%
```

witiko/graphicx/http A theme that adds support for downloading images whose URL has the http or https protocol.

```
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage[theme=witiko/graphicx/http]{markdown}
\begin{document}
\begin{markdown}
! [img] (https://github.com/witiko/markdown/raw/main/markdown.png
        "The banner of the Markdown package")
\end{markdown}
\end{document}
```

Typesetting the above document produces the output shown in Figure 5. The



```
\documentclass{book}
\usepackage{markdown}
\markdownSetup{pipeTables,tableCaptions}
\begin{document}
\begin{markdown}
Introduction
=====
## Section
### Subsection
Hello *Markdown*!

Right	Left	Default	Center
12	12	12	12
123	123	123	123
1	1	1	1

: Table
\end{markdown}
\end{document}
```

Chapter 1

Introduction

1.1 Section

1.1.1 Subsection

Hello *Markdown*!

| Right | Left | Default | Center |
|-------|------|---------|--------|
| 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| 123 | 123 | 123 | 123 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

Table 1.1: Table

Figure 5: The banner of the Markdown package

theme requires the `catchfile` L^AT_EX package and a Unix-like operating system with GNU Coreutils `md5sum` and either GNU Wget or cURL installed. The

theme also requires shell access unless the `\markdownOptionFrozenCache` plain TeX option is enabled.

```
461 \ProvidesPackage{markdownthemewitiko_graphicx_http}[2021/03/22]%
```

witiko/tilde A theme that makes tilde (~) always typeset the non-breaking space even when the `hybrid` Lua option is `false`.

```
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage[theme=witiko/tilde]{markdown}
\begin{document}
\begin{markdown}
Bartel~Leendert van~der~Waerden
\end{markdown}
\end{document}
```

Typesetting the above document produces the following text: “Bartel Leendert van der Waerden”.

```
462 \ProvidesPackage{markdownthemewitiko_tilde}[2021/03/22]%
```

Please, see Section 3.3.3.1 on page 172 for implementation details of the example themes.

2.3.2.3 L^AT_EX setup snippets The L^AT_EX option with key `snippet` invokes a snippet named `<value>`:

```
463 \define@key{markdownOptions}{snippet}{%
464   \expandafter\markdownSetup\expandafter{%
465     \the\csname markdownLaTeXSetupSnippet#1\endcsname}%
}
```

Here is how we can use setup snippets to store options and invoke them later:

```
\markdownSetupSnippet{romanNumerals}{
  renderers = {
    olItemWithNumber = {\item[\romannumeral#1\relax.]},
  },
}
\begin{markdown}
```

The following ordered list will be preceded by arabic numerals:

1. wahid
2. aithnayn

```

\end{markdown}
\begin{markdown*}[snippet=romanNumerals]

The following ordered list will be preceded by roman numerals:

3. tres
4. quattuor

\end{markdown*}

```

2.3.2.4 Plain TeX Interface Options The following options map directly to the option macros exposed by the plain TeX interface (see Section 2.2.2 on page 24).

```

466 \define@key{markdownOptions}{helperScriptFileName}{%
467   \def\markdownOptionHelperScriptFileName{\#1}%
468 \define@key{markdownOptions}{inputTempFileName}{%
469   \def\markdownOptionInputTempFileName{\#1}%
470 \define@key{markdownOptions}{outputTempFileName}{%
471   \def\markdownOptionOutputTempFileName{\#1}%
472 \define@key{markdownOptions}{errorTempFileName}{%
473   \def\markdownOptionErrorTempFileName{\#1}%
474 \define@key{markdownOptions}{cacheDir}{%
475   \def\markdownOptionCacheDir{\#1}%
476 \define@key{markdownOptions}{outputDir}{%
477   \def\markdownOptionOutputDir{\#1}%
478 \define@key{markdownOptions}{blankBeforeBlockquote}[true]{%
479   \def\markdownOptionBlankBeforeBlockquote{\#1}%
480 \define@key{markdownOptions}{blankBeforeCodeFence}[true]{%
481   \def\markdownOptionBlankBeforeCodeFence{\#1}%
482 \define@key{markdownOptions}{blankBeforeHeading}[true]{%
483   \def\markdownOptionBlankBeforeHeading{\#1}%
484 \define@key{markdownOptions}{breakableBlockquotes}[true]{%
485   \def\markdownOptionBreakableBlockquotes{\#1}%
486 \define@key{markdownOptions}{citations}[true]{%
487   \def\markdownOptionCitations{\#1}%
488 \define@key{markdownOptions}{citationNbsps}[true]{%
489   \def\markdownOptionCitationNbsps{\#1}%
490 \define@key{markdownOptions}{contentBlocks}[true]{%
491   \def\markdownOptionContentBlocks{\#1}%
492 \define@key{markdownOptions}{codeSpans}[true]{%
493   \def\markdownOptionCodeSpans{\#1}%
494 \define@key{markdownOptions}{contentBlocksLanguageMap}{%
495   \def\markdownOptionContentBlocksLanguageMap{\#1}%
496 \define@key{markdownOptions}{definitionLists}[true]{%
497   \def\markdownOptionDefinitionLists{\#1}%
498 \define@key{markdownOptions}{footnotes}[true]{%

```

```

499 \def\markdownOptionFootnotes{\#1}%
500 \define@key{markdownOptions}{fencedCode}[true]{%
501   \def\markdownOptionFencedCode{\#1}%
502 \define@key{markdownOptions}{jekyllData}[true]{%
503   \def\markdownOptionJekyllData{\#1}%
504 \define@key{markdownOptions}{hashEnumerators}[true]{%
505   \def\markdownOptionHashEnumerators{\#1}%
506 \define@key{markdownOptions}{headerAttributes}[true]{%
507   \def\markdownOptionHeaderAttributes{\#1}%
508 \define@key{markdownOptions}{html}[true]{%
509   \def\markdownOptionHtml{\#1}%
510 \define@key{markdownOptions}{hybrid}[true]{%
511   \def\markdownOptionHybrid{\#1}%
512 \define@key{markdownOptions}{inlineFootnotes}[true]{%
513   \def\markdownOptionInlineFootnotes{\#1}%
514 \define@key{markdownOptions}{pipeTables}[true]{%
515   \def\markdownOptionPipeTables{\#1}%
516 \define@key{markdownOptions}{preserveTabs}[true]{%
517   \def\markdownOptionPreserveTabs{\#1}%
518 \define@key{markdownOptions}{smartEllipses}[true]{%
519   \def\markdownOptionSmartEllipses{\#1}%
520 \define@key{markdownOptions}{shiftHeadings}[true]{%
521   \def\markdownOptionShiftHeadings{\#1}%
522 \define@key{markdownOptions}{slice}{%
523   \def\markdownOptionSlice{\#1}%
524 \define@key{markdownOptions}{startNumber}[true]{%
525   \def\markdownOptionStartNumber{\#1}%
526 \define@key{markdownOptions}{stripIndent}[true]{%
527   \def\markdownOptionStripIndent{\#1}%
528 \define@key{markdownOptions}{tableCaptions}[true]{%
529   \def\markdownOptionTableCaptions{\#1}%
530 \define@key{markdownOptions}{taskLists}[true]{%
531   \def\markdownOptionTaskLists{\#1}%
532 \define@key{markdownOptions}{texComments}[true]{%
533   \def\markdownOptionTeXComments{\#1}%
534 \define@key{markdownOptions}{tightLists}[true]{%
535   \def\markdownOptionTightLists{\#1}%
536 \define@key{markdownOptions}{underscores}[true]{%
537   \def\markdownOptionUnderscores{\#1}%
538 \define@key{markdownOptions}{stripPercentSigns}[true]{%
539   \def\markdownOptionStripPercentSigns{\#1}%

```

The `\markdownOptionFinalizeCache` and `\markdownOptionFrozenCache` plain TeX options are exposed through L^AT_EX options with keys `finalizeCache` and `frozenCache`.

To ensure compatibility with the `minted` package [7, Section 5.1], which supports the `finalizemcache` and `frozencache` package options with similar semantics, the

Markdown package also recognizes these as aliases and recognizes them as document class options. By passing `finalizecache` and `frozencache` as document class options, you may conveniently control the behavior of both packages at once:

```
\documentclass[frozencache]{article}
\usepackage{markdown,minted}
\begin{document}
\end{document}
```

We hope that other packages will support the `finalizecache` and `frozencache` package options in the future, so that they can become a standard interface for preparing L^AT_EX document sources for distribution.

```
540 \define@key{markdownOptions}{finalizeCache}[true]{%
541   \def\markdownOptionFinalizeCache{\#1}%
542 \DeclareOption{finalizecache}{\markdownSetup{finalizeCache}}%
543 \define@key{markdownOptions}{frozenCache}[true]{%
544   \def\markdownOptionFrozenCache{\#1}%
545 \DeclareOption{frozencache}{\markdownSetup{frozenCache}}%
546 \define@key{markdownOptions}{frozenCacheFileName}{%
547   \def\markdownOptionFrozenCacheFileName{\#1}%

```

The following example L^AT_EX code showcases a possible configuration of plain T_EX interface options `\markdownOptionHybrid`, `\markdownOptionSmartEllipses`, and `\markdownOptionCacheDir`.

```
\markdownSetup{
  hybrid,
  smartEllipses,
  cacheDir = /tmp,
}
```

2.3.2.5 Plain T_EX Markdown Token Renderers

The L^AT_EX interface recognizes an option with the `renderers` key, whose value must be a list of options that map directly to the markdown token renderer macros exposed by the plain T_EX interface (see Section 2.2.3 on page 27).

```
548 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{interblockSeparator}{%
549   \renewcommand\markdownRendererInterblockSeparator{\#1}%
550 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{lineBreak}{%
551   \renewcommand\markdownRendererLineBreak{\#1}%
552 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{ellipsis}{%
553   \renewcommand\markdownRendererEllipsis{\#1}%
554 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{nbsp}{%
555   \renewcommand\markdownRendererNbsp{\#1}%

```

```

556 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{leftBrace}{%
557   \renewcommand\markdownRendererLeftBrace{\#1}%
558 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{rightBrace}{%
559   \renewcommand\markdownRendererRightBrace{\#1}%
560 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{dollarSign}{%
561   \renewcommand\markdownRendererDollarSign{\#1}%
562 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{percentSign}{%
563   \renewcommand\markdownRendererPercentSign{\#1}%
564 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{ampersand}{%
565   \renewcommand\markdownRendererAmpersand{\#1}%
566 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{underscore}{%
567   \renewcommand\markdownRendererUnderscore{\#1}%
568 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{hash}{%
569   \renewcommand\markdownRendererHash{\#1}%
570 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{circumflex}{%
571   \renewcommand\markdownRendererCircumflex{\#1}%
572 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{backslash}{%
573   \renewcommand\markdownRendererBackslash{\#1}%
574 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{tilde}{%
575   \renewcommand\markdownRendererTilde{\#1}%
576 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{pipe}{%
577   \renewcommand\markdownRendererPipe{\#1}%
578 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{codeSpan}{%
579   \renewcommand\markdownRendererCodeSpan[1]{\#1}%
580 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{link}{%
581   \renewcommand\markdownRendererLink[4]{\#1}%
582 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{contentBlock}{%
583   \renewcommand\markdownRendererContentBlock[4]{\#1}%
584 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{contentBlockOnlineImage}{%
585   \renewcommand\markdownRendererContentBlockOnlineImage[4]{\#1}%
586 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{contentBlockCode}{%
587   \renewcommand\markdownRendererContentBlockCode[5]{\#1}%
588 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{image}{%
589   \renewcommand\markdownRendererImage[4]{\#1}%
590 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{ulBegin}{%
591   \renewcommand\markdownRendererUlBegin{\#1}%
592 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{ulBeginTight}{%
593   \renewcommand\markdownRendererUlBeginTight{\#1}%
594 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{ulItem}{%
595   \renewcommand\markdownRendererUlItem{\#1}%
596 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{ulItemEnd}{%
597   \renewcommand\markdownRendererUlItemEnd{\#1}%
598 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{ulEnd}{%
599   \renewcommand\markdownRendererUlEnd{\#1}%
600 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{ulEndTight}{%
601   \renewcommand\markdownRendererUlEndTight{\#1}%
602 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{olBegin}{%

```

```

603  \renewcommand\markdownRendererOlBegin{\#1}%
604  \define@key{markdownRenderers}{olBeginTight}{%
605    \renewcommand\markdownRendererOlBeginTight{\#1}%
606  \define@key{markdownRenderers}{olItem}{%
607    \renewcommand\markdownRendererOlItem{\#1}%
608  \define@key{markdownRenderers}{olItemWithNumber}{%
609    \renewcommand\markdownRendererOlItemWithNumber[1]{\#1}%
610  \define@key{markdownRenderers}{olItemEnd}{%
611    \renewcommand\markdownRendererOlItemEnd{\#1}%
612  \define@key{markdownRenderers}{olEnd}{%
613    \renewcommand\markdownRendererOlEnd{\#1}%
614  \define@key{markdownRenderers}{olEndTight}{%
615    \renewcommand\markdownRendererOlEndTight{\#1}%
616  \define@key{markdownRenderers}{dlBegin}{%
617    \renewcommand\markdownRendererDlBegin{\#1}%
618  \define@key{markdownRenderers}{dlBeginTight}{%
619    \renewcommand\markdownRendererDlBeginTight{\#1}%
620  \define@key{markdownRenderers}{dlItem}{%
621    \renewcommand\markdownRendererDlItem[1]{\#1}%
622  \define@key{markdownRenderers}{dlItemEnd}{%
623    \renewcommand\markdownRendererDlItemEnd{\#1}%
624  \define@key{markdownRenderers}{dlDefinitionBegin}{%
625    \renewcommand\markdownRendererDlDefinitionBegin{\#1}%
626  \define@key{markdownRenderers}{dlDefinitionEnd}{%
627    \renewcommand\markdownRendererDlDefinitionEnd{\#1}%
628  \define@key{markdownRenderers}{dlEnd}{%
629    \renewcommand\markdownRendererDlEnd{\#1}%
630  \define@key{markdownRenderers}{dlEndTight}{%
631    \renewcommand\markdownRendererDlEndTight{\#1}%
632  \define@key{markdownRenderers}{emphasis}{%
633    \renewcommand\markdownRendererEmphasis[1]{\#1}%
634  \define@key{markdownRenderers}{strongEmphasis}{%
635    \renewcommand\markdownRendererStrongEmphasis[1]{\#1}%
636  \define@key{markdownRenderers}{blockQuoteBegin}{%
637    \renewcommand\markdownRendererBlockQuoteBegin{\#1}%
638  \define@key{markdownRenderers}{blockQuoteEnd}{%
639    \renewcommand\markdownRendererBlockQuoteEnd{\#1}%
640  \define@key{markdownRenderers}{inputVerbatim}{%
641    \renewcommand\markdownRendererInputVerbatim[1]{\#1}%
642  \define@key{markdownRenderers}{inputFencedCode}{%
643    \renewcommand\markdownRendererInputFencedCode[2]{\#1}%
644  \define@key{markdownRenderers}{jekyllDataBoolean}{%
645    \renewcommand\markdownRendererJekyllDataBoolean[2]{\#1}%
646  \define@key{markdownRenderers}{jekyllDataEmpty}{%
647    \renewcommand\markdownRendererJekyllDataEmpty[1]{\#1}%
648  \define@key{markdownRenderers}{jekyllDataNumber}{%
649    \renewcommand\markdownRendererJekyllDataNumber[2]{\#1}}%

```

```

650 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{jekyllDataString}{%
651   \renewcommand\markdownRendererJekyllDataString[2]{#1}%
652 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{jekyllDataBegin}{%
653   \renewcommand\markdownRendererJekyllDataBegin{#1}%
654 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{jekyllDataEnd}{%
655   \renewcommand\markdownRendererJekyllDataEnd{#1}%
656 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{jekyllDataSequenceBegin}{%
657   \renewcommand\markdownRendererJekyllDataSequenceBegin[2]{#1}%
658 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{jekyllDataSequenceEnd}{%
659   \renewcommand\markdownRendererJekyllDataSequenceEnd{#1}%
660 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{jekyllDataMappingBegin}{%
661   \renewcommand\markdownRendererJekyllDataMappingBegin[2]{#1}%
662 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{jekyllDataMappingEnd}{%
663   \renewcommand\markdownRendererJekyllDataMappingEnd{#1}%
664 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{headingOne}{%
665   \renewcommand\markdownRendererHeadingOne[1]{#1}%
666 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{headingTwo}{%
667   \renewcommand\markdownRendererHeadingTwo[1]{#1}%
668 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{headingThree}{%
669   \renewcommand\markdownRendererHeadingThree[1]{#1}%
670 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{headingFour}{%
671   \renewcommand\markdownRendererHeadingFour[1]{#1}%
672 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{headingFive}{%
673   \renewcommand\markdownRendererHeadingFive[1]{#1}%
674 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{headingSix}{%
675   \renewcommand\markdownRendererHeadingSix[1]{#1}%
676 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{horizontalRule}{%
677   \renewcommand\markdownRendererHorizontalRule{#1}%
678 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{footnote}{%
679   \renewcommand\markdownRendererFootnote[1]{#1}%
680 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{cite}{%
681   \renewcommand\markdownRendererCite[1]{#1}%
682 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{textCite}{%
683   \renewcommand\markdownRendererTextCite[1]{#1}%
684 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{table}{%
685   \renewcommand\markdownRendererTable[3]{#1}%
686 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{inlineHtmlComment}{%
687   \renewcommand\markdownRendererInlineHtmlComment[1]{#1}%
688 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{tickedBox}{%
689   \renewcommand\markdownRendererTickedBox{#1}%
690 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{halfTickedBox}{%
691   \renewcommand\markdownRendererHalfTickedBox{#1}%
692 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{untickedBox}{%
693   \renewcommand\markdownRendererUntickedBox{#1}%

```

The following example L^AT_EX code showcases a possible configuration of the

`\markdownRendererLink` and `\markdownRendererEmphasis` markdown token renderers.

```
\markdownSetup{  
    renderers = {  
        link = {\#4},  
        emphasis = {\emph{\#1}},  
    }  
}
```

2.3.2.6 Plain TeX Markdown Token Renderer Prototypes The L^AT_EX interface recognizes an option with the `rendererPrototypes` key, whose value must be a list of options that map directly to the markdown token renderer prototype macros exposed by the plain TeX interface (see Section 2.2.4 on page 37).

```
694 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{interblockSeparator}{%  
695   \renewcommand\markdownRendererInterblockSeparatorPrototype{\#1}}%  
696 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{lineBreak}{%  
697   \renewcommand\markdownRendererLineBreakPrototype{\#1}}%  
698 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{ellipsis}{%  
699   \renewcommand\markdownRendererEllipsisPrototype{\#1}}%  
700 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{nbsp}{%  
701   \renewcommand\markdownRendererNbspPrototype{\#1}}%  
702 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{leftBrace}{%  
703   \renewcommand\markdownRendererLeftBracePrototype{\#1}}%  
704 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{rightBrace}{%  
705   \renewcommand\markdownRendererRightBracePrototype{\#1}}%  
706 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{dollarSign}{%  
707   \renewcommand\markdownRendererDollarSignPrototype{\#1}}%  
708 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{percentSign}{%  
709   \renewcommand\markdownRendererPercentSignPrototype{\#1}}%  
710 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{ampersand}{%  
711   \renewcommand\markdownRendererAmpersandPrototype{\#1}}%  
712 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{underscore}{%  
713   \renewcommand\markdownRendererUnderscorePrototype{\#1}}%  
714 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{hash}{%  
715   \renewcommand\markdownRendererHashPrototype{\#1}}%  
716 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{circumflex}{%  
717   \renewcommand\markdownRendererCircumflexPrototype{\#1}}%  
718 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{backslash}{%  
719   \renewcommand\markdownRendererBackslashPrototype{\#1}}%  
720 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{tilde}{%  
721   \renewcommand\markdownRendererTildePrototype{\#1}}%  
722 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{pipe}{%  
723   \renewcommand\markdownRendererPipePrototype{\#1}}%  
724 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{codeSpan}{%  
725   \renewcommand\markdownRendererCodeSpanPrototype[1]{\#1}}%  
726 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{link}{%
```

```

727 \renewcommand\markdownRendererLinkPrototype[4]{#1}%
728 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{contentBlock}{%
729   \renewcommand\markdownRendererContentBlockPrototype[4]{#1}%
730 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{contentBlockOnlineImage}{%
731   \renewcommand\markdownRendererContentBlockOnlineImagePrototype[4]{#1}%
732 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{contentBlockCode}{%
733   \renewcommand\markdownRendererContentBlockCodePrototype[5]{#1}%
734 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{image}{%
735   \renewcommand\markdownRendererImagePrototype[4]{#1}%
736 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{ulBegin}{%
737   \renewcommand\markdownRendererUlBeginPrototype{#1}%
738 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{ulBeginTight}{%
739   \renewcommand\markdownRendererUlBeginTightPrototype{#1}%
740 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{ulItem}{%
741   \renewcommand\markdownRendererUlItemPrototype{#1}%
742 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{ulItemEnd}{%
743   \renewcommand\markdownRendererUlItemEndPrototype{#1}%
744 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{ulEnd}{%
745   \renewcommand\markdownRendererUlEndPrototype{#1}%
746 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{ulEndTight}{%
747   \renewcommand\markdownRendererUlEndTightPrototype{#1}%
748 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{olBegin}{%
749   \renewcommand\markdownRendererOlBeginPrototype{#1}%
750 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{olBeginTight}{%
751   \renewcommand\markdownRendererOlBeginTightPrototype{#1}%
752 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{olItem}{%
753   \renewcommand\markdownRendererOlItemPrototype{#1}%
754 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{olItemWithNumber}{%
755   \renewcommand\markdownRendererOlItemWithNumberPrototype[1]{#1}%
756 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{olItemEnd}{%
757   \renewcommand\markdownRendererOlItemEndPrototype{#1}%
758 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{olEnd}{%
759   \renewcommand\markdownRendererOlEndPrototype{#1}%
760 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{olEndTight}{%
761   \renewcommand\markdownRendererOlEndTightPrototype{#1}%
762 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{dlBegin}{%
763   \renewcommand\markdownRendererDlBeginPrototype{#1}%
764 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{dlBeginTight}{%
765   \renewcommand\markdownRendererDlBeginTightPrototype{#1}%
766 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{dlItem}{%
767   \renewcommand\markdownRendererDlItemPrototype[1]{#1}%
768 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{dlItemEnd}{%
769   \renewcommand\markdownRendererDlItemEndPrototype{#1}%
770 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{dlDefinitionBegin}{%
771   \renewcommand\markdownRendererDlDefinitionBeginPrototype{#1}%
772 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{dlDefinitionEnd}{%
773   \renewcommand\markdownRendererDlDefinitionEndPrototype{#1}%

```

```

774 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{dlEnd}{%
775   \renewcommand\markdownRendererDlEndPrototype{\#1}%
776 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{dlEndTight}{%
777   \renewcommand\markdownRendererDlEndTightPrototype{\#1}%
778 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{emphasis}{%
779   \renewcommand\markdownRendererEmphasisPrototype[1]{\#1}%
780 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{strongEmphasis}{%
781   \renewcommand\markdownRendererStrongEmphasisPrototype[1]{\#1}%
782 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{blockQuoteBegin}{%
783   \renewcommand\markdownRendererBlockQuoteBeginPrototype{\#1}%
784 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{blockQuoteEnd}{%
785   \renewcommand\markdownRendererBlockQuoteEndPrototype{\#1}%
786 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{inputVerbatim}{%
787   \renewcommand\markdownRendererInputVerbatimPrototype[1]{\#1}%
788 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{inputFencedCode}{%
789   \renewcommand\markdownRendererInputFencedCodePrototype[2]{\#1}%
790 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{jekyllDataBoolean}{%
791   \renewcommand\markdownRendererJekyllDataBooleanPrototype[2]{\#1}%
792 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{jekyllDataEmpty}{%
793   \renewcommand\markdownRendererJekyllDataEmptyPrototype[1]{\#1}%
794 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{jekyllDataNumber}{%
795   \renewcommand\markdownRendererJekyllDataNumberPrototype[2]{\#1}%
796 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{jekyllDataString}{%
797   \renewcommand\markdownRendererJekyllDataStringPrototype[2]{\#1}%
798 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{jekyllDataBegin}{%
799   \renewcommand\markdownRendererJekyllDataBeginPrototype{\#1}%
800 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{jekyllDataEnd}{%
801   \renewcommand\markdownRendererJekyllDataEndPrototype{\#1}%
802 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{jekyllDataSequenceBegin}{%
803   \renewcommand\markdownRendererJekyllDataSequenceBeginPrototype[2]{\#1}%
804 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{jekyllDataSequenceEnd}{%
805   \renewcommand\markdownRendererJekyllDataSequenceEndPrototype{\#1}%
806 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{jekyllDataMappingBegin}{%
807   \renewcommand\markdownRendererJekyllDataMappingBeginPrototype[2]{\#1}%
808 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{jekyllDataMappingEnd}{%
809   \renewcommand\markdownRendererJekyllDataMappingEndPrototype{\#1}%
810 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{headingOne}{%
811   \renewcommand\markdownRendererHeadingOnePrototype[1]{\#1}%
812 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{headingTwo}{%
813   \renewcommand\markdownRendererHeadingTwoPrototype[1]{\#1}%
814 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{headingThree}{%
815   \renewcommand\markdownRendererHeadingThreePrototype[1]{\#1}%
816 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{headingFour}{%
817   \renewcommand\markdownRendererHeadingFourPrototype[1]{\#1}%
818 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{headingFive}{%
819   \renewcommand\markdownRendererHeadingFivePrototype[1]{\#1}%
820 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{headingSix}{%

```

```

821 \renewcommand\markdownRendererHeadingSixPrototype[1]{#1}%
822 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{horizontalRule}{%
823   \renewcommand\markdownRendererHorizontalRulePrototype[#1]%
824 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{footnote}{%
825   \renewcommand\markdownRendererFootnotePrototype[1]{#1}%
826 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{cite}{%
827   \renewcommand\markdownRendererCitePrototype[1]{#1}%
828 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{textCite}{%
829   \renewcommand\markdownRendererTextCitePrototype[1]{#1}%
830 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{table}{%
831   \renewcommand\markdownRendererTablePrototype[3]{#1}%
832 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{inlineHtmlComment}{%
833   \renewcommand\markdownRendererInlineHtmlCommentPrototype[1]{#1}%
834 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{tickedBox}{%
835   \renewcommand\markdownRendererTickedBoxPrototype[#1]%
836 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{halfTickedBox}{%
837   \renewcommand\markdownRendererHalfTickedBoxPrototype[#1]%
838 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{untickedBox}{%
839   \renewcommand\markdownRendererUntickedBoxPrototype[#1]%

```

The following example L^AT_EX code showcases a possible configuration of the `\markdownRendererImagePrototype` and `\markdownRendererCodeSpanPrototype` markdown token renderer prototypes.

```

\markdownSetup{
  rendererPrototypes = {
    image = {\includegraphics{#2}},
    codeSpan = {\texttt{#1}},    }
}

```

2.4 ConTeXt Interface

The ConTeXt interface provides a start-stop macro pair for the typesetting of markdown input from within ConTeXt. The rest of the interface is inherited from the plain T_EX interface (see Section 2.2 on page 22).

```

840 \writestatus{loading}{ConTeXt User Module / markdown}%
841 \startmodule[markdown]
842 \unprotect

```

The ConTeXt interface is implemented by the `t-markdown.tex` ConTeXt module file that can be loaded as follows:

```

\usemodule[t][markdown]

```

It is expected that the special plain T_EX characters have the expected category codes, when `\input`ting the file.

2.4.1 Typesetting Markdown

The interface exposes the `\startmarkdown` and `\stopmarkdown` macro pair for the typesetting of a markdown document fragment.

```
843 \let\startmarkdown\relax  
844 \let\stopmarkdown\relax
```

You may prepend your own code to the `\startmarkdown` macro and redefine the `\stopmarkdown` macro to produce special effects before and after the markdown block.

Note that the `\startmarkdown` and `\stopmarkdown` macros are subject to the same limitations as the `\markdownBegin` and `\markdownEnd` macros exposed by the plain `TEX` interface.

The following example Con`TEXt` code showcases the usage of the `\startmarkdown` and `\stopmarkdown` macros:

```
\usemodule[t][markdown]  
\starttext  
\startmarkdown  
_Hello_ **world** ...  
\stopmarkdown  
\stoptext
```

3 Implementation

This part of the documentation describes the implementation of the interfaces exposed by the package (see Section 2 on page 6) and is aimed at the developers of the package, as well as the curious users.

Figure 1 on page 7 shows the high-level structure of the Markdown package: The translation from markdown to `TEX token renderers` is performed by the Lua layer. The plain `TEX` layer provides default definitions for the token renderers. The `LATEX` and Con`TEXt` layers correct idiosyncrasies of the respective `TEX` formats, and provide format-specific default definitions for the token renderers.

3.1 Lua Implementation

The Lua implementation implements `writer` and `reader` objects that provide the conversion from markdown to plain `TEX`.

The Lunamark Lua module implements writers for the conversion to various other formats, such as DocBook, Groff, or HTML. These were stripped from the module and the remaining markdown reader and plain `TEX` writer were hidden behind the converter functions exposed by the Lua interface (see Section 2.1 on page 6).

```

845 local upper, gsub, format, length =
846   string.upper, string.gsub, string.format, string.len
847 local concat = table.concat
848 local P, R, S, V, C, Cg, Cb, Cmt, Cc, Ct, B, Cs, any =
849   lpeg.P, lpeg.R, lpeg.S, lpeg.V, lpeg.C, lpeg.Cg, lpeg.Cb,
850   lpeg.Cmt, lpeg.Cc, lpeg.Ct, lpeg.B, lpeg.Cs, lpeg.P(1)

```

3.1.1 Utility Functions

This section documents the utility functions used by the plain TeX writer and the markdown reader. These functions are encapsulated in the `util` object. The functions were originally located in the `lunamark/util.lua` file in the Lunamark Lua module.

```
851 local util = {}
```

The `util.err` method prints an error message `msg` and exits. If `exit_code` is provided, it specifies the exit code. Otherwise, the exit code will be 1.

```

852 function util.err(msg, exit_code)
853   io.stderr:write("markdown.lua: " .. msg .. "\n")
854   os.exit(exit_code or 1)
855 end

```

The `util.cache` method computes the digest of `string` and `salt`, adds the `suffix` and looks into the directory `dir`, whether a file with such a name exists. If it does not, it gets created with `transform(string)` as its content. The filename is then returned.

```

856 function util.cache(dir, string, salt, transform, suffix)
857   local digest = md5.sumhexa(string .. (salt or ""))
858   local name = util.pathname(dir, digest .. suffix)
859   local file = io.open(name, "r")
860   if file == nil then -- If no cache entry exists, then create a new one.
861     local file = assert(io.open(name, "w"),
862       [[could not open file ]] .. name .. [[ for writing]])
863     local result = string
864     if transform ~= nil then
865       result = transform(result)
866     end
867     assert(file:write(result))
868     assert(file:close())
869   end
870   return name
871 end

```

The `util.table_copy` method creates a shallow copy of a table `t` and its metatable.

```

872 function util.table_copy(t)
873   local u = { }
874   for k, v in pairs(t) do u[k] = v end

```

```

875     return setmetatable(u, getmetatable(t))
876 end

```

The `util.expand_tabs_in_line` expands tabs in string `s`. If `tabstop` is specified, it is used as the tab stop width. Otherwise, the tab stop width of 4 characters is used. The method is a copy of the tab expansion algorithm from Ierusalimschy [8, Chapter 21].

```

877 function util.expand_tabs_in_line(s, tabstop)
878     local tab = tabstop or 4
879     local corr = 0
880     return (s:gsub("()\t", function(p)
881         local sp = tab - (p - 1 + corr) % tab
882         corr = corr - 1 + sp
883         return string.rep(" ", sp)
884     end))
885 end

```

The `util.walk` method walks a rope `t`, applying a function `f` to each leaf element in order. A rope is an array whose elements may be ropes, strings, numbers, or functions. If a leaf element is a function, call it and get the return value before proceeding.

```

886 function util.walk(t, f)
887     local typ = type(t)
888     if typ == "string" then
889         f(t)
890     elseif typ == "table" then
891         local i = 1
892         local n
893         n = t[i]
894         while n do
895             util.walk(n, f)
896             i = i + 1
897             n = t[i]
898         end
899     elseif typ == "function" then
900         local ok, val = pcall(t)
901         if ok then
902             util.walk(val,f)
903         end
904     else
905         f(tostring(t))
906     end
907 end

```

The `util.flatten` method flattens an array `ary` that does not contain cycles and returns the result.

```

908 function util.flatten(ary)

```

```

909 local new = {}
910 for _,v in ipairs(ary) do
911     if type(v) == "table" then
912         for _,w in ipairs(util.flatten(v)) do
913             new[#new + 1] = w
914         end
915     else
916         new[#new + 1] = v
917     end
918 end
919 return new
920 end

```

The `util.rope_to_string` method converts a rope `rope` to a string and returns it. For the definition of a rope, see the definition of the `util.walk` method.

```

921 function util.rope_to_string(rope)
922     local buffer = {}
923     util.walk(rope, function(x) buffer[#buffer + 1] = x end)
924     return table.concat(buffer)
925 end

```

The `util.rope_last` method retrieves the last item in a rope. For the definition of a rope, see the definition of the `util.walk` method.

```

926 function util.rope_last(rope)
927     if #rope == 0 then
928         return nil
929     else
930         local l = rope[#rope]
931         if type(l) == "table" then
932             return util.rope_last(l)
933         else
934             return l
935         end
936     end
937 end

```

Given an array `ary` and a string `x`, the `util.intersperse` method returns an array `new`, such that `ary[i] == new[2*(i-1)+1]` and `new[2*i] == x` for all $1 \leq i \leq \#ary$.

```

938 function util.intersperse(ary, x)
939     local new = {}
940     local l = #ary
941     for i,v in ipairs(ary) do
942         local n = #new
943         new[n + 1] = v
944         if i ~= l then
945             new[n + 2] = x
946         end

```

```

947     end
948     return new
949   end

```

Given an array `ary` and a function `f`, the `util.map` method returns an array `new`, such that `new[i] == f(ary[i])` for all $1 \leq i \leq \#ary$.

```

950 function util.map(ary, f)
951   local new = {}
952   for i,v in ipairs(ary) do
953     new[i] = f(v)
954   end
955   return new
956 end

```

Given a table `char_escapes` mapping escapable characters to escaped strings and optionally a table `string_escapes` mapping escapable strings to escaped strings, the `util.escaper` method returns an escaper function that escapes all occurrences of escapable strings and characters (in this order).

The method uses LPeg, which is faster than the Lua `string.gsub` built-in method.

```

957 function util.escaper(char_escapes, string_escapes)

```

Build a string of escapable characters.

```

958   local char_escapes_list = ""
959   for i,_ in pairs(char_escapes) do
960     char_escapes_list = char_escapes_list .. i
961   end

```

Create an LPeg capture `escapable` that produces the escaped string corresponding to the matched escapable character.

```

962   local escapable = S(char_escapes_list) / char_escapes

```

If `string_escapes` is provided, turn `escapable` into the

$$\sum_{(k,v) \in \text{string_escapes}} P(k) / v + \text{escapable}$$

capture that replaces any occurrence of the string `k` with the string `v` for each $(k, v) \in \text{string_escapes}$. Note that the pattern summation is not commutative and its operands are inspected in the summation order during the matching. As a corollary, the strings always take precedence over the characters.

```

963   if string_escapes then
964     for k,v in pairs(string_escapes) do
965       escapable = P(k) / v + escapable
966     end
967   end

```

Create an LPeg capture `escape_string` that captures anything `escapable` does and matches any other unmatched characters.

```

968   local escape_string = Cs((escapable + any)^0)

```

Return a function that matches the input string `s` against the `escape_string` capture.

```
969     return function(s)
970         return lpeg.match(escape_string, s)
971     end
972 end
```

The `util.pathname` method produces a pathname out of a directory name `dir` and a filename `file` and returns it.

```
973 function util.pathname(dir, file)
974     if #dir == 0 then
975         return file
976     else
977         return dir .. "/" .. file
978     end
979 end
```

3.1.2 HTML Entities

This section documents the HTML entities recognized by the markdown reader. These functions are encapsulated in the `entities` object. The functions were originally located in the `lunamark/entities.lua` file in the Lunamark Lua module.

```
980 local entities = {}
981
982 local character_entities = {
983     ["Tab"] = 9,
984     ["NewLine"] = 10,
985     ["excl"] = 33,
986     ["quot"] = 34,
987     ["QUOT"] = 34,
988     ["num"] = 35,
989     ["dollar"] = 36,
990     ["percnt"] = 37,
991     ["amp"] = 38,
992     ["AMP"] = 38,
993     ["apos"] = 39,
994     ["lpar"] = 40,
995     ["rpar"] = 41,
996     ["ast"] = 42,
997     ["midast"] = 42,
998     ["plus"] = 43,
999     ["comma"] = 44,
1000    ["period"] = 46,
1001    ["sol"] = 47,
1002    ["colon"] = 58,
1003    ["semi"] = 59,
```

```
1004 ["lt"] = 60,
1005 ["LT"] = 60,
1006 ["equals"] = 61,
1007 ["gt"] = 62,
1008 ["GT"] = 62,
1009 ["quest"] = 63,
1010 ["commat"] = 64,
1011 ["lsqb"] = 91,
1012 ["lbrack"] = 91,
1013 ["bsol"] = 92,
1014 ["rsqb"] = 93,
1015 ["rbrack"] = 93,
1016 ["Hat"] = 94,
1017 ["lowbar"] = 95,
1018 ["grave"] = 96,
1019 ["DiacriticalGrave"] = 96,
1020 ["lcub"] = 123,
1021 ["lbrace"] = 123,
1022 ["verbar"] = 124,
1023 ["vert"] = 124,
1024 ["VerticalLine"] = 124,
1025 ["rcub"] = 125,
1026 ["rbrace"] = 125,
1027 ["nbsp"] = 160,
1028 ["NonBreakingSpace"] = 160,
1029 ["iexcl"] = 161,
1030 ["cent"] = 162,
1031 ["pound"] = 163,
1032 ["curren"] = 164,
1033 ["yen"] = 165,
1034 ["brvbar"] = 166,
1035 ["sect"] = 167,
1036 ["Dot"] = 168,
1037 ["die"] = 168,
1038 ["DoubleDot"] = 168,
1039 ["uml"] = 168,
1040 ["copy"] = 169,
1041 ["COPY"] = 169,
1042 ["ordf"] = 170,
1043 ["laquo"] = 171,
1044 ["not"] = 172,
1045 ["shy"] = 173,
1046 ["reg"] = 174,
1047 ["circledR"] = 174,
1048 ["REG"] = 174,
1049 ["macr"] = 175,
1050 ["OverBar"] = 175,
```

```
1051 ["strns"] = 175,
1052 ["deg"] = 176,
1053 ["plusmn"] = 177,
1054 ["pm"] = 177,
1055 ["PlusMinus"] = 177,
1056 ["sup2"] = 178,
1057 ["sup3"] = 179,
1058 ["acute"] = 180,
1059 ["DiacriticalAcute"] = 180,
1060 ["micro"] = 181,
1061 ["para"] = 182,
1062 ["middot"] = 183,
1063 ["centerdot"] = 183,
1064 ["CenterDot"] = 183,
1065 ["cedil"] = 184,
1066 ["Cedilla"] = 184,
1067 ["sup1"] = 185,
1068 ["ordm"] = 186,
1069 ["raquo"] = 187,
1070 ["frac14"] = 188,
1071 ["frac12"] = 189,
1072 ["half"] = 189,
1073 ["frac34"] = 190,
1074 ["iquest"] = 191,
1075 ["Agrave"] = 192,
1076 ["Aacute"] = 193,
1077 ["Acirc"] = 194,
1078 ["Atilde"] = 195,
1079 ["Auml"] = 196,
1080 ["Aring"] = 197,
1081 ["AElig"] = 198,
1082 ["Ccedil"] = 199,
1083 ["Egrave"] = 200,
1084 ["Eacute"] = 201,
1085 ["Ecirc"] = 202,
1086 ["Euml"] = 203,
1087 ["Igrave"] = 204,
1088 ["Iacute"] = 205,
1089 ["Icirc"] = 206,
1090 ["Iuml"] = 207,
1091 ["ETH"] = 208,
1092 ["Ntilde"] = 209,
1093 ["Ograve"] = 210,
1094 ["Oacute"] = 211,
1095 ["Ocirc"] = 212,
1096 ["Otilde"] = 213,
1097 ["Ouml"] = 214,
```

```
1098 ["times"] = 215,
1099 ["Oslash"] = 216,
1100 ["Ugrave"] = 217,
1101 ["Uacute"] = 218,
1102 ["Ucirc"] = 219,
1103 ["Uuml"] = 220,
1104 ["Yacute"] = 221,
1105 ["THORN"] = 222,
1106 ["szlig"] = 223,
1107 ["agrave"] = 224,
1108 ["aacute"] = 225,
1109 ["acirc"] = 226,
1110 ["atilde"] = 227,
1111 ["auml"] = 228,
1112 ["aring"] = 229,
1113 ["aelig"] = 230,
1114 ["ccedil"] = 231,
1115 ["egrave"] = 232,
1116 ["eacute"] = 233,
1117 ["ecirc"] = 234,
1118 ["euml"] = 235,
1119 ["igrave"] = 236,
1120 ["iacute"] = 237,
1121 ["icirc"] = 238,
1122 ["iuml"] = 239,
1123 ["eth"] = 240,
1124 ["ntilde"] = 241,
1125 ["ograve"] = 242,
1126 ["oacute"] = 243,
1127 ["ocirc"] = 244,
1128 ["otilde"] = 245,
1129 ["ouml"] = 246,
1130 ["divide"] = 247,
1131 ["div"] = 247,
1132 ["oslash"] = 248,
1133 ["ugrave"] = 249,
1134 ["uacute"] = 250,
1135 ["ucirc"] = 251,
1136 ["uuml"] = 252,
1137 ["yacute"] = 253,
1138 ["thorn"] = 254,
1139 ["yuml"] = 255,
1140 ["Amacr"] = 256,
1141 ["amacr"] = 257,
1142 ["Abreve"] = 258,
1143 ["abreve"] = 259,
1144 ["Aogon"] = 260,
```

```
1145 ["aogon"] = 261,
1146 ["Cacute"] = 262,
1147 ["cacute"] = 263,
1148 ["Ccirc"] = 264,
1149 ["ccirc"] = 265,
1150 ["Cdot"] = 266,
1151 ["cdot"] = 267,
1152 ["Ccaron"] = 268,
1153 ["ccaron"] = 269,
1154 ["Dcaron"] = 270,
1155 ["dcaron"] = 271,
1156 ["Dstrok"] = 272,
1157 ["dstrok"] = 273,
1158 ["Emacr"] = 274,
1159 ["emacr"] = 275,
1160 ["Edot"] = 278,
1161 ["edot"] = 279,
1162 ["Egon"] = 280,
1163 ["eogon"] = 281,
1164 ["Ecaron"] = 282,
1165 ["ecaron"] = 283,
1166 ["Gcirc"] = 284,
1167 ["gcirc"] = 285,
1168 ["Gbreve"] = 286,
1169 ["gbreve"] = 287,
1170 ["Gdot"] = 288,
1171 ["gdot"] = 289,
1172 ["Gcedil"] = 290,
1173 ["Hcirc"] = 292,
1174 ["hcirc"] = 293,
1175 ["Hstrok"] = 294,
1176 ["hstrok"] = 295,
1177 ["Itilde"] = 296,
1178 ["itilde"] = 297,
1179 ["Imacr"] = 298,
1180 ["imacr"] = 299,
1181 ["Iogon"] = 302,
1182 ["iogon"] = 303,
1183 ["Idot"] = 304,
1184 ["imath"] = 305,
1185 ["inodot"] = 305,
1186 ["IJlig"] = 306,
1187 ["ijlig"] = 307,
1188 ["Jcirc"] = 308,
1189 ["jcirc"] = 309,
1190 ["Kcedil"] = 310,
1191 ["kcedil"] = 311,
```

```
1192 ["kgreen"] = 312,
1193 ["Lacute"] = 313,
1194 ["lacute"] = 314,
1195 ["Lcedil"] = 315,
1196 ["lcedil"] = 316,
1197 ["Lcaron"] = 317,
1198 ["lcaron"] = 318,
1199 ["Lmidot"] = 319,
1200 ["lmidot"] = 320,
1201 ["Lstrok"] = 321,
1202 ["lstrok"] = 322,
1203 ["Nacute"] = 323,
1204 ["nacute"] = 324,
1205 ["Ncedil"] = 325,
1206 ["ncedil"] = 326,
1207 ["Ncaron"] = 327,
1208 ["ncaron"] = 328,
1209 ["napos"] = 329,
1210 ["ENG"] = 330,
1211 ["eng"] = 331,
1212 ["Omacr"] = 332,
1213 ["omacr"] = 333,
1214 ["Odblac"] = 336,
1215 ["odblac"] = 337,
1216 ["OElig"] = 338,
1217 ["oelig"] = 339,
1218 ["Racute"] = 340,
1219 ["racute"] = 341,
1220 ["Rcedil"] = 342,
1221 ["rcedil"] = 343,
1222 ["Rcaron"] = 344,
1223 ["rcaron"] = 345,
1224 ["Sacute"] = 346,
1225 ["sacute"] = 347,
1226 ["Scirc"] = 348,
1227 ["scirc"] = 349,
1228 ["Scedil"] = 350,
1229 ["scedil"] = 351,
1230 ["Scaron"] = 352,
1231 ["scaron"] = 353,
1232 ["Tcedil"] = 354,
1233 ["tcedil"] = 355,
1234 ["Tcaron"] = 356,
1235 ["tcaron"] = 357,
1236 ["Tstrok"] = 358,
1237 ["tstrok"] = 359,
1238 ["Utilde"] = 360,
```

```
1239 ["utilde"] = 361,
1240 ["Umacr"] = 362,
1241 ["umacr"] = 363,
1242 ["Ubreve"] = 364,
1243 ["ubreve"] = 365,
1244 ["Uring"] = 366,
1245 ["uring"] = 367,
1246 ["Udblac"] = 368,
1247 ["udblac"] = 369,
1248 ["Uogon"] = 370,
1249 ["uogon"] = 371,
1250 ["Wcirc"] = 372,
1251 ["wcirc"] = 373,
1252 ["Ycirc"] = 374,
1253 ["ycirc"] = 375,
1254 ["Yuml"] = 376,
1255 ["Zacute"] = 377,
1256 ["zacute"] = 378,
1257 ["Zdot"] = 379,
1258 ["zdot"] = 380,
1259 ["Zcaron"] = 381,
1260 ["zcaron"] = 382,
1261 ["fnof"] = 402,
1262 ["imped"] = 437,
1263 ["gacute"] = 501,
1264 ["jmath"] = 567,
1265 ["circ"] = 710,
1266 ["caron"] = 711,
1267 ["Hacek"] = 711,
1268 ["breve"] = 728,
1269 ["Breve"] = 728,
1270 ["dot"] = 729,
1271 ["DiacriticalDot"] = 729,
1272 ["ring"] = 730,
1273 ["ogon"] = 731,
1274 ["tilde"] = 732,
1275 ["DiacriticalTilde"] = 732,
1276 ["dblac"] = 733,
1277 ["DiacriticalDoubleAcute"] = 733,
1278 ["DownBreve"] = 785,
1279 ["UnderBar"] = 818,
1280 ["Alpha"] = 913,
1281 ["Beta"] = 914,
1282 ["Gamma"] = 915,
1283 ["Delta"] = 916,
1284 ["Epsilon"] = 917,
1285 ["Zeta"] = 918,
```

```

1286 ["Eta"] = 919,
1287 ["Theta"] = 920,
1288 ["Iota"] = 921,
1289 ["Kappa"] = 922,
1290 ["Lambda"] = 923,
1291 ["Mu"] = 924,
1292 ["Nu"] = 925,
1293 ["Xi"] = 926,
1294 ["Omicron"] = 927,
1295 ["Pi"] = 928,
1296 ["Rho"] = 929,
1297 ["Sigma"] = 931,
1298 ["Tau"] = 932,
1299 ["Upsilon"] = 933,
1300 ["Phi"] = 934,
1301 ["Chi"] = 935,
1302 ["Psi"] = 936,
1303 ["Omega"] = 937,
1304 ["alpha"] = 945,
1305 ["beta"] = 946,
1306 ["gamma"] = 947,
1307 ["delta"] = 948,
1308 ["epsiv"] = 949,
1309 ["varepsilon"] = 949,
1310 ["epsilon"] = 949,
1311 ["zeta"] = 950,
1312 ["eta"] = 951,
1313 ["theta"] = 952,
1314 ["iota"] = 953,
1315 ["kappa"] = 954,
1316 ["lambda"] = 955,
1317 ["mu"] = 956,
1318 ["nu"] = 957,
1319 ["xi"] = 958,
1320 ["omicron"] = 959,
1321 ["pi"] = 960,
1322 ["rho"] = 961,
1323 ["sigmav"] = 962,
1324 ["varsigma"] = 962,
1325 ["sigmavf"] = 962,
1326 ["sigma"] = 963,
1327 ["tau"] = 964,
1328 ["upsilon"] = 965,
1329 ["upsilon"] = 965,
1330 ["phi"] = 966,
1331 ["phiv"] = 966,
1332 ["varphi"] = 966,

```

```

1333 ["chi"] = 967,
1334 ["psi"] = 968,
1335 ["omega"] = 969,
1336 ["thetav"] = 977,
1337 ["vartheta"] = 977,
1338 ["thetasym"] = 977,
1339 ["Upsi"] = 978,
1340 ["upsih"] = 978,
1341 ["straightphi"] = 981,
1342 ["piv"] = 982,
1343 ["varpi"] = 982,
1344 ["Gammad"] = 988,
1345 ["gammad"] = 989,
1346 ["digamma"] = 989,
1347 ["kappav"] = 1008,
1348 ["varkappa"] = 1008,
1349 ["rhov"] = 1009,
1350 ["varrho"] = 1009,
1351 ["epsi"] = 1013,
1352 ["straightepsilon"] = 1013,
1353 ["bepsi"] = 1014,
1354 ["backepsilon"] = 1014,
1355 ["I0cy"] = 1025,
1356 ["DJcy"] = 1026,
1357 ["GJcy"] = 1027,
1358 ["Jukcy"] = 1028,
1359 ["DScy"] = 1029,
1360 ["Iukcy"] = 1030,
1361 ["YIcy"] = 1031,
1362 ["Jsery"] = 1032,
1363 ["LJcy"] = 1033,
1364 ["NJcy"] = 1034,
1365 ["TSHcy"] = 1035,
1366 ["KJcy"] = 1036,
1367 ["Ubrcy"] = 1038,
1368 ["DZcy"] = 1039,
1369 ["Acy"] = 1040,
1370 ["Bcy"] = 1041,
1371 ["Vcy"] = 1042,
1372 ["Gcy"] = 1043,
1373 ["Dcy"] = 1044,
1374 ["IEcy"] = 1045,
1375 ["ZHcy"] = 1046,
1376 ["Zcy"] = 1047,
1377 ["Icy"] = 1048,
1378 ["Jcy"] = 1049,
1379 ["Kcy"] = 1050,

```

```
1380 ["Lcy"] = 1051,
1381 ["Mcy"] = 1052,
1382 ["Ncy"] = 1053,
1383 ["Ocy"] = 1054,
1384 ["Pcy"] = 1055,
1385 ["Rcy"] = 1056,
1386 ["Scy"] = 1057,
1387 ["Tcy"] = 1058,
1388 ["Ucy"] = 1059,
1389 ["Fcy"] = 1060,
1390 ["KHcy"] = 1061,
1391 ["TScy"] = 1062,
1392 ["CHcy"] = 1063,
1393 ["SHcy"] = 1064,
1394 ["SHCHcy"] = 1065,
1395 ["HARDcycy"] = 1066,
1396 ["Ycy"] = 1067,
1397 ["SOFTcycy"] = 1068,
1398 ["Ecy"] = 1069,
1399 ["YUcy"] = 1070,
1400 ["YAcy"] = 1071,
1401 ["acy"] = 1072,
1402 ["bcy"] = 1073,
1403 ["vcy"] = 1074,
1404 ["gcy"] = 1075,
1405 ["dcy"] = 1076,
1406 ["iecy"] = 1077,
1407 ["zhcycy"] = 1078,
1408 ["zcy"] = 1079,
1409 ["icy"] = 1080,
1410 ["jcy"] = 1081,
1411 ["kcy"] = 1082,
1412 ["lcy"] = 1083,
1413 ["mcy"] = 1084,
1414 ["ncy"] = 1085,
1415 ["ocy"] = 1086,
1416 ["pcy"] = 1087,
1417 ["rcy"] = 1088,
1418 ["scy"] = 1089,
1419 ["tcy"] = 1090,
1420 ["ucy"] = 1091,
1421 ["fcy"] = 1092,
1422 ["khcycy"] = 1093,
1423 ["tscycy"] = 1094,
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1432 ["yacy"] = 1103,
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1434 ["djcy"] = 1106,
1435 ["gjcy"] = 1107,
1436 ["jukcy"] = 1108,
1437 ["dscy"] = 1109,
1438 ["iukcy"] = 1110,
1439 ["yicy"] = 1111,
1440 ["jsercy"] = 1112,
1441 ["ljcy"] = 1113,
1442 ["njcy"] = 1114,
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1444 ["kjcy"] = 1116,
1445 ["ubrcy"] = 1118,
1446 ["dzcy"] = 1119,
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1460 ["NegativeMediumSpace"] = 8203,
1461 ["NegativeThickSpace"] = 8203,
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1481 ["OpenCurlyDoubleQuote"] = 8220,
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1484 ["CloseCurlyDoubleQuote"] = 8221,
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1503 ["rsaquo"] = 8250,
1504 ["oline"] = 8254,
1505 ["caret"] = 8257,
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1550 ["numero"] = 8470,
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1674 ["mapstoup"] = 8613,
1675 ["map"] = 8614,
1676 ["RightTeeArrow"] = 8614,
1677 ["mapsto"] = 8614,
1678 ["DownTeeArrow"] = 8615,
1679 ["mapstodown"] = 8615,
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1695 ["Rsh"] = 8625,
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1936 ["nsimeq"] = 8772,
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1973 ["risingdotseq"] = 8787,
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1975 ["coloneq"] = 8788,
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2003 ["gE"] = 8807,
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2007 ["lneqq"] = 8808,
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2013 ["Gt"] = 8811,
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2065 ["PrecedesTilde"] = 8830,
2066 ["scsim"] = 8831,
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2083 ["SubsetEqual"] = 8838,
2084 ["subeteq"] = 8838,

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2085 ["supe"] = 8839,
2086 ["supseteq"] = 8839,
2087 ["SupersetEqual"] = 8839,
2088 ["nsube"] = 8840,
2089 ["nsubseteq"] = 8840,
2090 ["NotSubsetEqual"] = 8840,
2091 ["nsupe"] = 8841,
2092 ["nsupseteq"] = 8841,
2093 ["NotSupersetEqual"] = 8841,
2094 ["subne"] = 8842,
2095 ["subsetneq"] = 8842,
2096 ["supne"] = 8843,
2097 ["supsetneq"] = 8843,
2098 ["cupdot"] = 8845,
2099 ["uplus"] = 8846,
2100 ["UnionPlus"] = 8846,
2101 ["sqsub"] = 8847,
2102 ["SquareSubset"] = 8847,
2103 ["sqsubset"] = 8847,
2104 ["sqsup"] = 8848,
2105 ["SquareSuperset"] = 8848,
2106 ["sqsupset"] = 8848,
2107 ["sqsube"] = 8849,
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2109 ["sqsubseteq"] = 8849,
2110 ["sqsupe"] = 8850,
2111 ["SquareSupersetEqual"] = 8850,
2112 ["sqsupseteq"] = 8850,
2113 ["sqcap"] = 8851,
2114 ["SquareIntersection"] = 8851,
2115 ["sqcup"] = 8852,
2116 ["SquareUnion"] = 8852,
2117 ["oplus"] = 8853,
2118 ["CirclePlus"] = 8853,
2119 ["ominus"] = 8854,
2120 ["CircleMinus"] = 8854,
2121 ["otimes"] = 8855,
2122 ["CircleTimes"] = 8855,
2123 ["osol"] = 8856,
2124 ["odot"] = 8857,
2125 ["CircleDot"] = 8857,
2126 ["ocir"] = 8858,
2127 ["circledcirc"] = 8858,
2128 ["oast"] = 8859,
2129 ["circledast"] = 8859,
2130 ["odash"] = 8861,
2131 ["circleddash"] = 8861,

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2132 ["plusb"] = 8862,
2133 ["boxplus"] = 8862,
2134 ["minusb"] = 8863,
2135 ["boxminus"] = 8863,
2136 ["timesb"] = 8864,
2137 ["boxtimes"] = 8864,
2138 ["sdotb"] = 8865,
2139 ["dotsquare"] = 8865,
2140 ["vdash"] = 8866,
2141 ["RightTee"] = 8866,
2142 ["dashv"] = 8867,
2143 ["LeftTee"] = 8867,
2144 ["top"] = 8868,
2145 ["DownTee"] = 8868,
2146 ["bottom"] = 8869,
2147 ["bot"] = 8869,
2148 ["perp"] = 8869,
2149 ["UpTee"] = 8869,
2150 ["models"] = 8871,
2151 ["vDash"] = 8872,
2152 ["DoubleRightTee"] = 8872,
2153 ["Vdash"] = 8873,
2154 ["Vvdash"] = 8874,
2155 ["VDash"] = 8875,
2156 ["nvdash"] = 8876,
2157 ["nvDash"] = 8877,
2158 ["nVdash"] = 8878,
2159 ["nVDash"] = 8879,
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2162 ["vartriangleleft"] = 8882,
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2166 ["RightTriangle"] = 8883,
2167 ["ltrie"] = 8884,
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2169 ["LeftTriangleEqual"] = 8884,
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2176 ["multimap"] = 8888,
2177 ["hercon"] = 8889,
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2192 ["bigcap"] = 8898,
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2194 ["Union"] = 8899,
2195 ["bigcup"] = 8899,
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2198 ["Diamond"] = 8900,
2199 ["sdot"] = 8901,
2200 ["sstarf"] = 8902,
2201 ["Star"] = 8902,
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2203 ["divideontimes"] = 8903,
2204 ["bowtie"] = 8904,
2205 ["ltimes"] = 8905,
2206 ["rtimes"] = 8906,
2207 ["lthree"] = 8907,
2208 ["leftthreetimes"] = 8907,
2209 ["rthree"] = 8908,
2210 ["rightthreetimes"] = 8908,
2211 ["bsime"] = 8909,
2212 ["backsimeq"] = 8909,
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2214 ["curlyvee"] = 8910,
2215 ["cuwed"] = 8911,
2216 ["curlywedge"] = 8911,
2217 ["Sub"] = 8912,
2218 ["Subset"] = 8912,
2219 ["Sup"] = 8913,
2220 ["Supset"] = 8913,
2221 ["Cap"] = 8914,
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2223 ["fork"] = 8916,
2224 ["pitchfork"] = 8916,
2225 ["epar"] = 8917,

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2226 ["ltdot"] = 8918,
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2228 ["gtdot"] = 8919,
2229 ["gtrdot"] = 8919,
2230 ["L1"] = 8920,
2231 ["Gg"] = 8921,
2232 ["ggg"] = 8921,
2233 ["leg"] = 8922,
2234 ["LessEqualGreater"] = 8922,
2235 ["lesseqgtr"] = 8922,
2236 ["gel"] = 8923,
2237 ["gtreqless"] = 8923,
2238 ["GreaterEqualLess"] = 8923,
2239 ["cuepr"] = 8926,
2240 ["curlyeqprec"] = 8926,
2241 ["cuesc"] = 8927,
2242 ["curlyeqsucc"] = 8927,
2243 ["nprcue"] = 8928,
2244 ["NotPrecedesSlantEqual"] = 8928,
2245 ["nsccue"] = 8929,
2246 ["NotSucceedsSlantEqual"] = 8929,
2247 ["nsqsube"] = 8930,
2248 ["NotSquareSubsetEqual"] = 8930,
2249 ["nsqsupe"] = 8931,
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2259 ["NotLeftTriangle"] = 8938,
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2264 ["ntrianglelefteq"] = 8940,
2265 ["NotLeftTriangleEqual"] = 8940,
2266 ["nrtrie"] = 8941,
2267 ["ntrianglerighteq"] = 8941,
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2269 ["vellip"] = 8942,
2270 ["ctdot"] = 8943,
2271 ["utdot"] = 8944,
2272 ["dtdot"] = 8945,

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2274 ["isinsv"] = 8947,
2275 ["isins"] = 8948,
2276 ["isindot"] = 8949,
2277 ["notinvc"] = 8950,
2278 ["notinvb"] = 8951,
2279 ["isinE"] = 8953,
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2281 ["xnis"] = 8955,
2282 ["nis"] = 8956,
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2284 ["notnivb"] = 8958,
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2287 ["Barwed"] = 8966,
2288 ["doublebarwedge"] = 8966,
2289 ["lceil"] = 8968,
2290 ["LeftCeiling"] = 8968,
2291 ["rceil"] = 8969,
2292 ["RightCeiling"] = 8969,
2293 ["lfloor"] = 8970,
2294 ["LeftFloor"] = 8970,
2295 ["rfloor"] = 8971,
2296 ["RightFloor"] = 8971,
2297 ["drcrop"] = 8972,
2298 ["dlcrop"] = 8973,
2299 ["urcrop"] = 8974,
2300 ["ulcrop"] = 8975,
2301 ["bnot"] = 8976,
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2303 ["profsurf"] = 8979,
2304 ["telrec"] = 8981,
2305 ["target"] = 8982,
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2308 ["urcorn"] = 8989,
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2310 ["dlcorn"] = 8990,
2311 ["llcorner"] = 8990,
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2313 ["lrcorner"] = 8991,
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2315 ["sfrown"] = 8994,
2316 ["smile"] = 8995,
2317 ["ssmile"] = 8995,
2318 ["cylcty"] = 9005,
2319 ["profalar"] = 9006,
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2323 ["angzarr"] = 9084,
2324 ["lmoust"] = 9136,
2325 ["lmoustache"] = 9136,
2326 ["rmoust"] = 9137,
2327 ["rmoustache"] = 9137,
2328 ["tbrk"] = 9140,
2329 ["OverBracket"] = 9140,
2330 ["bbrk"] = 9141,
2331 ["UnderBracket"] = 9141,
2332 ["bbrktbrk"] = 9142,
2333 ["OverParenthesis"] = 9180,
2334 ["UnderParenthesis"] = 9181,
2335 ["OverBrace"] = 9182,
2336 ["UnderBrace"] = 9183,
2337 ["trpezium"] = 9186,
2338 ["elinters"] = 9191,
2339 ["blank"] = 9251,
2340 ["oS"] = 9416,
2341 ["circledS"] = 9416,
2342 ["boxh"] = 9472,
2343 ["HorizontalLine"] = 9472,
2344 ["boxv"] = 9474,
2345 ["boxdr"] = 9484,
2346 ["boxdl"] = 9488,
2347 ["boxur"] = 9492,
2348 ["boxul"] = 9496,
2349 ["boxvr"] = 9500,
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2351 ["boxhd"] = 9516,
2352 ["boxhu"] = 9524,
2353 ["boxvh"] = 9532,
2354 ["boxH"] = 9552,
2355 ["boxV"] = 9553,
2356 ["boxdR"] = 9554,
2357 ["boxDr"] = 9555,
2358 ["boxDR"] = 9556,
2359 ["boxdL"] = 9557,
2360 ["boxDl"] = 9558,
2361 ["boxDL"] = 9559,
2362 ["boxuR"] = 9560,
2363 ["boxUr"] = 9561,
2364 ["boxUR"] = 9562,
2365 ["boxuL"] = 9563,
2366 ["boxUl"] = 9564,
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2367 ["boxUL"] = 9565,
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2369 ["boxVr"] = 9567,
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2371 ["boxvL"] = 9569,
2372 ["boxVl"] = 9570,
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2376 ["boxHD"] = 9574,
2377 ["boxHu"] = 9575,
2378 ["boxhU"] = 9576,
2379 ["boxHU"] = 9577,
2380 ["boxvH"] = 9578,
2381 ["boxVh"] = 9579,
2382 ["boxVH"] = 9580,
2383 ["uhblk"] = 9600,
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2394 ["blacksquare"] = 9642,
2395 ["FilledVerySmallSquare"] = 9642,
2396 ["EmptyVerySmallSquare"] = 9643,
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2401 ["bigtriangleup"] = 9651,
2402 ["utrif"] = 9652,
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2405 ["triangle"] = 9653,
2406 ["rtrif"] = 9656,
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2412 ["dtrif"] = 9662,
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2424 ["xcirc"] = 9711,
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2429 ["EmptySmallSquare"] = 9723,
2430 ["FilledSmallSquare"] = 9724,
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2438 ["spadesuit"] = 9824,
2439 ["clubs"] = 9827,
2440 ["clubsuit"] = 9827,
2441 ["hearts"] = 9829,
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2443 ["diams"] = 9830,
2444 ["diamondsuit"] = 9830,
2445 ["sung"] = 9834,
2446 ["flat"] = 9837,
2447 ["natur"] = 9838,
2448 ["natural"] = 9838,
2449 ["sharp"] = 9839,
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2451 ["checkmark"] = 10003,
2452 ["cross"] = 10007,
2453 ["malt"] = 10016,
2454 ["maltese"] = 10016,
2455 ["sext"] = 10038,
2456 ["VerticalSeparator"] = 10072,
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2458 ["rbbrk"] = 10099,
2459 ["lobrk"] = 10214,
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2467 ["RightAngleBracket"] = 10217,
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2481 ["LongLeftRightArrow"] = 10231,
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2484 ["DoubleLongLeftArrow"] = 10232,
2485 ["xrArr"] = 10233,
2486 ["Longrightarrow"] = 10233,
2487 ["DoubleLongRightArrow"] = 10233,
2488 ["xhArr"] = 10234,
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2490 ["DoubleLongLeftRightArrow"] = 10234,
2491 ["xmap"] = 10236,
2492 ["longmapsto"] = 10236,
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2494 ["nvlArr"] = 10498,
2495 ["nvrArr"] = 10499,
2496 ["nyHarr"] = 10500,
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2499 ["rbarr"] = 10509,
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2502 ["rBarr"] = 10511,
2503 ["dbkarow"] = 10511,
2504 ["RBarr"] = 10512,
2505 ["drbkarow"] = 10512,
2506 ["DDotrahd"] = 10513,
2507 ["UpArrowBar"] = 10514,
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2523 ["hkswarow"] = 10534,
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2525 ["nesear"] = 10536,
2526 ["toea"] = 10536,
2527 ["seswar"] = 10537,
2528 ["tosa"] = 10537,
2529 ["swnwar"] = 10538,
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2531 ["cudarrr"] = 10549,
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2539 ["harrcir"] = 10568,
2540 ["Uarrocir"] = 10569,
2541 ["lurdshar"] = 10570,
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2550 ["RightDownVectorBar"] = 10581,
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2553 ["LeftUpVectorBar"] = 10584,
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2562 ["LeftDownTeeVector"] = 10593,
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2566 ["dHar"] = 10597,
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2572 ["llhard"] = 10603,
2573 ["rharul"] = 10604,
2574 ["lrhard"] = 10605,
2575 ["udhar"] = 10606,
2576 ["UpEquilibrium"] = 10606,
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2583 ["rarrsim"] = 10612,
2584 ["rarrap"] = 10613,
2585 ["ltlarr"] = 10614,
2586 ["gtrarr"] = 10616,
2587 ["subrarr"] = 10617,
2588 ["suplarr"] = 10619,
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2591 ["ufisht"] = 10622,
2592 ["dfisht"] = 10623,
2593 ["lopar"] = 10629,
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2617 ["angmsdad"] = 10667,
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2619 ["angmsdaf"] = 10669,
2620 ["angmsdag"] = 10670,
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2625 ["raemptyv"] = 10675,
2626 ["laemptyv"] = 10676,
2627 ["ohbar"] = 10677,
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2645 ["RightTriangleBar"] = 10704,
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2648 ["infintie"] = 10717,
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2658 ["bigodot"] = 10752,
2659 ["xoplus"] = 10753,
2660 ["bigoplus"] = 10753,
2661 ["xotime"] = 10754,
2662 ["bigotimes"] = 10754,
2663 ["xuplus"] = 10756,
2664 ["biguplus"] = 10756,
2665 ["xsqcup"] = 10758,
2666 ["bigsqcup"] = 10758,
2667 ["qint"] = 10764,
2668 ["iiiiint"] = 10764,
2669 ["fpartint"] = 10765,
2670 ["cirfnint"] = 10768,
2671 ["awint"] = 10769,
2672 ["rppolint"] = 10770,
2673 ["scpolint"] = 10771,
2674 ["npolint"] = 10772,
2675 ["pointint"] = 10773,
2676 ["quatint"] = 10774,
2677 ["intlarhk"] = 10775,
2678 ["pluscir"] = 10786,
2679 ["plusacir"] = 10787,
2680 ["simplus"] = 10788,
2681 ["plusdu"] = 10789,
2682 ["plussim"] = 10790,
2683 ["plustwo"] = 10791,
2684 ["mcomma"] = 10793,
2685 ["minusdu"] = 10794,
2686 ["loplus"] = 10797,
2687 ["roplus"] = 10798,
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2689 ["timesd"] = 10800,
2690 ["timesbar"] = 10801,
2691 ["smashp"] = 10803,
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2705 ["ncap"] = 10819,
2706 ["capand"] = 10820,
2707 ["cupor"] = 10821,
2708 ["cupcap"] = 10822,
2709 ["capcup"] = 10823,
2710 ["cupbrcap"] = 10824,
2711 ["capbrcup"] = 10825,
2712 ["cupcup"] = 10826,
2713 ["capcap"] = 10827,
2714 ["ccups"] = 10828,
2715 ["ccaps"] = 10829,
2716 ["ccupssm"] = 10832,
2717 ["And"] = 10835,
2718 ["Or"] = 10836,
2719 ["andand"] = 10837,
2720 ["oror"] = 10838,
2721 ["orslope"] = 10839,
2722 ["andslope"] = 10840,
2723 ["andv"] = 10842,
2724 ["orv"] = 10843,
2725 ["andd"] = 10844,
2726 ["ord"] = 10845,
2727 ["wedbar"] = 10847,
2728 ["sdote"] = 10854,
2729 ["simdot"] = 10858,
2730 ["congdot"] = 10861,
2731 ["easter"] = 10862,
2732 ["apacir"] = 10863,
2733 ["apE"] = 10864,
2734 ["eplus"] = 10865,
2735 ["pluse"] = 10866,
2736 ["Esim"] = 10867,
2737 ["Colone"] = 10868,
2738 ["Equal"] = 10869,
2739 ["eDDot"] = 10871,
2740 ["ddotseq"] = 10871,
2741 ["equivDD"] = 10872,
2742 ["ltcir"] = 10873,
```

```
2743 ["gtcir"] = 10874,
2744 ["ltquest"] = 10875,
2745 ["gtquest"] = 10876,
2746 ["les"] = 10877,
2747 ["LessSlantEqual"] = 10877,
2748 ["leqslant"] = 10877,
2749 ["ges"] = 10878,
2750 ["GreaterSlantEqual"] = 10878,
2751 ["geqslant"] = 10878,
2752 ["lesdot"] = 10879,
2753 ["gesdot"] = 10880,
2754 ["lesdoto"] = 10881,
2755 ["gesdoto"] = 10882,
2756 ["lesdotor"] = 10883,
2757 ["gesdotol"] = 10884,
2758 ["lap"] = 10885,
2759 ["lessapprox"] = 10885,
2760 ["gap"] = 10886,
2761 ["gtrapprox"] = 10886,
2762 ["lne"] = 10887,
2763 ["lneq"] = 10887,
2764 ["gne"] = 10888,
2765 ["gneq"] = 10888,
2766 ["lnap"] = 10889,
2767 ["lnapprox"] = 10889,
2768 ["gnap"] = 10890,
2769 ["gnapprox"] = 10890,
2770 ["lEg"] = 10891,
2771 ["lesseqgtr"] = 10891,
2772 ["gEl"] = 10892,
2773 ["gtreqqless"] = 10892,
2774 ["lsime"] = 10893,
2775 ["gsime"] = 10894,
2776 ["lsimg"] = 10895,
2777 ["gsiml"] = 10896,
2778 ["lgE"] = 10897,
2779 ["glE"] = 10898,
2780 ["lesges"] = 10899,
2781 ["gesles"] = 10900,
2782 ["els"] = 10901,
2783 ["eqslantless"] = 10901,
2784 ["egs"] = 10902,
2785 ["eqslantgtr"] = 10902,
2786 ["elsdot"] = 10903,
2787 ["egsdot"] = 10904,
2788 ["e1"] = 10905,
2789 ["eg"] = 10906,
```

```
2790 ["siml"] = 10909,
2791 ["simg"] = 10910,
2792 ["simlE"] = 10911,
2793 ["simgE"] = 10912,
2794 ["LessLess"] = 10913,
2795 ["GreaterGreater"] = 10914,
2796 ["g1j"] = 10916,
2797 ["gla"] = 10917,
2798 ["ltcc"] = 10918,
2799 ["gtcc"] = 10919,
2800 ["lescc"] = 10920,
2801 ["gescc"] = 10921,
2802 ["smt"] = 10922,
2803 ["lat"] = 10923,
2804 ["smte"] = 10924,
2805 ["late"] = 10925,
2806 ["bumpE"] = 10926,
2807 ["pre"] = 10927,
2808 ["preceq"] = 10927,
2809 ["PrecedesEqual"] = 10927,
2810 ["sce"] = 10928,
2811 ["succeq"] = 10928,
2812 ["SucceedsEqual"] = 10928,
2813 ["prE"] = 10931,
2814 ["scE"] = 10932,
2815 ["prnE"] = 10933,
2816 ["precneqq"] = 10933,
2817 ["scnE"] = 10934,
2818 ["succneqq"] = 10934,
2819 ["prap"] = 10935,
2820 ["precapprox"] = 10935,
2821 ["scap"] = 10936,
2822 ["succapprox"] = 10936,
2823 ["prnap"] = 10937,
2824 ["precnapprox"] = 10937,
2825 ["scsnap"] = 10938,
2826 ["succnapprox"] = 10938,
2827 ["Pr"] = 10939,
2828 ["Sc"] = 10940,
2829 ["subdot"] = 10941,
2830 ["supdot"] = 10942,
2831 ["subplus"] = 10943,
2832 ["supplus"] = 10944,
2833 ["submult"] = 10945,
2834 ["supmult"] = 10946,
2835 ["subedot"] = 10947,
2836 ["supedot"] = 10948,
```

```
2837 ["subE"] = 10949,
2838 ["subseteqq"] = 10949,
2839 ["supE"] = 10950,
2840 ["supseteqq"] = 10950,
2841 ["subsim"] = 10951,
2842 ["supsim"] = 10952,
2843 ["subnE"] = 10955,
2844 ["subsetneqq"] = 10955,
2845 ["supnE"] = 10956,
2846 ["supsetneqq"] = 10956,
2847 ["csub"] = 10959,
2848 ["csup"] = 10960,
2849 ["csube"] = 10961,
2850 ["csupe"] = 10962,
2851 ["subsup"] = 10963,
2852 ["supsub"] = 10964,
2853 ["subsub"] = 10965,
2854 ["supsup"] = 10966,
2855 ["suphsub"] = 10967,
2856 ["supdsub"] = 10968,
2857 ["forkv"] = 10969,
2858 ["topfork"] = 10970,
2859 ["mlcp"] = 10971,
2860 ["Dashv"] = 10980,
2861 ["DoubleLeftTee"] = 10980,
2862 ["Vdashl"] = 10982,
2863 ["Barv"] = 10983,
2864 ["vBar"] = 10984,
2865 ["vBarv"] = 10985,
2866 ["Vbar"] = 10987,
2867 ["Not"] = 10988,
2868 ["bNot"] = 10989,
2869 ["rnmid"] = 10990,
2870 ["cirmid"] = 10991,
2871 ["midcir"] = 10992,
2872 ["topcir"] = 10993,
2873 ["nhpar"] = 10994,
2874 ["parsim"] = 10995,
2875 ["parsl"] = 11005,
2876 ["fflig"] = 64256,
2877 ["filig"] = 64257,
2878 ["fllig"] = 64258,
2879 ["ffilig"] = 64259,
2880 ["ffllig"] = 64260,
2881 ["Ascr"] = 119964,
2882 ["Cscr"] = 119966,
2883 ["Dscr"] = 119967,
```

```
2884 ["Gscr"] = 119970,
2885 ["Jscr"] = 119973,
2886 ["Kscr"] = 119974,
2887 ["Nscr"] = 119977,
2888 ["Oscr"] = 119978,
2889 ["Pscr"] = 119979,
2890 ["Qscr"] = 119980,
2891 ["Sscr"] = 119982,
2892 ["Tscr"] = 119983,
2893 ["Uscr"] = 119984,
2894 ["Vscr"] = 119985,
2895 ["Wscr"] = 119986,
2896 ["Xscr"] = 119987,
2897 ["Yscr"] = 119988,
2898 ["Zscr"] = 119989,
2899 ["ascr"] = 119990,
2900 ["bscr"] = 119991,
2901 ["cscr"] = 119992,
2902 ["dscr"] = 119993,
2903 ["fscr"] = 119995,
2904 ["hscr"] = 119997,
2905 ["iscr"] = 119998,
2906 ["jscr"] = 119999,
2907 ["kscr"] = 120000,
2908 ["lscr"] = 120001,
2909 ["mscr"] = 120002,
2910 ["nscr"] = 120003,
2911 ["pscr"] = 120005,
2912 ["qscr"] = 120006,
2913 ["rscr"] = 120007,
2914 ["sscr"] = 120008,
2915 ["tscr"] = 120009,
2916 ["uscr"] = 120010,
2917 ["vscr"] = 120011,
2918 ["wscr"] = 120012,
2919 ["xscr"] = 120013,
2920 ["yscr"] = 120014,
2921 ["zscr"] = 120015,
2922 ["Afr"] = 120068,
2923 ["Bfr"] = 120069,
2924 ["Dfr"] = 120071,
2925 ["Efr"] = 120072,
2926 ["Ffr"] = 120073,
2927 ["Gfr"] = 120074,
2928 ["Jfr"] = 120077,
2929 ["Kfr"] = 120078,
2930 ["Lfr"] = 120079,
```

```
2931 ["Mfr"] = 120080,
2932 ["Nfr"] = 120081,
2933 ["Ofr"] = 120082,
2934 ["Pfr"] = 120083,
2935 ["Qfr"] = 120084,
2936 ["Sfr"] = 120086,
2937 ["Tfr"] = 120087,
2938 ["Ufr"] = 120088,
2939 ["Vfr"] = 120089,
2940 ["Wfr"] = 120090,
2941 ["Xfr"] = 120091,
2942 ["Yfr"] = 120092,
2943 ["afr"] = 120094,
2944 ["bfr"] = 120095,
2945 ["cfr"] = 120096,
2946 ["dfr"] = 120097,
2947 ["efr"] = 120098,
2948 ["ffr"] = 120099,
2949 ["gfr"] = 120100,
2950 ["hfr"] = 120101,
2951 ["ifr"] = 120102,
2952 ["jfr"] = 120103,
2953 ["kfr"] = 120104,
2954 ["lfr"] = 120105,
2955 ["mfr"] = 120106,
2956 ["nfr"] = 120107,
2957 ["ofr"] = 120108,
2958 ["pfr"] = 120109,
2959 ["qfr"] = 120110,
2960 ["rfr"] = 120111,
2961 ["sfr"] = 120112,
2962 ["tfr"] = 120113,
2963 ["ufr"] = 120114,
2964 ["vfr"] = 120115,
2965 ["wfr"] = 120116,
2966 ["xfr"] = 120117,
2967 ["yfr"] = 120118,
2968 ["zfr"] = 120119,
2969 ["Aopf"] = 120120,
2970 ["Bopf"] = 120121,
2971 ["Dopf"] = 120123,
2972 ["Eopf"] = 120124,
2973 ["Fopf"] = 120125,
2974 ["Gopf"] = 120126,
2975 ["Iopf"] = 120128,
2976 ["Jopf"] = 120129,
2977 ["Kopf"] = 120130,
```

```

2978 ["Lopf"] = 120131,
2979 ["Mopf"] = 120132,
2980 ["Oopf"] = 120134,
2981 ["Sopf"] = 120138,
2982 ["Topf"] = 120139,
2983 ["Uopf"] = 120140,
2984 ["Vopf"] = 120141,
2985 ["Wopf"] = 120142,
2986 ["Xopf"] = 120143,
2987 ["Yopf"] = 120144,
2988 ["aopf"] = 120146,
2989 ["bopf"] = 120147,
2990 ["copf"] = 120148,
2991 ["dopf"] = 120149,
2992 ["eopf"] = 120150,
2993 ["fopf"] = 120151,
2994 ["gopf"] = 120152,
2995 ["hopf"] = 120153,
2996 ["iopf"] = 120154,
2997 ["jopf"] = 120155,
2998 ["kopf"] = 120156,
2999 ["lopf"] = 120157,
3000 ["mopf"] = 120158,
3001 ["nopf"] = 120159,
3002 ["oopf"] = 120160,
3003 ["popf"] = 120161,
3004 ["qopf"] = 120162,
3005 ["ropf"] = 120163,
3006 ["sopf"] = 120164,
3007 ["topf"] = 120165,
3008 ["uopf"] = 120166,
3009 ["vopf"] = 120167,
3010 ["wopf"] = 120168,
3011 ["xopf"] = 120169,
3012 ["yopf"] = 120170,
3013 ["zopf"] = 120171,
3014 }

```

Given a string `s` of decimal digits, the `entities.dec_entity` returns the corresponding UTF8-encoded Unicode codepoint.

```

3015 function entities.dec_entity(s)
3016     return unicode.utf8.char(tonumber(s))
3017 end

```

Given a string `s` of hexadecimal digits, the `entities.hex_entity` returns the corresponding UTF8-encoded Unicode codepoint.

```

3018 function entities.hex_entity(s)
3019     return unicode.utf8.char(tonumber("0x"..s))

```

```
3020 end
```

Given a character entity name `s` (like `ouml`), the `entities.char_entity` returns the corresponding UTF8-encoded Unicode codepoint.

```
3021 function entities.char_entity(s)
3022   local n = character_entities[s]
3023   if n == nil then
3024     return "&" .. s .. ","
3025   end
3026   return unicode.utf8.char(n)
3027 end
```

3.1.3 Plain T_EX Writer

This section documents the `writer` object, which implements the routines for producing the T_EX output. The object is an amalgamate of the generic, T_EX, L^AT_EX writer objects that were located in the `lunamark/writer/generic.lua`, `lunamark/writer/tex.lua`, and `lunamark/writer/latex.lua` files in the Lunamark Lua module.

Although not specified in the Lua interface (see Section 2.1 on page 6), the `writer` object is exported, so that the curious user could easily tinker with the methods of the objects produced by the `writer.new` method described below. The user should be aware, however, that the implementation may change in a future revision.

```
3028 M.writer = {}
```

The `writer.new` method creates and returns a new T_EX writer object associated with the Lua interface options (see Section 2.1.2 on page 7) `options`. When `options` are unspecified, it is assumed that an empty table was passed to the method.

The objects produced by the `writer.new` method expose instance methods and variables of their own. As a convention, I will refer to these `<member>`s as `writer-><member>`. All member variables are immutable unless explicitly stated otherwise.

```
3029 function M.writer.new(options)
3030   local self = {}
3031   options = options or {}
```

Make the `options` table inherit from the `defaultOptions` table.

```
3032   setmetatable(options, { __index = function (_, key)
3033     return defaultOptions[key] end })
```

Parse the `slice` option and define `writer->slice_begin` `writer->slice_end`, and `writer->is_writing`. The `writer->is_writing` member variable is mutable.

```
3034   local slice_specifiers = {}
3035   for specifier in options.slice:gmatch("[^%s]+") do
3036     table.insert(slice_specifiers, specifier)
3037   end
```

```

3038
3039 if #slice_specifiers == 2 then
3040   self.slice_begin, self.slice_end = table.unpack(slice_specifiers)
3041   local slice_begin_type = self.slice_begin:sub(1, 1)
3042   if slice_begin_type ~= "^" and slice_begin_type ~= "$" then
3043     self.slice_begin = "^" .. self.slice_begin
3044   end
3045   local slice_end_type = self.slice_end:sub(1, 1)
3046   if slice_end_type ~= "^" and slice_end_type ~= "$" then
3047     self.slice_end = "$" .. self.slice_end
3048   end
3049 elseif #slice_specifiers == 1 then
3050   self.slice_begin = "^" .. slice_specifiers[1]
3051   self.slice_end = "$" .. slice_specifiers[1]
3052 end
3053
3054 if self.slice_begin == "^" and self.slice_end ~= "^" then
3055   self.is_writing = true
3056 else
3057   self.is_writing = false
3058 end

Define writer->suffix as the suffix of the produced cache files.

3059 self.suffix = ".tex"
Define writer->space as the output format of a space character.

3060 self.space = " "
Define writer->nnbsp as the output format of a non-breaking space character.

3061 self.nbsp = "\\\marknnbsp{}"

Define writer->plain as a function that will transform an input plain text block
s to the output format.

3062 function self.plain(s)
3063   return s
3064 end

Define writer->paragraph as a function that will transform an input paragraph
s to the output format.

3065 function self.paragraph(s)
3066   if not self.is_writing then return "" end
3067   return s
3068 end

Define writer->pack as a function that will take the filename name of the output
file prepared by the reader and transform it to the output format.

3069 function self.pack(name)
3070   return [[\input ]] .. name .. [[\relax{}]]
3071 end

```

```

Define writer->interblocksep as the output format of a block element separator.
3072  function self.interblocksep()
3073    if not self.is_writing then return "" end
3074    return "\\\\[markdownRendererInterblockSeparator\\n{}"
3075  end

Define writer->eof as the end of file marker in the output format.
3076  self.eof = [[\\relax]]

Define writer->linebreak as the output format of a forced line break.
3077  self.linebreak = "\\\\[markdownRendererLineBreak\\n{}"

Define writer->ellipsis as the output format of an ellipsis.
3078  self.ellipsis = "\\\\[markdownRendererEllipsis{}"

Define writer->hrule as the output format of a horizontal rule.
3079  function self.hrule()
3080    if not self.is_writing then return "" end
3081    return "\\\\[markdownRendererHorizontalRule{}"
3082  end

Define tables escaped_uri_chars, escaped_citation_chars, and escaped_minimal_strings
containing the mapping from special plain characters and character strings that
always need to be escaped.
3083  local escaped_uri_chars = {
3084    ["{"] = "\\\\[markdownRendererLeftBrace{}",
3085    ["}"] = "\\\\[markdownRendererRightBrace{}",
3086    ["%"] = "\\\\[markdownRendererPercentSign{}",
3087    ["\\\""] = "\\\\[markdownRendererBackslash{}",
3088  }
3089  local escaped_citation_chars = {
3090    ["{"] = "\\\\[markdownRendererLeftBrace{}",
3091    ["}"] = "\\\\[markdownRendererRightBrace{}",
3092    ["%"] = "\\\\[markdownRendererPercentSign{}",
3093    ["\\\""] = "\\\\[markdownRendererBackslash{}",
3094    ["#"] = "\\\\[markdownRendererHash{}",
3095  }
3096  local escaped_minimal_strings = {
3097    ["^~"] = "\\\\[markdownRendererCircumflex\\\[markdownRendererCircumflex ",
3098    ["☒"] = "\\\\[markdownRendererTickedBox{}",
3099    ["☐"] = "\\\\[markdownRendererHalfTickedBox{}",
3100    ["□"] = "\\\\[markdownRendererUntickedBox{}",
3101  }

Define a table escaped_chars containing the mapping from special plain TeX
characters (including the active pipe character (|) of ConTeXt) that need to be
escaped for typeset content.
3102  local escaped_chars = {
3103    ["{"] = "\\\\[markdownRendererLeftBrace{}",

```

```

3104     ["]"] = "\\markdownRendererRightBrace{}",
3105     [%] = "\\markdownRendererPercentSign{}",
3106     [\\""] = "\\markdownRendererBackslash{}",
3107     [#"] = "\\markdownRendererHash{}",
3108     [$"] = "\\markdownRendererDollarSign{}",
3109     [&"] = "\\markdownRendererAmpersand{}",
3110     [_"] = "\\markdownRendererUnderscore{}",
3111     [^"] = "\\markdownRendererCircumflex{}",
3112     [~"] = "\\markdownRendererTilde{}",
3113     [|"] = "\\markdownRendererPipe{}",
3114   }

```

Use the `escaped_chars`, `escaped_uri_chars`, `escaped_citation_chars`, and `escaped_minimal_strings` tables to create the `escape`, `escape_citation`, `escape_uri`, and `escape_minimal` escaper functions.

```

3115 local escape = util.escaper(escaped_chars, escaped_minimal_strings)
3116 local escape_citation = util.escaper(escaped_citation_chars,
3117   escaped_minimal_strings)
3118 local escape_uri = util.escaper(escaped_uri_chars, escaped_minimal_strings)
3119 local escape_minimal = util.escaper({}, escaped_minimal_strings)

```

Define `writer->string` as a function that will transform an input plain text span `s` to the output format, `writer->citation` as a function that will transform an input citation name `c` to the output format, and `writer->uri` as a function that will transform an input URI `u` to the output format. If the `hybrid` option is enabled, use the `escape_minimal`. Otherwise, use the `escape`, `escape_citation`, and `escape_uri` functions.

```

3120 if options.hybrid then
3121   self.string = escape_minimal
3122   self.citation = escape_minimal
3123   self.uri = escape_minimal
3124 else
3125   self.string = escape
3126   self.citation = escape_citation
3127   self.uri = escape_uri
3128 end

```

Define `writer->escape` as a function that will transform an input plain text span to the output format. Unlike the `writer->string` function, `writer->escape` always uses the `escape` function, even when the `hybrid` option is enabled.

```
3129 self.escape = escape
```

Define `writer->code` as a function that will transform an input inlined code span `s` to the output format.

```

3130 function self.code(s)
3131   return {"\\markdownRendererCodeSpan{" , self.escape(s) , "}"}
3132 end

```

Define `writer->link` as a function that will transform an input hyperlink to the output format, where `lab` corresponds to the label, `src` to URI, and `tit` to the title of the link.

```
3133   function self.link(lab,src,tit)
3134     return {"\\markdownRendererLink{",lab,"}",
3135           "","",self.escape(src),"}",
3136           "","",self.uri(src),"",
3137           "","",self.string(tit or ""),"}"}
3138   end
```

Define `writer->table` as a function that will transform an input table to the output format, where `rows` is a sequence of columns and a column is a sequence of cell texts.

```
3139   function self.table(rows, caption)
3140     if not self.is_writing then return "" end
3141     local buffer = {"\\markdownRendererTable{",
3142       caption or "", "}{", #rows - 1, "}{", #rows[1], "}"}
3143     local temp = rows[2] -- put alignments on the first row
3144     rows[2] = rows[1]
3145     rows[1] = temp
3146     for i, row in ipairs(rows) do
3147       table.insert(buffer, "{")
3148       for _, column in ipairs(row) do
3149         if i > 1 then -- do not use braces for alignments
3150           table.insert(buffer, "{")
3151         end
3152         table.insert(buffer, column)
3153         if i > 1 then
3154           table.insert(buffer, "}")
3155         end
3156       end
3157       table.insert(buffer, "}")
3158     end
3159     return buffer
3160   end
```

Define `writer->image` as a function that will transform an input image to the output format, where `lab` corresponds to the label, `src` to the URL, and `tit` to the title of the image.

```
3161   function self.image(lab,src,tit)
3162     return {"\\markdownRendererImage{",lab,"}",
3163           "","",self.string(src),"",
3164           "","",self.uri(src),"",
3165           "","",self.string(tit or ""),"}"}
3166   end
```

The `languages_json` table maps programming language filename extensions to fence infostrings. All `options.contentBlocksLanguageMap` files located by the

KPathSea library are loaded into a chain of tables. `languages_json` corresponds to the first table and is chained with the rest via Lua metatables.

```
3167 local languages_json = (function()
3168     local ran_ok, kpse = pcall(require, "kpse")
3169     if ran_ok then
3170         kpse.set_program_name("luatex")
```

If the KPathSea library is unavailable, perhaps because we are using LuaMetaTeX, we will only locate the `options.contentBlocksLanguageMap` in the current working directory:

```
3171     else
3172         kpse = {lookup=function(filename, options) return filename end}
3173     end
3174     local base, prev, curr
3175     for _, filename in ipairs{kpse.lookup(options.contentBlocksLanguageMap,
3176                                 { all=true })} do
3177         local file = io.open(filename, "r")
3178         if not file then goto continue end
3179         json = file:read("*all"):gsub('(^[\n]-):', '[%1]=')
3180         curr = (function()
3181             local _ENV={ json=json, load=load } -- run in sandbox
3182             return load("return ..json")()
3183         end)()
3184         if type(curr) == "table" then
3185             if base == nil then
3186                 base = curr
3187             else
3188                 setmetatable(prev, { __index = curr })
3189             end
3190             prev = curr
3191         end
3192         ::continue::
3193     end
3194     return base or {}
3195 end)()
```

Define `writer->contentblock` as a function that will transform an input iA Writer content block to the output format, where `src` corresponds to the URI prefix, `suf` to the URI extension, `type` to the type of the content block (`localfile` or `onlineimage`), and `tit` to the title of the content block.

```
3196     function self.contentblock(src,suf,type,tit)
3197         if not self.is_writing then return "" end
3198         src = src.."."..suf
3199         suf = suf:lower()
3200         if type == "onlineimage" then
3201             return {"\\markdownRendererContentBlockOnlineImage{"..suf.."},",
3202                     {"..self.string(src).."},
```

```

3203                     "","",self.uri(src),"}",
3204                     "","",self.string(tit or ""),"}"}
3205 elseif languages_json[suf] then
3206     return {"\\markdownRendererContentBlockCode{" ,suf ,"},",
3207                     "","",self.string(languages_json[suf]),"}",
3208                     "","",self.string(src),"",
3209                     "","",self.uri(src),"",
3210                     "","",self.string(tit or ""),"}"}
3211 else
3212     return {"\\markdownRendererContentBlock{" ,suf ,"},",
3213                     "","",self.string(src),"",
3214                     "","",self.uri(src),"",
3215                     "","",self.string(tit or ""),"}"}
3216 end
3217 end

```

Define `writer->bulletlist` as a function that will transform an input bulleted list to the output format, where `items` is an array of the list items and `tight` specifies, whether the list is tight or not.

```

3218 local function ulitem(s)
3219     return {"\\markdownRendererUlItem ",s,
3220             "\\markdownRendererUlItemEnd "}
3221 end
3222
3223 function self.bulletlist(items,tight)
3224     if not self.is_writing then return "" end
3225     local buffer = {}
3226     for _,item in ipairs(items) do
3227         buffer[#buffer + 1] = ulitem(item)
3228     end
3229     local contents = util.intersperse(buffer,"\n")
3230     if tight and options.tightLists then
3231         return {"\\markdownRendererUlBeginTight\n",contents,
3232                 "\n\\markdownRendererUlEndTight "}
3233     else
3234         return {"\\markdownRendererUlBegin\n",contents,
3235                 "\n\\markdownRendererUlEnd "}
3236     end
3237 end

```

Define `writer->ollist` as a function that will transform an input ordered list to the output format, where `items` is an array of the list items and `tight` specifies, whether the list is tight or not. If the optional parameter `startnum` is present, it should be used as the number of the first list item.

```

3238 local function olitem(s,num)
3239     if num ~= nil then
3240         return {"\\markdownRendererOlItemWithNumber{" ,num ,"},",s,

```

```

3241           "\\\markdownRenderer0lItemEnd "}
3242     else
3243       return {"\\\markdownRenderer0lItem ",s,
3244             "\\\markdownRenderer0lItemEnd "}
3245   end
3246 end
3247
3248 function self.orderedlist(items,tight,startnum)
3249   if not self.is_writing then return "" end
3250   local buffer = {}
3251   local num = startnum
3252   for _,item in ipairs(items) do
3253     buffer[#buffer + 1] = olitem(item,num)
3254     if num ~= nil then
3255       num = num + 1
3256     end
3257   end
3258   local contents = util.intersperse(buffer,"\n")
3259   if tight and options.tightLists then
3260     return {"\\\markdownRenderer0lBeginTight\n",contents,
3261           "\n\\\markdownRenderer0lEndTight "}
3262   else
3263     return {"\\\markdownRenderer0lBegin\n",contents,
3264           "\n\\\markdownRenderer0lEnd "}
3265   end
3266 end

```

Define `writer->inline_html_comment` as a function that will transform the contents of an inline HTML comment, to the output format, where `contents` are the contents of the HTML comment.

```

3267   function self.inline_html_comment(contents)
3268     return {"\\\markdownRendererInlineHtmlComment{",contents,"}"}
3269   end

```

Define `writer->definitionlist` as a function that will transform an input definition list to the output format, where `items` is an array of tables, each of the form `{ term = t, definitions = defs }`, where `t` is a term and `defs` is an array of definitions. `tight` specifies, whether the list is tight or not.

```

3270   local function dlitem(term, defs)
3271     local retVal = {"\\\markdownRendererDlItem{",term,"}"}
3272     for _, def in ipairs(defs) do
3273       retVal[#retVal+1] = {"\\\markdownRendererDlDefinitionBegin ",def,
3274                           "\\\markdownRendererDlDefinitionEnd "}
3275     end
3276     retVal[#retVal+1] = "\\\markdownRendererDlItemEnd "
3277     return retVal
3278   end

```

```

3279
3280     function self.definitionlist(items,tight)
3281         if not self.is_writing then return "" end
3282         local buffer = {}
3283         for _,item in ipairs(items) do
3284             buffer[#buffer + 1] = dlitem(item.term, itemdefinitions)
3285         end
3286         if tight and options.tightLists then
3287             return {"\\markdownRendererDlBeginTight\n", buffer,
3288                     "\\n\\markdownRendererDlEndTight"}
3289         else
3290             return {"\\markdownRendererDlBegin\n", buffer,
3291                     "\\n\\markdownRendererDlEnd"}
3292         end
3293     end

```

Define `writer->emphasis` as a function that will transform an emphasized span `s` of input text to the output format.

```

3294     function self.emphasis(s)
3295         return {"\\markdownRendererEmphasis{",s,"}"}
3296     end

```

Define `writer->checkbox` as a function that will transform a number `f` to the output format.

```

3297     function self.checkbox(f)
3298         if f == 1.0 then
3299             return "☒ "
3300         elseif f == 0.0 then
3301             return "☐ "
3302         else
3303             return "▣ "
3304         end
3305     end

```

Define `writer->strong` as a function that will transform a strongly emphasized span `s` of input text to the output format.

```

3306     function self.strong(s)
3307         return {"\\markdownRendererStrongEmphasis{",s,"}"}
3308     end

```

Define `writer->blockquote` as a function that will transform an input block quote `s` to the output format.

```

3309     function self.blockquote(s)
3310         if #util.rope_to_string(s) == 0 then return "" end
3311         return {"\\markdownRendererBlockQuoteBegin\n",s,
3312                 "\\n\\markdownRendererBlockQuoteEnd "}
3313     end

```

Define `writer->verbatim` as a function that will transform an input code block `s` to the output format.

```
3314  function self.verbatim(s)
3315      if not self.is_writing then return "" end
3316      s = string.gsub(s, '[\r\n%s]*$', '')
3317      local name = util.cache(options.cacheDir, s, nil, nil, ".verbatim")
3318      return {"\\markdownRendererInputVerbatim{",name,"}"}
3319  end
```

Define `writer->codeFence` as a function that will transform an input fenced code block `s` with the infostring `i` to the output format.

```
3320  function self.fencedCode(i, s)
3321      if not self.is_writing then return "" end
3322      s = string.gsub(s, '[\r\n%s]*$', '')
3323      local name = util.cache(options.cacheDir, s, nil, nil, ".verbatim")
3324      return {"\\markdownRendererInputFencedCode{",name,"}{",i,"}"}
3325  end
```

Define `writer->jekyllData` as a function that will transform an input YAML table `d` to the output format. The table is the value for the key `p` in the parent table; if `p` is nil, then the table has no parent. All scalar keys and values encountered in the table will be cast to a string following YAML serialization rules. String values will also be transformed using the function `t`.

```
3326  function self.jekyllData(d, t, p)
3327      if not self.is_writing then return "" end
3328
3329      local buf = {}
3330
3331      local keys = {}
3332      for k, _ in pairs(d) do
3333          table.insert(keys, k)
3334      end
3335      table.sort(keys)
3336
3337      if not p then
3338          table.insert(buf, "\\markdownRendererJekyllDataBegin")
3339      end
3340
3341      if #d > 0 then
3342          table.insert(buf, "\\markdownRendererJekyllDataSequenceBegin{")
3343          table.insert(buf, self.uri(p or "null"))
3344          table.insert(buf, "}{")
3345          table.insert(buf, #keys)
3346          table.insert(buf, "}")
3347      else
3348          table.insert(buf, "\\markdownRendererJekyllDataMappingBegin{")
3349          table.insert(buf, self.uri(p or "null"))
```

```

3350     table.insert(buf, "}{")
3351     table.insert(buf, #keys)
3352     table.insert(buf, "}")
3353   end
3354
3355   for _, k in ipairs(keys) do
3356     local v = d[k]
3357     local typ = type(v)
3358     k = tostring(k or "null")
3359     if typ == "table" and next(v) ~= nil then
3360       table.insert(
3361         buf,
3362         self.jekyllData(v, t, k)
3363       )
3364     else
3365       k = self.uri(k)
3366       v = tostring(v)
3367       if typ == "boolean" then
3368         table.insert(buf, "\\markdownRendererJekyllDataBoolean{")
3369         table.insert(buf, k)
3370         table.insert(buf, "}{")
3371         table.insert(buf, v)
3372         table.insert(buf, "}")
3373       elseif typ == "number" then
3374         table.insert(buf, "\\markdownRendererJekyllDataNumber{")
3375         table.insert(buf, k)
3376         table.insert(buf, "}{")
3377         table.insert(buf, v)
3378         table.insert(buf, "}")
3379       elseif typ == "string" then
3380         table.insert(buf, "\\markdownRendererJekyllDataString{")
3381         table.insert(buf, k)
3382         table.insert(buf, "}{")
3383         table.insert(buf, t(v))
3384         table.insert(buf, "}")
3385       elseif typ == "table" then
3386         table.insert(buf, "\\markdownRendererJekyllDataEmpty{")
3387         table.insert(buf, k)
3388         table.insert(buf, "}")
3389       else
3390         error(format("Unexpected type %s for value of " ..
3391                     "YAML key %s", typ, k))
3392       end
3393     end
3394   end
3395
3396   if #d > 0 then

```

```

3397     table.insert(buf, "\\markdownRendererJekyllDataSequenceEnd")
3398   else
3399     table.insert(buf, "\\markdownRendererJekyllDataMappingEnd")
3400   end
3401
3402   if not p then
3403     table.insert(buf, "\\markdownRendererJekyllDataEnd")
3404   end
3405
3406   return buf
3407 end

Define writer->active_headings as a stack of identifiers of the headings that are currently active. The writer->active_headings member variable is mutable.

3408   self.active_headings = {}

Define writer->heading as a function that will transform an input heading s at level level with identifiers identifiers to the output format.

3409   function self.heading(s,level,attributes)
3410     local active_headings = self.active_headings
3411     local slice_begin_type = self.slice_begin:sub(1, 1)
3412     local slice_begin_identifier = self.slice_begin:sub(2) or ""
3413     local slice_end_type = self.slice_end:sub(1, 1)
3414     local slice_end_identifier = self.slice_end:sub(2) or ""
3415
3416     while #active_headings < level do
3417       -- push empty identifiers for implied sections
3418       table.insert(active_headings, {})
3419     end
3420
3421     while #active_headings >= level do
3422       -- pop identifiers for sections that have ended
3423       local active_identifiers = active_headings[#active_headings]
3424       if active_identifiers[slice_begin_identifier] ~= nil
3425         and slice_begin_type == "$" then
3426           self.is_writing = true
3427         end
3428       if active_identifiers[slice_end_identifier] ~= nil
3429         and slice_end_type == "$" then
3430           self.is_writing = false
3431         end
3432       table.remove(active_headings, #active_headings)
3433     end
3434
3435     -- push identifiers for the new section
3436     attributes = attributes or {}
3437     local identifiers = {}
3438     for index = 1, #attributes do

```

```

3439     attribute = attributes[index]
3440     identifiers[attribute:sub(2)] = true
3441   end
3442   if identifiers[slice_begin_identifier] ~= nil
3443     and slice_begin_type == "^" then
3444     self.is_writing = true
3445   end
3446   if identifiers[slice_end_identifier] ~= nil
3447     and slice_end_type == "^" then
3448     self.is_writing = false
3449   end
3450   table.insert(active_headings, identifiers)
3451
3452   if not self.is_writing then return "" end
3453
3454   local cmd
3455   level = level + options.shiftHeadings
3456   if level <= 1 then
3457     cmd = "\\markdownRendererHeadingOne"
3458   elseif level == 2 then
3459     cmd = "\\markdownRendererHeadingTwo"
3460   elseif level == 3 then
3461     cmd = "\\markdownRendererHeadingThree"
3462   elseif level == 4 then
3463     cmd = "\\markdownRendererHeadingFour"
3464   elseif level == 5 then
3465     cmd = "\\markdownRendererHeadingFive"
3466   elseif level >= 6 then
3467     cmd = "\\markdownRendererHeadingSix"
3468   else
3469     cmd = ""
3470   end
3471   return {cmd,"{",s,"}"}
3472 end

```

Define `writer->note` as a function that will transform an input footnote `s` to the output format.

```

3473   function self.note(s)
3474     return {"\\markdownRendererFootnote{",s,"}"}
3475   end

```

Define `writer->citations` as a function that will transform an input array of citations `cites` to the output format. If `text_cites` is enabled, the citations should be rendered in-text, when applicable. The `cites` array contains tables with the following keys and values:

- `suppress_author` – If the value of the key is true, then the author of the work should be omitted in the citation, when applicable.

- **prenote** – The value of the key is either `nil` or a rope that should be inserted before the citation.
- **postnote** – The value of the key is either `nil` or a rope that should be inserted after the citation.
- **name** – The value of this key is the citation name.

```

3476   function self.citations(text_cites, cites)
3477     local buffer = {"\\markdownRenderer", text_cites and "TextCite" or "Cite",
3478                   "{$", #cites, "}"}
3479     for _,cite in ipairs(cites) do
3480       buffer[#buffer+1] = {cite.suppress_author and "-" or "+", "{$",
3481                             cite.prenote or "", "}{", cite.postnote or "", "}{", cite.name, "}"}
3482     end
3483     return buffer
3484   end

```

Define `writer->get_state` as a function that returns the current state of the writer, where the state of a writer are its mutable member variables.

```

3485   function self.get_state()
3486     return {
3487       is_writing=self.is_writing,
3488       active_headings={table.unpack(self.active_headings)},
3489     }
3490   end

```

Define `writer->set_state` as a function that restores the input state `s` and returns the previous state of the writer.

```

3491   function self.set_state(s)
3492     local previous_state = self.get_state()
3493     for key, value in pairs(s) do
3494       self[key] = value
3495     end
3496     return previous_state
3497   end

```

Define `writer->defer_call` as a function that will encapsulate the input function `f`, so that `f` is called with the state of the writer at the time of calling `writer->defer_call`.

```

3498   function self.defer_call(f)
3499     local previous_state = self.get_state()
3500     return function(...)
3501       local state = self.set_state(previous_state)
3502       local return_value = f(...)
3503       self.set_state(state)
3504       return return_value
3505     end

```

```

3506   end
3507
3508   return self
3509 end

```

3.1.4 Parsers

The `parsers` hash table stores PEG patterns that are static and can be reused between different `reader` objects.

```
3510 local parsers = {}
```

3.1.4.1 Basic Parsers

| | |
|---|---------------------------|
| 3511 <code>parsers.percent</code> | = <code>P("%")</code> |
| 3512 <code>parsers.at</code> | = <code>P("@")</code> |
| 3513 <code>parsers.comma</code> | = <code>P(",")</code> |
| 3514 <code>parsers.asterisk</code> | = <code>P("*")</code> |
| 3515 <code>parsers.dash</code> | = <code>P("-")</code> |
| 3516 <code>parsers.plus</code> | = <code>P("+")</code> |
| 3517 <code>parsers.underscore</code> | = <code>P("_")</code> |
| 3518 <code>parsers.period</code> | = <code>P(".")</code> |
| 3519 <code>parsers.hash</code> | = <code>P("#")</code> |
| 3520 <code>parsers.ampersand</code> | = <code>P("&")</code> |
| 3521 <code>parsers.backtick</code> | = <code>P(``")</code> |
| 3522 <code>parsers.less</code> | = <code>P("<")</code> |
| 3523 <code>parsers.more</code> | = <code>P(">")</code> |
| 3524 <code>parsers.space</code> | = <code>P(" ")</code> |
| 3525 <code>parsers.squote</code> | = <code>P('')'</code> |
| 3526 <code>parsers.dquote</code> | = <code>P(``")</code> |
| 3527 <code>parsers.lparent</code> | = <code>P("(")</code> |
| 3528 <code>parsers.rparent</code> | = <code>P(")")</code> |
| 3529 <code>parsers.lbracket</code> | = <code>P("[")</code> |
| 3530 <code>parsers.rbracket</code> | = <code>P("]")</code> |
| 3531 <code>parsers.lbrace</code> | = <code>P("{")</code> |
| 3532 <code>parsers.rbrace</code> | = <code>P("}")</code> |
| 3533 <code>parsers.circumflex</code> | = <code>P("^")</code> |
| 3534 <code>parsers.slash</code> | = <code>P("//")</code> |
| 3535 <code>parsers.equal</code> | = <code>P("==")</code> |
| 3536 <code>parsers.colon</code> | = <code>P(":")</code> |
| 3537 <code>parsers.semicolon</code> | = <code>P(";")</code> |
| 3538 <code>parsers.exclamation</code> | = <code>P("!")</code> |
| 3539 <code>parsers.pipe</code> | = <code>P(" ")</code> |
| 3540 <code>parsers.tilde</code> | = <code>P("~")</code> |
| 3541 <code>parsers.backslash</code> | = <code>P("\\\\")</code> |
| 3542 <code>parsers.tab</code> | = <code>P("\t")</code> |
| 3543 <code>parsers.newline</code> | = <code>P("\n")</code> |
| 3544 <code>parsers.tightblocksep</code> | = <code>P("\001")</code> |

```

3545
3546 parsers.digit = R("09")
3547 parsers.hexdigit = R("09","af","AF")
3548 parsers.letter = R("AZ","az")
3549 parsers.alphanumeric = R("AZ","az","09")
3550 parsers.keyword = parsers.letter
3551 * parsers.alphanumeric^0
3552 parsers.citation_chars = parsers.alphanumeric
3553 + S("#$%&-+<>~/_")
3554 parsers.internal_punctuation = S(":;,.?")
3555
3556 parsers.doubleasterisks = P("**")
3557 parsers.doubleunderscores = P("__")
3558 parsers.fourspaces = P("    ")
3559
3560 parsers.any = P(1)
3561 parsers.fail = parsers.any - 1
3562
3563 parsers.escapable = S("\\`*_{}()_.!<>#-~:@;")
3564 parsers.anyescaped = parsers.backslash / "" * parsers.escapable
3565 + parsers.any
3566
3567 parsers.spacechar = S("\t ")
3568 parsers.spacing = S(" \n\r\t")
3569 parsers.nonspacechar = parsers.any - parsers.spacing
3570 parsers.optionalspace = parsers.spacechar^0
3571
3572 parsers.specialchar = S("*_`&[]<!\\.\0-^")
3573
3574 parsers.normalchar = parsers.any - (parsers.specialchar
3575 + parsers.spacing
3576 + parsers.tightblocksep)
3577 parsers.eof = -parsers.any
3578 parsers.nonindentspace = parsers.space^-3 * - parsers.spacechar
3579 parsers.indent = parsers.space^-3 * parsers.tab
3580 + parsers.fourspaces / ""
3581 parsers.linechar = P(1 - parsers.newline)
3582
3583 parsers.blankline = parsers.optionalspace
3584 * parsers.newline / "\n"
3585 parsers.blanklines = parsers.blankline^0
3586 parsers.skipblanklines = (parsers.optionalspace * parsers.newline)^0
3587 parsers.indentedline = parsers.indent / ""
3588 * C(parsers.linechar^1 * parsers.newline^-1)
1)
3589 parsers.optionallyindentedline = parsers.indent^-1 / ""

```

```

3590           * C(parsers.linechar^1 * parsers.newline^-1)
3591   parsers.sp           = parsers.spacing^0
3592   parsers.spnl          = parsers.optionalspace
3593           * (parsers.newline * parsers.optionalspace)^-1
3594   parsers.line          = parsers.linechar^0 * parsers.newline
3595   parsers.nonemptyline    = parsers.line - parsers.blankline

```

The `parsers/commented_line^1` parser recognizes the regular language of T_EX comments, see an equivalent finite automaton in Figure 6 on the next page.

```

3596 parsers(commented_line_letter = parsers.linechar
3597           + parsers.newline
3598           - parsers.backslash
3599           - parsers.percent
3600   parsers(commented_line      = Cg(Cc(""), "backslashes")
3601           * ((#(parsers.commented_line_letter
3602               - parsers.newline)
3603               * Cb("backslashes")
3604               * Cs(parsers.commented_line_letter
3605                   - parsers.newline)^1 -- initial
3606               * Cg(Cc(""), "backslashes"))
3607               + #(parsers.backslash * parsers.backslash)
3608               * Cg((parsers.backslash -- even backslash
3609                   * parsers.backslash)^1, "backslashes")
3610           + (parsers.backslash
3611               * (#parsers.percent
3612                   * Cb("backslashes")
3613                   / function(backslashes)
3614                       return string.rep("\\", #backslashes / 2)
3615                   end
3616               * C(parsers.percent)
3617               + #parsers.commented_line_letter
3618               * Cb("backslashes")
3619               * Cc("\\")
3620               * C(parsers.commented_line_letter))
3621               * Cg(Cc(""), "backslashes")))^0
3622           * (#parsers.percent
3623               * Cb("backslashes")
3624               / function(backslashes)
3625                   return string.rep("\\", #backslashes / 2)
3626               end
3627           * ((parsers.percent -- comment
3628               * parsers.line
3629               * #parsers.blankline) -- blank line
3630               / "\n"
3631               + parsers.percent -- comment

```

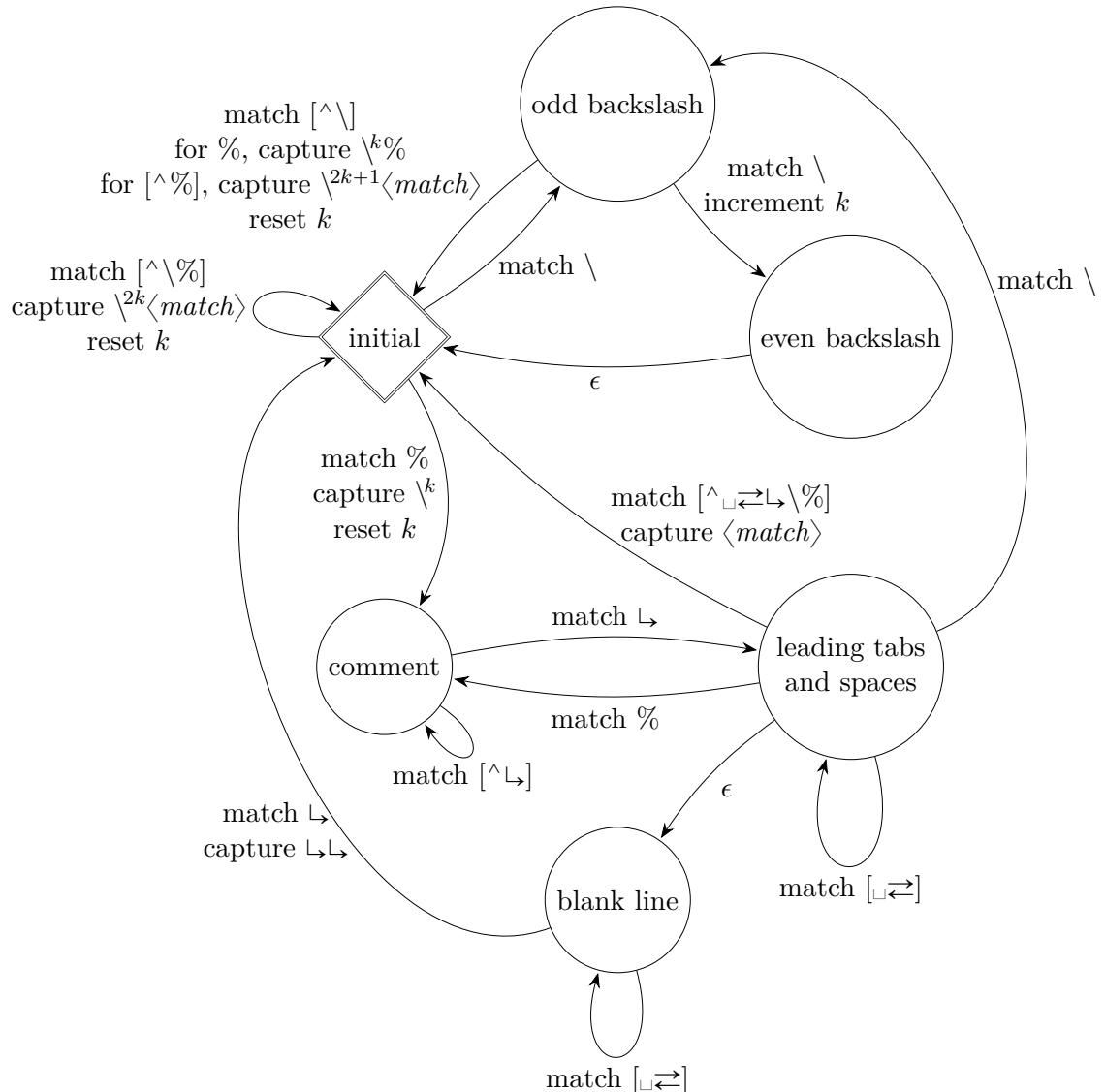


Figure 6: A pushdown automaton that recognizes **TEX** comments

```

3632             * parsers.line
3633             * parsers.optionalspace) -- leading tabs and spaces
3634             + #(parsers.newline)
3635             * Cb("backslashes")
3636             * C(parsers.newline))
3637
3638     parsers.chunk = parsers.line * (parsers.optionallyindentedline
3639                                         - parsers.blankline)^0
3640
3641     parsers.css_identifier_char = R("AZ", "az", "09") + S("-_")
3642     parsers.css_identifier = (parsers.hash + parsers.period)
3643             * (((parsers.css_identifier_char
3644                 - parsers.dash - parsers.digit)
3645                 * parsers.css_identifier_char^1)
3646                 + (parsers.dash
3647                     * (parsers.css_identifier_char
3648                         - parsers.digit)
3649                         * parsers.css_identifier_char^0)))
3650     parsers.attribute_name_char = parsers.any - parsers.space
3651             - parsers.squote - parsers.dquote
3652             - parsers.more - parsers.slash
3653             - parsers.equal
3654     parsers.attribute_value_char = parsers.any - parsers.dquote
3655             - parsers.more
3656
3657 -- block followed by 0 or more optionally
3658 -- indented blocks with first line indented.
3659     parsers.indented_blocks = function(bl)
3660         return Cs( bl
3661             * (parsers.blankline^1 * parsers.indent * -parsers.blankline * bl)^0
3662             * (parsers.blankline^1 + parsers.eof) )
3663 end

```

3.1.4.2 Parsers Used for Markdown Lists

```

3664     parsers.bulletchar = C(parsers.plus + parsers.asterisk + parsers.dash)
3665
3666     parsers.bullet = ( parsers.bulletchar * #parsers.spacing
3667                                         * (parsers.tab + parsers.space^-3)
3668                                         + parsers.space * parsers.bulletchar * #parsers.spacing
3669                                         * (parsers.tab + parsers.space^-2)
3670                                         + parsers.space * parsers.space * parsers.bulletchar
3671                                         * #parsers.spacing
3672                                         * (parsers.tab + parsers.space^-1)
3673                                         + parsers.space * parsers.space * parsers.space
3674                                         * parsers.bulletchar * #parsers.spacing
3675 )

```

```

3676
3677 local function tickbox(interior)
3678   return parsers.optionalspace * parsers.lbracket
3679     * interior * parsers.rbracket * parsers.spacechar^1
3680 end
3681
3682 parsers.ticked_box = tickbox(S("xX")) * Cc(1.0)
3683 parsers.halfticked_box = tickbox(S("./")) * Cc(0.5)
3684 parsers.unticked_box = tickbox(parsers.spacechar^1) * Cc(0.0)
3685

```

3.1.4.3 Parsers Used for Markdown Code Spans

```

3686 parsers.openticks  = Cg(parsers.backtick^1, "ticks")
3687
3688 local function captures_equal_length(s,i,a,b)
3689   return #a == #b and i
3690 end
3691
3692 parsers.closeticks = parsers.space^-1
3693   * Cmt(C(parsers.backtick^1)
3694     * Cb("ticks"), captures_equal_length)
3695
3696 parsers.intickschar = (parsers.any - S(" \n\r"))
3697   + (parsers.newline * -parsers.blankline)
3698   + (parsers.space - parsers.closeticks)
3699   + (parsers.backtick^1 - parsers.closeticks)
3700
3701 parsers.inticks    = parsers.openticks * parsers.space^-1
3702   * C(parsers.intickschar^0) * parsers.closeticks

```

3.1.4.4 Parsers Used for Fenced Code Blocks

```

3703 local function captures_geq_length(s,i,a,b)
3704   return #a >= #b and i
3705 end
3706
3707 parsers.infostring    = (parsers.linechar - (parsers.backtick
3708   + parsers.space^1 * (parsers.newline + parsers.eof)))^0
3709
3710 local fenceindent
3711 parsers.fencehead    = function(char)
3712   return
3713     C(parsers.nonindentspace) / function(s) fenceindent = #s end
3714   * Cg(char^3, "fencelength")
3715   * parsers.optionalspace * C(parsers.infostring)
3716   * parsers.optionalspace * (parsers.newline + parsers.eof)
3717 end

```

```

3718 parsers.fencetail      = function(char)
3719   return           parsers.nonindentspace
3720   * Cmt(C(char^3) * Cb("fencelength"), captures_geq_length)
3721   * parsers.optionalspace * (parsers.newline + parsers.eof)
3722   + parsers.eof
3723 end
3724
3725 parsers.fencedline     = function(char)
3726   return           C(parsers.line - parsers.fencetail(char))
3727   / function(s)
3728     i = 1
3729     remaining = fenceindent
3730     while true do
3731       c = s:sub(i, i)
3732       if c == " " and remaining > 0 then
3733         remaining = remaining - 1
3734         i = i + 1
3735       elseif c == "\t" and remaining > 3 then
3736         remaining = remaining - 4
3737         i = i + 1
3738       else
3739         break
3740       end
3741     end
3742     return s:sub(i)
3743   end
3744 end

```

3.1.4.5 Parsers Used for Markdown Tags and Links

```

3745 parsers.leader        = parsers.space^-3
3746
3747 -- content in balanced brackets, parentheses, or quotes:
3748 parsers.bracketed     = P{ parsers.lbracket
3749   * ((parsers.anyescaped - (parsers.lbracket
3750     + parsers.rbracket
3751     + parsers.blankline^2)
3752     ) + V(1))^0
3753   * parsers.rbracket }
3754
3755 parsers.inparens      = P{ parsers.lparent
3756   * ((parsers.anyescaped - (parsers.lparent
3757     + parsers.rparent
3758     + parsers.blankline^2)
3759     ) + V(1))^0
3760   * parsers.rparent }
3761

```

```

3762 parsers.squoted      = P{ parsers.squote * parsers.alphanumeric
3763           * ((parsers.anyescaped - (parsers.squote
3764           + parsers.blankline^2)
3765           ) + V(1))^0
3766           * parsers.squote }
3767
3768 parsers.dquoted      = P{ parsers.dquote * parsers.alphanumeric
3769           * ((parsers.anyescaped - (parsers.dquote
3770           + parsers.blankline^2)
3771           ) + V(1))^0
3772           * parsers.dquote }
3773
3774 -- bracketed tag for markdown links, allowing nested brackets:
3775 parsers.tag          = parsers.lbracket
3776           * Cs((parsers.alphanumeric^1
3777           + parsers.bracketed
3778           + parsers.inticks
3779           + (parsers.anyescaped
3780           - (parsers.rbracket + parsers.blankline^2)))^0)
3781           * parsers.rbracket
3782
3783 -- url for markdown links, allowing nested brackets:
3784 parsers.url          = parsers.less * Cs((parsers.anyescaped
3785           - parsers.more)^0)
3786           * parsers.more
3787           + Cs((parsers.inparens + (parsers.anyescaped
3788           - parsers.spacing
3789           - parsers.rparent))^1)
3790
3791 -- quoted text, possibly with nested quotes:
3792 parsers.title_s       = parsers.squote * Cs(((parsers.anyescaped-parsers.squote)
3793           + parsers.squoted)^0)
3794           * parsers.squote
3795
3796 parsers.title_d       = parsers.dquote * Cs(((parsers.anyescaped-parsers.dquote)
3797           + parsers.dquoted)^0)
3798           * parsers.dquote
3799
3800 parsers.title_p       = parsers.lparent
3801           * Cs((parsers.inparens + (parsers.anyescaped-parsers.rparent))^0)
3802           * parsers.rparent
3803
3804 parsers.title         = parsers.title_d + parsers.title_s + parsers.title_p
3805
3806 parsers.optionaltitle
3807           = parsers.spnl * parsers.title * parsers.spacechar^0
3808           + Cc("")

```

3.1.4.6 Parsers Used for iA Writer Content Blocks

```
3809 parsers.contentblock_tail
3810             = parsers.optionaltitle
3811             * (parsers.newline + parsers.eof)
3812
3813 -- case insensitive online image suffix:
3814 parsers.onlineimagesuffix
3815             = (function(...)
3816                 local parser = nil
3817                 for _,suffix in ipairs({...}) do
3818                     local pattern=nil
3819                     for i=1,#suffix do
3820                         local char=suffix:sub(i,i)
3821                         char = S(char:lower()..char:upper())
3822                         if pattern == nil then
3823                             pattern = char
3824                         else
3825                             pattern = pattern * char
3826                         end
3827                     end
3828                     if parser == nil then
3829                         parser = pattern
3830                     else
3831                         parser = parser + pattern
3832                         end
3833                     end
3834                 return parser
3835             end)>("png", "jpg", "jpeg", "gif", "tif", "tiff")
3836
3837 -- online image url for iA Writer content blocks with mandatory suffix,
3838 -- allowing nested brackets:
3839 parsers.onlineimageurl
3840             = (parsers.less
3841                 * Cs((parsers.anyescaped
3842                     - parsers.more
3843                     - #(parsers.period
3844                         * parsers.onlineimagesuffix
3845                         * parsers.more
3846                         * parsers.contentblock_tail))^0)
3847                     * parsers.period
3848                     * Cs(parsers.onlineimagesuffix)
3849                     * parsers.more
3850                     + (Cs((parsers.inparens
3851                         + (parsers.anyescaped
3852                             - parsers.spacing
3853                             - parsers.rparent
3854                             - #(parsers.period
```

```

3855             * parsers.onlineimagesuffix
3856             * parsers.contentblock_tail))))^0)
3857         * parsers.period
3858         * Cs(parsers.onlineimagesuffix))
3859     ) * Cc("onlineimage")
3860
3861 -- filename for iA Writer content blocks with mandatory suffix:
3862 parsers.localfilepath
3863     = parsers.slash
3864     * Cs((parsers.anyescaped
3865         - parsers.tab
3866         - parsers.newline
3867         - #(parsers.period
3868             * parsers.alphanumeric^1
3869             * parsers.contentblock_tail)))^1)
3870     * parsers.period
3871     * Cs(parsers.alphanumeric^1)
3872     * Cc("localfile")

```

3.1.4.7 Parsers Used for Citations

```

3873 parsers.citation_name = Cs(parsers.dash^-1) * parsers.at
3874             * Cs(parsers.citation_chars
3875                 * (((parsers.citation_chars + parsers.internal_punctuation
3876                     - parsers.comma - parsers.semicolon)
3877                     * -#((parsers.internal_punctuation - parsers.comma
3878                         - parsers.semicolon))^0
3879                         * -(parsers.citation_chars + parsers.internal_punctuation
3880                             - parsers.comma - parsers.semicolon)))^0
3881                     * parsers.citation_chars)^-1)
3882
3883 parsers.citation_body_prenote
3884     = Cs((parsers.alphanumeric^1
3885         + parsers.bracketed
3886         + parsers.inticks
3887         + (parsers.anyescaped
3888             - (parsers.rbracket + parsers.blankline^2))
3889             - (parsers.spnl * parsers.dash^-1 * parsers.at)))^0)
3890
3891 parsers.citation_body_postnote
3892     = Cs((parsers.alphanumeric^1
3893         + parsers.bracketed
3894         + parsers.inticks
3895         + (parsers.anyescaped
3896             - (parsers.rbracket + parsers.semicolon
3897                 + parsers.blankline^2))
3898             - (parsers.spnl * parsers.rbracket)))^0)

```

```

3899
3900 parsers.citation_body_chunk
3901             = parsers.citation_body_prenote
3902             * parsers.spnl * parsers.citation_name
3903             * (parsers.internal_punctuation - parsers.semicolon)^-
3904             1
3905             * parsers.spnl * parsers.citation_body_postnote
3906
3907 parsers.citation_body
3908             = parsers.citation_body_chunk
3909             * (parsers.semicolon * parsers.spnl
3910                 * parsers.citation_body_chunk)^0
3911
3912 parsers.citation_headless_body_postnote
3913             = Cs((parsers.alphanumeric^1
3914                 + parsers.bracketed
3915                 + parsers.inticks
3916                 + (parsers.anyescaped
3917                     - (parsers.rbracket + parsers.at
3918                         + parsers.semicolon + parsers.blankline^2))
3919                     - (parsers.spnl * parsers.rbracket))^0)
3920
3921 parsers.citation_headless_body
3922             = parsers.citation_headless_body_postnote
3923             * (parsers.sp * parsers.semicolon * parsers.spnl
3924                 * parsers.citation_body_chunk)^0

```

3.1.4.8 Parsers Used for Footnotes

```

3924 local function strip_first_char(s)
3925     return s:sub(2)
3926 end
3927
3928 parsers.RawNoteRef = #(parsers.lbracket * parsers.circumflex)
3929             * parsers.tag / strip_first_char

```

3.1.4.9 Parsers Used for Tables

```

3930 local function make_pipe_table_rectangular(rows)
3931     local num_columns = #rows[2]
3932     local rectangular_rows = {}
3933     for i = 1, #rows do
3934         local row = rows[i]
3935         local rectangular_row = {}
3936         for j = 1, num_columns do
3937             rectangular_row[j] = row[j] or ""
3938         end
3939         table.insert(rectangular_rows, rectangular_row)

```

```

3940     end
3941     return rectangular_rows
3942   end
3943
3944   local function pipe_table_row(allow_empty_first_column
3945                               , nonempty_column
3946                               , column_separator
3947                               , column)
3948     local row_beginning
3949     if allow_empty_first_column then
3950       row_beginning = -- empty first column
3951                     #(parsers.spacechar^4
3952                     * column_separator)
3953                     * parsers.optionalspace
3954                     * column
3955                     * parsers.optionalspace
3956                     -- non-empty first column
3957                     + parsers.nonindentspace
3958                     * nonempty_column^-1
3959                     * parsers.optionalspace
3960     else
3961       row_beginning = parsers.nonindentspace
3962                     * nonempty_column^-1
3963                     * parsers.optionalspace
3964     end
3965
3966     return Ct(row_beginning
3967               * (-- single column with no leading pipes
3968                 #(column_separator
3969                   * parsers.optionalspace
3970                   * parsers.newline)
3971                   * column_separator
3972                   * parsers.optionalspace
3973                   -- single column with leading pipes or
3974                   -- more than a single column
3975                   + (column_separator
3976                     * parsers.optionalspace
3977                     * column
3978                     * parsers.optionalspace)^1
3979                     * (column_separator
3980                     * parsers.optionalspace)^-1))
3981   end
3982
3983   parsers.table_hline_separator = parsers.pipe + parsers.plus
3984   parsers.table_hline_column = (parsers.dash
3985                           - #(parsers.dash
3986                           * (parsers.spacechar

```

```

3987                     + parsers.table_hline_separator
3988                     + parsers.newline)))^1
3989             * (parsers.colon * Cc("r"))
3990                 + parsers.dash * Cc("d"))
3991             + parsers.colon
3992             * (parsers.dash
3993                 - #(parsers.dash
3994                     * (parsers.spacechar
3995                         + parsers.table_hline_separator
3996                         + parsers.newline)))^1
3997             * (parsers.colon * Cc("c"))
3998                 + parsers.dash * Cc("l"))
3999     parsers.table_hline = pipe_table_row(false
4000                     , parsers.table_hline_column
4001                     , parsers.table_hline_separator
4002                     , parsers.table_hline_column)
4003     parsers.table_caption_beginning = parsers.skipblanklines
4004                     * parsers.nonindentspace
4005                     * (P("Table")^-1 * parsers.colon)
4006                     * parsers.optionalspace

```

3.1.4.10 Parsers Used for HTML

```

4007 -- case-insensitive match (we assume s is lowercase). must be single byte encoding
4008 parsers.keyword_exact = function(s)
4009     local parser = P(0)
4010     for i=1,#s do
4011         local c = s:sub(i,i)
4012         local m = c .. upper(c)
4013         parser = parser * S(m)
4014     end
4015     return parser
4016 end
4017
4018 parsers.block_keyword =
4019     parsers.keyword_exact("address") + parsers.keyword_exact("blockquote") +
4020     parsers.keyword_exact("center") + parsers.keyword_exact("del") +
4021     parsers.keyword_exact("dir") + parsers.keyword_exact("div") +
4022     parsers.keyword_exact("p") + parsers.keyword_exact("pre") +
4023     parsers.keyword_exact("li") + parsers.keyword_exact("ol") +
4024     parsers.keyword_exact("ul") + parsers.keyword_exact("dl") +
4025     parsers.keyword_exact("dd") + parsers.keyword_exact("form") +
4026     parsers.keyword_exact("fieldset") + parsers.keyword_exact("isindex") +
4027     parsers.keyword_exact("ins") + parsers.keyword_exact("menu") +
4028     parsers.keyword_exact("noframes") + parsers.keyword_exact("frameset") +
4029     parsers.keyword_exact("h1") + parsers.keyword_exact("h2") +
4030     parsers.keyword_exact("h3") + parsers.keyword_exact("h4") +

```

```

4031     parsers.keyword_exact("h5") + parsers.keyword_exact("h6") +
4032     parsers.keyword_exact("hr") + parsers.keyword_exact("script") +
4033     parsers.keyword_exact("noscript") + parsers.keyword_exact("table") +
4034     parsers.keyword_exact("tbody") + parsers.keyword_exact("tfoot") +
4035     parsers.keyword_exact("thead") + parsers.keyword_exact("th") +
4036     parsers.keyword_exact("td") + parsers.keyword_exact("tr")
4037
4038 -- There is no reason to support bad html, so we expect quoted attributes
4039 parsers.htmlattributevalue
4040         = parsers.squote * (parsers.any - (parsers.blankline
4041                               + parsers.squote))^0
4042             * parsers.squote
4043         + parsers.dquote * (parsers.any - (parsers.blankline
4044                               + parsers.dquote))^0
4045             * parsers.dquote
4046
4047 parsers.htmlattribute      = parsers.spacing^1
4048             * (parsers.alphanumeric + S("_-"))^1
4049             * parsers.sp * parsers.equal * parsers.sp
4050             * parsers.htmlattributevalue
4051
4052 parsers.htmlcomment       = P("<!--")
4053             * parsers.optionalspace
4054             * Cs((parsers.any - parsers.optionalspace * P("-->"))^0)
4055             * parsers.optionalspace
4056             * P("-->")
4057
4058 parsers.htmlinstruction   = P("<?") * (parsers.any - P("?>"))^0 * P("?>")
4059
4060 parsers.openelt_any = parsers.less * parsers.keyword * parsers.htmlattribute^0
4061             * parsers.sp * parsers.more
4062
4063 parsers.openelt_exact = function(s)
4064     return parsers.less * parsers.sp * parsers.keyword_exact(s)
4065             * parsers.htmlattribute^0 * parsers.sp * parsers.more
4066 end
4067
4068 parsers.openelt_block = parsers.sp * parsers.block_keyword
4069             * parsers.htmlattribute^0 * parsers.sp * parsers.more
4070
4071 parsers.closeelt_any = parsers.less * parsers.sp * parsers.slash
4072             * parsers.keyword * parsers.sp * parsers.more
4073
4074 parsers.closeelt_exact = function(s)
4075     return parsers.less * parsers.sp * parsers.slash * parsers.keyword_exact(s)
4076             * parsers.sp * parsers.more
4077 end

```

```

4078
4079 parsers.emptyelt_any = parsers.less * parsers.sp * parsers.keyword
4080             * parsers.htmlattribute^0 * parsers.sp * parsers.slash
4081             * parsers.more
4082
4083 parsers.emptyelt_block = parsers.less * parsers.sp * parsers.block_keyword
4084             * parsers.htmlattribute^0 * parsers.sp * parsers.slash
4085             * parsers.more
4086
4087 parsers.displaytext = (parsers.any - parsers.less)^1
4088
4089 -- return content between two matched HTML tags
4090 parsers.in_matched = function(s)
4091     return { parsers.openelt_exact(s)
4092             * (V(1) + parsers.displaytext
4093             + (parsers.less - parsers.closeelt_exact(s)))^0
4094             * parsers.closeelt_exact(s) }
4095 end
4096
4097 local function parse_matched_tags(s,pos)
4098     local t = string.lower(lpeg.match(C(parsers.keyword),s,pos))
4099     return lpeg.match(parsers.in_matched(t),s,pos-1)
4100 end
4101
4102 parsers.in_matched_block_tags = parsers.less
4103             * Cmt(#parsers.openelt_block, parse_matched_tags)
4104
4105 parsers.displayhtml = parsers.htmlcomment / ""
4106             + parsers.emptyelt_block
4107             + parsers.openelt_exact("hr")
4108             + parsers.in_matched_block_tags
4109             + parsers.htmlinstruction

```

3.1.4.11 Parsers Used for HTML Entities

```

4110 parsers.hexentity = parsers.ampersand * parsers.hash * S("Xx")
4111             * C(parsers.hexdigit^1) * parsers.semicolon
4112 parsers.decentity = parsers.ampersand * parsers.hash
4113             * C(parsers.digit^1) * parsers.semicolon
4114 parsers.tagentity = parsers.ampersand * C(parsers.alphanumeric^1)
4115             * parsers.semicolon

```

3.1.4.12 Helpers for References

```

4116 -- parse a reference definition: [foo]: /bar "title"
4117 parsers.define_reference_parser = parsers.leader * parsers.tag * parsers.colon
4118             * parsers.spacechar^0 * parsers.url
4119             * parsers.optionaltitle * parsers.blankline^1

```

3.1.4.13 Inline Elements

```
4120 parsers.Inline      = V("Inline")
4121 parsers.IndentedInline = V("IndentedInline")
4122
4123 -- parse many p between starter and ender
4124 parsers.between = function(p, starter, ender)
4125   local ender2 = B(parsers.nonspacechar) * ender
4126   return (starter * #parsers.nonspacechar * Ct(p * (p - ender2)^0) * ender2)
4127 end
4128
4129 parsers.urlchar      = parsers.anyescaped - parsers.newline - parsers.more
```

3.1.4.14 Block Elements

```
4130 parsers.Block      = V("Block")
4131
4132 parsers.OnlineImageURL
4133           = parsers.leader
4134           * parsers.onlineimageurl
4135           * parsers.optionaltitle
4136
4137 parsers.LocalFilePath
4138           = parsers.leader
4139           * parsers.localfilepath
4140           * parsers.optionaltitle
4141
4142 parsers.TildeFencedCode
4143           = parsers.fencehead(parsers.tilde)
4144           * Cs(parsers.fencedline(parsers.tilde)^0)
4145           * parsers.fencetail(parsers.tilde)
4146
4147 parsers.BacktickFencedCode
4148           = parsers.fencehead(parsers.backtick)
4149           * Cs(parsers.fencedline(parsers.backtick)^0)
4150           * parsers.fencetail(parsers.backtick)
4151
4152 parsers.JekyllFencedCode
4153           = parsers.fencehead(parsers.dash)
4154           * Cs(parsers.fencedline(parsers.dash)^0)
4155           * parsers.fencetail(parsers.dash)
4156
4157 parsers.lineof = function(c)
4158   return (parsers.leader * (P(c) * parsers.optionalspace)^3
4159           * (parsers.newline * parsers.blankline^1
4160           + parsers.newline^-1 * parsers.eof))
4161 end
```

3.1.4.15 Lists

```
4162 parsers.defstartchar = S("~:")
4163 parsers.defstart    = ( parsers.defstartchar * #parsers.spacing
4164                                * (parsers.tab + parsers.space^-
4165                                3)
4166                                + parsers.space * parsers.defstartchar * #parsers.spacing
4167                                * (parsers.tab + parsers.space^-2)
4168                                + parsers.space * parsers.space * parsers.defstartchar
4169                                * #parsers.spacing
4170                                * (parsers.tab + parsers.space^-1)
4171                                + parsers.space * parsers.space * parsers.space
4172                                * parsers.defstartchar * #parsers.spacing
4173 )
4174
4175 parsers.dlchunk = Cs(parsers.line * (parsers.indentedline - parsers.blankline)^0)
```

3.1.4.16 Headings

```
4175 parsers.heading_attribute = C(parsers.css_identifier)
4176                                + C((parsers.attribute_name_char
4177                                - parsers.rbrace)^1
4178                                * parsers.equal
4179                                * (parsers.attribute_value_char
4180                                - parsers.rbrace)^1)
4181 parsers.HeadingAttributes = parsers.lbrace
4182                                * parsers.heading_attribute
4183                                * (parsers.spacechar^1
4184                                * parsers.heading_attribute)^0
4185                                * parsers.rbrace
4186
4187 -- parse Atx heading start and return level
4188 parsers.HeadingStart = #parsers.hash * C(parsers.hash^-6)
4189                                * -parsers.hash / length
4190
4191 -- parse setext header ending and return level
4192 parsers.HeadingLevel = parsers.equal^1 * Cc(1) + parsers.dash^1 * Cc(2)
4193
4194 local function strip_atx_end(s)
4195     return s:gsub("#%s*\n$", "")
4196 end
```

3.1.5 Markdown Reader

This section documents the `reader` object, which implements the routines for parsing the markdown input. The object corresponds to the markdown reader object that was located in the `lunamark/reader/markdown.lua` file in the Lunamark Lua module.

Although not specified in the Lua interface (see Section 2.1 on page 6), the `reader` object is exported, so that the curious user could easily tinker with the methods of the objects produced by the `reader.new` method described below. The user should be aware, however, that the implementation may change in a future revision.

The `reader.new` method creates and returns a new TeX reader object associated with the Lua interface options (see Section 2.1.2 on page 7) `options` and with a writer object `writer`. When `options` are unspecified, it is assumed that an empty table was passed to the method.

The objects produced by the `reader.new` method expose instance methods and variables of their own. As a convention, I will refer to these $\langle member \rangle$ s as `reader->member`.

```
4197 M.reader = {}
4198 function M.reader.new(writer, options)
4199   local self = {}
4200   options = options or {}
```

Make the `options` table inherit from the `defaultOptions` table.

```
4201   setmetatable(options, { __index = function (_, key)
4202     return defaultOptions[key] end })
```

3.1.5.1 Top-Level Helper Functions Define `normalize_tag` as a function that normalizes a markdown reference tag by lowercasing it, and by collapsing any adjacent whitespace characters.

```
4203 local function normalize_tag(tag)
4204   return string.lower(
4205     gsub(util.rope_to_string(tag), "[ \n\r\t]+", " "))
4206 end
```

Define `iterlines` as a function that iterates over the lines of the input string `s`, transforms them using an input function `f`, and reassembles them into a new string, which it returns.

```
4207 local function iterlines(s, f)
4208   rope = lpeg.match(Ct((parsers.line / f)^1), s)
4209   return util.rope_to_string(rope)
4210 end
```

Define `expandtabs` either as an identity function, when the `preserveTabs` Lua interface option is enabled, or to a function that expands tabs into spaces otherwise.

```
4211 local expandtabs
4212 if options.preserveTabs then
4213   expandtabs = function(s) return s end
4214 else
4215   expandtabs = function(s)
4216     if s:find("\t") then
4217       return iterlines(s, util.expand_tabs_in_line)
```

```

4218         else
4219             return s
4220         end
4221     end
4222 end

The larsers (as in 'local \luamref{parsers}'') hash table stores \acro{peg} patterns, which impedes their reuse between different reader objects.

4223 local larsers = {}

```

3.1.5.2 Top-Level Parser Functions

```

4224 local function create_parser(name, grammar, toplevel)
4225     return function(str)

```

If the parser is top-level and the `stripIndent` Lua option is enabled, we will first expand tabs in the input string `str` into spaces and then we will count the minimum indent across all lines, skipping blank lines. Next, we will remove the minimum indent from all lines.

```

4226     if toplevel and options.stripIndent then
4227         local min_prefix_length, min_prefix = nil, ''
4228         str = iterlines(str, function(line)
4229             if lpeg.match(parsers.nonemptyline, line) == nil then
4230                 return line
4231             end
4232             line = util.expand_tabs_in_line(line)
4233             prefix = lpeg.match(C(parsers.optionalspace), line)
4234             local prefix_length = #prefix
4235             local is_shorter = min_prefix_length == nil
4236             is_shorter = is_shorter or prefix_length < min_prefix_length
4237             if is_shorter then
4238                 min_prefix_length, min_prefix = prefix_length, prefix
4239             end
4240             return line
4241         end)
4242         str = str:gsub('^\n .. min_prefix, '')
4243     end

```

If the parser is top-level and the `texComments` or `hybrid` Lua options are enabled, we will strip all plain TeX comments from the input string `str` together with the trailing newline characters.

```

4244     if toplevel and (options.texComments or options.hybrid) then
4245         str = lpeg.match(Ct(parserscommented_line^1), str)
4246         str = util.rope_to_string(str)
4247     end
4248     local res = lpeg.match(grammar(), str)
4249     if res == nil then
4250         error(format("%s failed on:\n%s", name, str:sub(1,20)))

```

```

4251     else
4252         return res
4253     end
4254   end
4255 end
4256
4257 local parse_blocks
4258   = create_parser("parse_blocks",
4259     function()
4260       return larsers.blocks
4261     end, false)
4262
4263 local parse_blocks_toplevel
4264   = create_parser("parse_blocks_toplevel",
4265     function()
4266       return larsers.blocks_toplevel
4267     end, true)
4268
4269 local parse_inlines
4270   = create_parser("parse_inlines",
4271     function()
4272       return larsers.inlines
4273     end, false)
4274
4275 local parse_inlines_no_link
4276   = create_parser("parse_inlines_no_link",
4277     function()
4278       return larsers.inlines_no_link
4279     end, false)
4280
4281 local parse_inlines_no_inline_note
4282   = create_parser("parse_inlines_no_inline_note",
4283     function()
4284       return larsers.inlines_no_inline_note
4285     end, false)
4286
4287 local parse_inlines_no_html
4288   = create_parser("parse_inlines_no_html",
4289     function()
4290       return larsers.inlines_no_html
4291     end, false)
4292
4293 local parse_inlines_nbsp
4294   = create_parser("parse_inlines_nbsp",
4295     function()
4296       return larsers.inlines_nbsp
4297     end, false)

```

3.1.5.3 Parsers Used for Markdown Lists (local)

```
4298 if options.hashEnumerators then
4299   larsers.dig = parsers.digit + parsers.hash
4300 else
4301   larsers.dig = parsers.digit
4302 end
4303
4304 larsers.enumerator = C(larsers.dig^3 * parsers.period) * #parsers.spacing
4305           + C(larsers.dig^2 * parsers.period) * #parsers.spacing
4306           * (parsers.tab + parsers.space^1)
4307           + C(larsers.dig * parsers.period) * #parsers.spacing
4308           * (parsers.tab + parsers.space^2)
4309           + parsers.space * C(larsers.dig^2 * parsers.period)
4310           * #parsers.spacing
4311           + parsers.space * C(larsers.dig * parsers.period)
4312           * #parsers.spacing
4313           * (parsers.tab + parsers.space^1)
4314           + parsers.space * parsers.space * C(larsers.dig^1
4315           * parsers.period) * #parsers.spacing
```

3.1.5.4 Parsers Used for Blockquotes (local)

```
4316 -- strip off leading > and indents, and run through blocks
4317 larsers.blockquote_body = ((parsers.leader * parsers.more * parsers.space^-
1) / ""
4318           * parsers.linechar^0 * parsers.newline)^1
4319           * (-parsers.leader * parsers.more
4320             + parsers.blankline) * parsers.linechar^1
4321           * parsers.newline)^0
4322
4323 if not options.breakableBlockquotes then
4324   larsers.blockquote_body = larsers.blockquote_body
4325           * (parsers.blankline^0 / "")
4326 end
```

3.1.5.5 Parsers Used for Citations (local)

```
4327 larsers.citations = function(text_cites, raw_cites)
4328   local function normalize(str)
4329     if str == "" then
4330       str = nil
4331     else
4332       str = (options.citationNbsps and parse_inlines_nbsp or
4333         parse_inlines)(str)
4334     end
4335   return str
4336 end
4337
```

```

4338     local cites = {}
4339     for i = 1,#raw_cites,4 do
4340         cites[#cites+1] = {
4341             prenote = normalize(raw_cites[i]),
4342             suppress_author = raw_cites[i+1] == "-",
4343             name = writer.citation(raw_cites[i+2]),
4344             postnote = normalize(raw_cites[i+3]),
4345         }
4346     end
4347     return writer.citations(text_cites, cites)
4348 end

```

3.1.5.6 Parsers Used for Footnotes (local)

```

4349 local rawnotes = {}
4350
4351 -- like indirect_link
4352 local function lookup_note(ref)
4353     return writer.defer_call(function()
4354         local found = rawnotes[normalize_tag(ref)]
4355         if found then
4356             return writer.note(parse_blocks_toplevel(found))
4357         else
4358             return {[["[", parse_inlines("^" .. ref), "]"]]}
4359         end
4360     end)
4361 end
4362
4363 local function register_note(ref,rawnote)
4364     rawnotes[normalize_tag(ref)] = rawnote
4365     return ""
4366 end
4367
4368 larsers.NoteRef      = parsers.RawNoteRef / lookup_note
4369
4370
4371 larsers.NoteBlock   = parsers.leader * parsers.RawNoteRef * parsers.colon
4372           * parsers.spnl * parsers.indented_blocks(parsers.chunk)
4373           / register_note
4374
4375 larsers.InlineNote = parsers.circumflex
4376           * (parsers.tag / parse_inlines_no_inline_note) -- no notes inside r
4377           / writer.note

```

3.1.5.7 Parsers Used for Tables (local)

```

4378 larsers.table_row = pipe_table_row(true
4379           , (C((parsers.linechar - parsers.pipe)^1)

```

```

4380                                / parse_inlines)
4381      , parsers.pipe
4382      , (C((parsers.linechar - parsers.pipe)^0)
4383                                / parse_inlines))
4384
4385 if options.tableCaptions then
4386   larsers.table_caption = #parsers.table_caption_beginning
4387           * parsers.table_caption_beginning
4388           * Ct(parsers.IndentedInline^1)
4389           * parsers.newline
4390 else
4391   larsers.table_caption = parsers.fail
4392 end
4393
4394 larsers.PipeTable = Ct(larsers.table_row * parsers.newline
4395           * parsers.table_hline
4396           * (parsers.newline * larsers.table_row)^0)
4397           / make_pipe_table_rectangular
4398           * larsers.table_caption^-1
4399           / writer.table

```

3.1.5.8 Helpers for Links and References (local)

```

4400 -- List of references defined in the document
4401 local references
4402
4403 -- add a reference to the list
4404 local function register_link(tag,url,title)
4405   references[normalize_tag(tag)] = { url = url, title = title }
4406   return ""
4407 end
4408
4409 -- lookup link reference and return either
4410 -- the link or nil and fallback text.
4411 local function lookup_reference(label,sps,tag)
4412   local tagpart
4413   if not tag then
4414     tag = label
4415     tagpart = ""
4416   elseif tag == "" then
4417     tag = label
4418     tagpart = "[]"
4419   else
4420     tagpart = {"[", parse_inlines(tag), "]"}
4421   end
4422   if sps then
4423     tagpart = {sps, tagpart}

```

```

4424     end
4425     local r = references[normalize_tag(tag)]
4426     if r then
4427         return r
4428     else
4429         return nil, {"[", parse_inlines(label), "]", tagpart}
4430     end
4431 end
4432
4433 -- lookup link reference and return a link, if the reference is found,
4434 -- or a bracketed label otherwise.
4435 local function indirect_link(label,sps,tag)
4436     return writer.defer_call(function()
4437         local r,fallback = lookup_reference(label,sps,tag)
4438         if r then
4439             return writer.link(parse_inlines_no_link(label), r.url, r.title)
4440         else
4441             return fallback
4442         end
4443     end)
4444 end
4445
4446 -- lookup image reference and return an image, if the reference is found,
4447 -- or a bracketed label otherwise.
4448 local function indirect_image(label,sps,tag)
4449     return writer.defer_call(function()
4450         local r,fallback = lookup_reference(label,sps,tag)
4451         if r then
4452             return writer.image(writer.string(label), r.url, r.title)
4453         else
4454             return {"!", fallback}
4455         end
4456     end)
4457 end

```

3.1.5.9 Inline Elements (local)

```

4458 larsers.Str      = (parsers.normalchar * (parsers.normalchar + parsers.at)^0)
4459                 / writer.string
4460
4461 larsers.Symbol   = (parsers.specialchar - parsers.tightblocksep)
4462                 / writer.string
4463
4464 larsers.Ellipsis = P("...") / writer.ellipsis
4465
4466 larsers.Smart    = larsers.Ellipsis
4467

```

```

4468 larsers.Code      = parsers.inticks / writer.code
4469
4470 if options.blankBeforeBlockquote then
4471   larsers.bqstart = parsers.fail
4472 else
4473   larsers.bqstart = parsers.more
4474 end
4475
4476 if options.blankBeforeHeading then
4477   larsers.headerstart = parsers.fail
4478 else
4479   larsers.headerstart = parsers.hash
4480     + (parsers.line * (parsers.equal^1 + parsers.dash^1)
4481       * parsers.optionalspace * parsers.newline)
4482 end
4483
4484 if not options.fencedCode or options.blankBeforeCodeFence then
4485   larsers.fencestart = parsers.fail
4486 else
4487   larsers.fencestart = parsers.fencehead(parsers.backtick)
4488     + parsers.fencehead(parsers.tilde)
4489 end
4490
4491 larsers.Endline    = parsers.newline * -( -- newline, but not before...
4492           parsers.blankline -- paragraph break
4493           + parsers.tightblocksep -- nested list
4494           + parsers.eof      -- end of document
4495           + larsers.bqstart
4496           + larsers.headerstart
4497           + larsers.fencestart
4498 ) * parsers.spacechar^0 / writer.space
4499
4500 larsers.OptionalIndent
4501   = parsers.spacechar^1 / writer.space
4502
4503 larsers.Space      = parsers.spacechar^2 * larsers.Endline / writer.linebreak
4504   + parsers.spacechar^1 * larsers.Endline^-1 * parsers.eof / ""
4505   + parsers.spacechar^1 * larsers.Endline^-1
4506           * parsers.optionalspace / writer.space
4507
4508 larsers.NonbreakingEndline
4509   = parsers.newline * -( -- newline, but not before...
4510           parsers.blankline -- paragraph break
4511           + parsers.tightblocksep -- nested list
4512           + parsers.eof      -- end of document
4513           + larsers.bqstart
4514           + larsers.headerstart

```

```

4515         + larsers.fencestart
4516     ) * parsers.spacechar^0 / writer.nbsp
4517
4518 larsers.NonbreakingSpace
4519     = parsers.spacechar^2 * larsers.Endline / writer.linebreak
4520     + parsers.spacechar^1 * larsers.Endline^-1 * parsers.eof / ""
4521     + parsers.spacechar^1 * larsers.Endline^-1
4522             * parsers.optionalspace / writer.nbsp
4523
4524 if options.underscores then
4525     larsers.Strong = ( parsers.between(parsers.Inline, parsers.doubleasterisks,
4526                                         parsers.doubleasterisks)
4527             + parsers.between(parsers.Inline, parsers.doubleunderscores,
4528                                         parsers.doubleunderscores)
4529         ) / writer.strong
4530
4531     larsers.Emph = ( parsers.between(parsers.Inline, parsers.asterisk,
4532                                         parsers.asterisk)
4533             + parsers.between(parsers.Inline, parsers.underscore,
4534                                         parsers.underscore)
4535         ) / writer.emphasis
4536 else
4537     larsers.Strong = ( parsers.between(parsers.Inline, parsers.doubleasterisks,
4538                                         parsers.doubleasterisks)
4539         ) / writer.strong
4540
4541     larsers.Emph = ( parsers.between(parsers.Inline, parsers.asterisk,
4542                                         parsers.asterisk)
4543         ) / writer.emphasis
4544 end
4545
4546 larsers.AutoLinkUrl = parsers.less
4547     * C(parsers.alphanumeric^1 * P(":/") * parsers.urlchar^1)
4548     * parsers.more
4549     / function(url)
4550         return writer.link(writer.escape(url), url)
4551     end
4552
4553 larsers.AutoLinkEmail = parsers.less
4554     * C((parsers.alphanumeric + S("-._+"))^1
4555     * P("@") * parsers.urlchar^1)
4556     * parsers.more
4557     / function(email)
4558         return writer.link(writer.escape(email),
4559                             "mailto:..email")
4560     end
4561

```

```

4562 larsers.DirectLink = (parsers.tag / parse_inlines_no_link) -- no links inside link
4563 * parsers.spnl
4564 * parsers.lparent
4565 * (parsers.url + Cc("")) -- link can be empty [foo]()
4566 * parsers.optionaltitle
4567 * parsers.rparent
4568 / writer.link
4569
4570 larsers.IndirectLink = parsers.tag * (C(parsers.spnl) * parsers.tag)^-
1
4571 / indirect_link
4572
4573 -- parse a link or image (direct or indirect)
4574 larsers.Link = larsers.DirectLink + larsers.IndirectLink
4575
4576 larsers.DirectImage = parsers.exclamation
4577 * (parsers.tag / parse_inlines)
4578 * parsers.spnl
4579 * parsers.lparent
4580 * (parsers.url + Cc("")) -- link can be empty [foo]()
4581 * parsers.optionaltitle
4582 * parsers.rparent
4583 / writer.image
4584
4585 larsers.IndirectImage = parsers.exclamation * parsers.tag
4586 * (C(parsers.spnl) * parsers.tag)^-1 / indirect_image
4587
4588 larsers.Image = larsers.DirectImage + larsers.IndirectImage
4589
4590 larsers.TextCitations = Ct((parsers.spnl
4591 * Cc(""))
4592 * parsers.citation_name
4593 * ((parsers.spnl
4594 * parsers.lbracket
4595 * parsers.citation_headless_body
4596 * parsers.rbracket) + Cc("")))^-1)
4597 / function(raw_cites)
4598 return larsers.citations(true, raw_cites)
4599 end
4600
4601 larsers.ParenthesizedCitations
4602 = Ct((parsers.spnl
4603 * parsers.lbracket
4604 * parsers.citation_body
4605 * parsers.rbracket)^-1)
4606 / function(raw_cites)
4607 return larsers.citations(false, raw_cites)

```

```

4608           end
4609
4610 larsers.Citations      = larsers.TextCitations + larsers.ParenthesizedCitations
4611
4612 -- avoid parsing long strings of * or _ as emph/strong
4613 larsers.UlOrStarLine   = parsers.asterisk^4 + parsers.underscore^4
4614               / writer.string
4615
4616 larsers.EscapedChar   = parsers.backslash * C(parsers.escapable) / writer.string
4617
4618 larsers.InlineHtml    = parsers.emptyelt_any
4619           + (parsers.htmlcomment / parse_inlines_no_html)
4620           / writer.inline_html_comment
4621           + parsers.htmlinstruction
4622           + parsers.openelt_any
4623           + parsers.closeelt_any
4624
4625 larsers.HtmlEntity    = parsers.hexentity / entities.hex_entity / writer.string
4626           + parsers.decentity / entities.dec_entity / writer.string
4627           + parsers.tagentity / entities.char_entity / writer.string

```

3.1.5.10 Block Elements (local)

```

4628 larsers.ContentBlock = parsers.leader
4629           * (parsers.localfilepath + parsers.onlineimageurl)
4630           * parsers.contentblock_tail
4631           / writer.contentblock
4632
4633 larsers.DisplayHtml   = parsers.displayhtml
4634
4635 larsers.Verbatim     = Cs( (parsers.blanklines
4636           * ((parsers.indentedline - parsers.blankline))^1)^1
4637           ) / expandtabs / writer.verbatim
4638
4639 larsers.FencedCode   = (parsers.TildeFencedCode
4640           + parsers.BacktickFencedCode)
4641           / function(infostring, code)
4642             return writer.fencedCode(writer.string(infostring),
4643                                         expandtabs(code))
4644           end
4645
4646 larsers.JekyllData   = P("----")
4647           * parsers.blankline / 0
4648           * #(-parsers.blankline) -- if followed by blank, it's an hrule
4649           * C((parsers.line - P("----") - P("..."))^0)
4650           * (P("----") + P("..."))
4651           / function(text)

```

```

4652     local tinyyaml = require("markdown-tinyyaml")
4653     data = tinyyaml.parse(text)
4654     return writer.jekyllData(data, function(s)
4655         return parse_blocks(s)
4656     end, nil)
4657 end
4658
4659 larsers.Blockquote = Cs(larsers.blockquote_body^1)
4660             / parse_blocks_toplevel / writer.blockquote
4661
4662 larsers.HorizontalRule = ( parsers.lineof(parsers.asterisk)
4663                         + parsers.lineof(parsers.dash)
4664                         + parsers.lineof(parsers.underscore)
4665                     ) / writer.hrule
4666
4667 larsers.Reference = parsers.define_reference_parser / register_link
4668
4669 larsers.Paragraph = parsers.nonindentspace * Ct(parsers.Inline^1)
4670             * parsers.newline
4671             * ( parsers.blankline^1
4672                 + #parsers.hash
4673                 + #(parsers.leader * parsers.more * parsers.space^-1)
4674             )
4675             / writer.paragraph
4676
4677 larsers.ToplevelParagraph
4678     = parsers.nonindentspace * Ct(parsers.Inline^1)
4679     * ( parsers.newline
4680         * ( parsers.blankline^1
4681             + #parsers.hash
4682             + #(parsers.leader * parsers.more * parsers.space^-1)
4683             + parsers.eof
4684         )
4685         + parsers.eof )
4686     / writer.paragraph
4687
4688 larsers.Plain = parsers.nonindentspace * Ct(parsers.Inline^1)
4689 / writer.plain

```

3.1.5.11 Lists (local)

```

4690 larsers.starter = parsers.bullet + larsers.enumerator
4691
4692 if options.taskLists then
4693     larsers.tickbox = ( parsers.ticked_box

```

```

4694           + parsers.halfticked_box
4695           + parsers.unticked_box
4696           ) / writer.tickbox
4697     else
4698       larsers.tickbox = parsers.fail
4699   end
4700
4701 -- we use \001 as a separator between a tight list item and a
4702 -- nested list under it.
4703 larsers.NestedList          = Cs((parsers.optionallyindentedline
4704                               - larsers.starter)^1)
4705                               / function(a) return "\001"..a end
4706
4707 larsers.ListBlockLine      = parsers.optionallyindentedline
4708                               - parsers.blankline - (parsers.indent^-1
4709                               * larsers.starter)
4710
4711 larsers.ListBlock          = parsers.line * larsers.ListBlockLine^0
4712
4713 larsers.ListContinuationBlock = parsers.blanklines * (parsers.indent / "")
4714                               * larsers.ListBlock
4715
4716 larsers.TightListItem = function(starter)
4717   return -larsers.HorizontalRule
4718   * (Cs(starter / "" * larsers.tickbox^-1 * larsers.ListBlock * larsers.Nest
1)
4719     / parse_blocks)
4720     * -(parsers.blanklines * parsers.indent)
4721 end
4722
4723 larsers.LooseListItem = function(starter)
4724   return -larsers.HorizontalRule
4725   * Cs( starter / "" * larsers.tickbox^-1 * larsers.ListBlock * Cc("\n")
4726     * (larsers.NestedList + larsers.ListContinuationBlock^0)
4727     * (parsers.blanklines / "\n\n")
4728   ) / parse_blocks
4729 end
4730
4731 larsers.BulletList = ( Ct(larsers.TightListItem(parsers.bullet)^1) * Cc(true)
4732                               * parsers.skipblanklines * -parsers.bullet
4733                               + Ct(larsers.LooseListItem(parsers.bullet)^1) * Cc(false)
4734                               * parsers.skipblanklines )
4735                               / writer.bulletlist
4736
4737 local function ordered_list(items,tight,startNumber)
4738   if options.startNumber then
4739     startNumber = tonumber(startNumber) or 1 -- fallback for '#'

```

```

4740     if startNumber ~= nil then
4741         startNumber = math.floor(startNumber)
4742     end
4743   else
4744     startNumber = nil
4745   end
4746   return writer.orderedlist(items,tight,startNumber)
4747 end
4748
4749 larsers.OrderedList = Cg(larsers.enumerator, "listtype") *
4750   ( Ct(larsers.TightListItem(Cb("listtype")))
4751     * larsers.TightListItem(larsers.enumerator)^0)
4752   * Cc(true) * parsers.skipblanklines * -larsers.enumerator
4753   + Ct(larsers.LooseListItem(Cb("listtype")))
4754     * larsers.LooseListItem(larsers.enumerator)^0)
4755   * Cc(false) * parsers.skipblanklines
4756 ) * Cb("listtype") / ordered_list
4757
4758 local function definition_list_item(term, defs, tight)
4759   return { term = parse_inlines(term), definitions = defs }
4760 end
4761
4762 larsers.DefinitionListItemLoose = C(parsers.line) * parsers.skipblanklines
4763   * Ct((parsers.defstart
4764     * parsers.indented_blocks(parsers.dlchunk)
4765       / parse_blocks_toplevel)^1)
4766   * Cc(false) / definition_list_item
4767
4768 larsers.DefinitionListItemTight = C(parsers.line)
4769   * Ct((parsers.defstart * parsers.dlchunk
4770     / parse_blocks)^1)
4771   * Cc(true) / definition_list_item
4772
4773 larsers.DefinitionList = ( Ct(larsers.DefinitionListItemLoose^1) * Cc(false)
4774   + Ct(larsers.DefinitionListItemTight^1)
4775   * (parsers.skipblanklines
4776     * -larsers.DefinitionListItemLoose * Cc(true)))
4777 ) / writer.definitionlist

```

3.1.5.12 Blank (local)

```

4778 larsers.Bank      = parsers.blankline / ""
4779           + larsers.NoteBlock
4780           + larsers.Reference
4781           + (parsers.tightblocksep / "\n")

```

3.1.5.13 Headings (local)

```

4782 -- parse atx header
4783 if options.headerAttributes then
4784   larsers.AtxHeading = Cg(parsers.HeadingStart,"level")
4785     * parsers.optionalspace
4786     * (C(((parsers.linechar
4787       - ((parsers.hash^1
4788         * parsers.optionalspace
4789         * parsers.HeadingAttributes^-1
4790         + parsers.HeadingAttributes)
4791         * parsers.optionalspace
4792         * parsers.newline))
4793       * (parsers.linechar
4794         - parsers.hash
4795         - parsers.lbrace)^0)^1)
4796     / parse_inlines)
4797   * Cg(Ct(parsers.newline
4798     + (parsers.hash^1
4799       * parsers.optionalspace
4800       * parsers.HeadingAttributes^-1
4801       + parsers.HeadingAttributes)
4802       * parsers.optionalspace
4803       * parsers.newline), "attributes")
4804   * Cb("level")
4805   * Cb("attributes")
4806   / writer.heading
4807
4808 larsers.SetextHeading = #(parsers.line * S("=-"))
4809   * (C(((parsers.linechar
4810     - (parsers.HeadingAttributes
4811       * parsers.optionalspace
4812       * parsers.newline))
4813     * (parsers.linechar
4814       - parsers.lbrace)^0)^1)
4815   / parse_inlines)
4816   * Cg(Ct(parsers.newline
4817     + (parsers.HeadingAttributes
4818       * parsers.optionalspace
4819       * parsers.newline)), "attributes")
4820   * parsers.HeadingLevel
4821   * Cb("attributes")
4822   * parsers.optionalspace
4823   * parsers.newline
4824   / writer.heading
4825 else
4826   larsers.AtxHeading = Cg(parsers.HeadingStart,"level")
4827     * parsers.optionalspace
4828     * (C(parsers.line) / strip_atx_end / parse_inlines)

```

```

4829             * Cb("level")
4830             / writer.heading
4831
4832     larsers.SetextHeading = #(parsers.line * S("=-"))
4833             * Ct(parsers.linechar^1 / parse_inlines)
4834             * parsers.newline
4835             * parsers.HeadingLevel
4836             * parsers.optionalspace
4837             * parsers.newline
4838             / writer.heading
4839     end
4840
4841     larsers.Heading = larsers.AtxHeading + larsers.SetextHeading

```

3.1.5.14 Syntax Specification

```

4842     local syntax =
4843         { "Blocks",
4844
4845             Blocks           = larsers.Blank^0 * parsers.Block^-1
4846             * (larsers.Blank^0 / writer.interblocksep
4847                 * parsers.Block)^0
4848             * larsers.Blank^0 * parsers.eof,
4849
4850             Blank            = larsers.Blank,
4851
4852             JekyllData       = larsers.JekyllData,
4853
4854             Block            = V("ContentBlock")
4855             + V("JekyllData")
4856             + V("Blockquote")
4857             + V("PipeTable")
4858             + V("Verbatim")
4859             + V("FencedCode")
4860             + V("HorizontalRule")
4861             + V("BulletList")
4862             + V("OrderedList")
4863             + V("Heading")
4864             + V("DefinitionList")
4865             + V("DisplayHtml")
4866             + V("Paragraph")
4867             + V("Plain"),
4868
4869             ContentBlock     = larsers.ContentBlock,
4870             Blockquote       = larsers.Blockquote,
4871             Verbatim         = larsers.Verbatim,
4872             FencedCode       = larsers.FencedCode,

```

```

4873     HorizontalRule      = larsers.HorizontalRule,
4874     BulletList          = larsers.BulletList,
4875     OrderedList          = larsers.OrderedList,
4876     Heading              = larsers.Heading,
4877     DefinitionList       = larsers.DefinitionList,
4878     DisplayHtml          = larsers.DisplayHtml,
4879     Paragraph             = larsers.Paragraph,
4880     PipeTable             = larsers.PipeTable,
4881     Plain                 = larsers.Plain,
4882
4883     Inline               = V("Str")
4884                           + V("Space")
4885                           + V("Endline")
4886                           + V("UlOrStarLine")
4887                           + V("Strong")
4888                           + V("Emph")
4889                           + V("InlineNote")
4890                           + V("NoteRef")
4891                           + V("Citations")
4892                           + V("Link")
4893                           + V("Image")
4894                           + V("Code")
4895                           + V("AutoLinkUrl")
4896                           + V("AutoLinkEmail")
4897                           + V("InlineHtml")
4898                           + V("HtmlEntity")
4899                           + V("EscapedChar")
4900                           + V("Smart")
4901                           + V("Symbol"),
4902
4903     IndentedInline        = V("Str")
4904                           + V("OptionalIndent")
4905                           + V("Endline")
4906                           + V("UlOrStarLine")
4907                           + V("Strong")
4908                           + V("Emph")
4909                           + V("InlineNote")
4910                           + V("NoteRef")
4911                           + V("Citations")
4912                           + V("Link")
4913                           + V("Image")
4914                           + V("Code")
4915                           + V("AutoLinkUrl")
4916                           + V("AutoLinkEmail")
4917                           + V("InlineHtml")
4918                           + V("HtmlEntity")
4919                           + V("EscapedChar")

```

```

4920           + V("Smart")
4921           + V("Symbol"),
4922
4923     Str          = larsers.Str,
4924     Space         = larsers.Space,
4925     OptionalIndent = larsers.OptionalIndent,
4926     Endline       = larsers.Endline,
4927     UlOrStarLine  = larsers.UlOrStarLine,
4928     Strong        = larsers.Strong,
4929     Emph          = larsers.Emph,
4930     InlineNote   = larsers.InlineNote,
4931     NoteRef       = larsers.NoteRef,
4932     Citations    = larsers.Citations,
4933     Link          = larsers.Link,
4934     Image          = larsers.Image,
4935     Code           = larsers.Code,
4936     AutoLinkUrl   = larsers.AutoLinkUrl,
4937     AutoLinkEmail = larsers.AutoLinkEmail,
4938     InlineHtml    = larsers.InlineHtml,
4939     HtmlEntity    = larsers.HtmlEntity,
4940     EscapedChar   = larsers.EscapedChar,
4941     Smart          = larsers.Smart,
4942     Symbol         = larsers.Symbol,
4943   }
4944
4945   if not options.citations then
4946     syntax.Citations = parsers.fail
4947   end
4948
4949   if not options.contentBlocks then
4950     syntax.ContentBlock = parsers.fail
4951   end
4952
4953   if not options.codeSpans then
4954     syntax.Code = parsers.fail
4955   end
4956
4957   if not options.definitionLists then
4958     syntax.DefinitionList = parsers.fail
4959   end
4960
4961   if not options.fencedCode then
4962     syntax.FencedCode = parsers.fail
4963   end
4964
4965   if not options.footnotes then
4966     syntax.NoteRef = parsers.fail

```

```

4967   end
4968
4969   if not options.html then
4970     syntax.DisplayHtml = parsers.fail
4971     syntax.InlineHtml = parsers.fail
4972     syntax.HtmlEntity  = parsers.fail
4973   end
4974
4975   if not options.inlineFootnotes then
4976     syntax.InlineNote = parsers.fail
4977   end
4978
4979   if not options.jekyllData then
4980     syntax.JekyllData = parsers.fail
4981   end
4982
4983   if options.preserveTabs then
4984     options.stripIndent = false
4985   end
4986
4987   if not options.pipeTables then
4988     syntax.PipeTable = parsers.fail
4989   end
4990
4991   if not options.smartEllipses then
4992     syntax.Smart = parsers.fail
4993   end
4994
4995   local blocks_toplevel_t = util.table_copy(syntax)
4996   blocks_toplevel_t.Paragraph = larsers.ToplevelParagraph
4997   larsers.blocks_toplevel = Ct(blocks_toplevel_t)
4998
4999   larsers.blocks = Ct(syntax)
5000
5001   local inlines_t = util.table_copy(syntax)
5002   inlines_t[1] = "Inlines"
5003   inlines_t.Inlines = parsersInline^0 * (parsers.spacing^0 * parsers.eof / "")
5004   larsers.inlines = Ct(inlines_t)
5005
5006   local inlines_no_link_t = util.table_copy(inlines_t)
5007   inlines_no_link_t.Link = parsers.fail
5008   larsers.inlines_no_link = Ct(inlines_no_link_t)
5009
5010   local inlines_no_inline_note_t = util.table_copy(inlines_t)
5011   inlines_no_inline_note_t.InlineNote = parsers.fail
5012   larsers.inlines_no_inline_note = Ct(inlines_no_inline_note_t)
5013

```

```

5014 local inlines_no_html_t = util.table_copy(inlines_t)
5015 inlines_no_html_t.DisplayHtml = parsers.fail
5016 inlines_no_html_t.InlineHtml = parsers.fail
5017 inlines_no_html_t.HtmlEntity = parsers.fail
5018 larsers.inlines_no_html = Ct(inlines_no_html_t)
5019
5020 local inlines_nbsp_t = util.table_copy(inlines_t)
5021 inlines_nbsp_t.Endline = larsers.NonbreakingEndline
5022 inlines_nbsp_t.Space = larsers.NonbreakingSpace
5023 larsers.inlines_nbsp = Ct(inlines_nbsp_t)

```

3.1.5.15 Exported Conversion Function Define `reader->convert` as a function that converts markdown string `input` into a plain TeX output and returns it. Note that the converter assumes that the input has UNIX line endings.

```

5024 function self.convert(input)
5025   references = {}

```

When determining the name of the cache file, create salt for the hashing function out of the package version and the passed options recognized by the Lua interface (see Section 2.1.2 on page 7). The `cacheDir` option is disregarded.

```

5026 local opt_string = {}
5027 for k,_ in pairs(defaultOptions) do
5028   local v = options[k]
5029   if k ~= "cacheDir" then
5030     opt_string[#opt_string+1] = k .. "=" .. tostring(v)
5031   end
5032 end
5033 table.sort(opt_string)
5034 local salt = table.concat(opt_string, ",") .. "," .. metadata.version

```

Produce the cache file and transform its filename to plain TeX output via the `writer->pack` method.

```

5035 local name = util.cache(options.cacheDir, input, salt, function(input)
5036   return util.rope_to_string(parse_blocks_toplevel(input)) .. writer.eof
5037 end, ".md" .. writer.suffix)
5038 local output = writer.pack(name)

```

If the `frozenCache` option is enabled, populate the frozen cache in the file `frozenCacheFileName` with an entry for markdown document number `frozenCacheCounter`.

```

5039 if options.finalizeCache then
5040   local file, mode
5041   if options.frozenCacheCounter > 0 then
5042     mode = "a"
5043   else
5044     mode = "w"
5045   end

```

```

5046     file = assert(io.open(options.frozenCacheFileName, mode),
5047         [[could not open file "]] .. options.frozenCacheFileName
5048         .. [[ for writing]])
5049     assert(file:write([[\expandafter\global\expandafter\def\csname ]]
5050         .. [[markdownFrozenCache]] .. options.frozenCacheCounter
5051         .. [[\endcsname{}]] .. output .. [[]] .. "\n"))
5052     assert(file:close())
5053 end
5054 return output
5055 end
5056 return self
5057 end

```

3.1.6 Conversion from Markdown to Plain **TEX**

The `new` method returns the `reader->convert` function of a reader object associated with the Lua interface options (see Section 2.1.2 on page 7) `options` and with a writer object associated with `options`.

```

5058 function M.new(options)
5059   local writer = M.writer.new(options)
5060   local reader = M.reader.new(writer, options)
5061   return reader.convert
5062 end
5063
5064 return M

```

3.1.7 Command-Line Implementation

The command-line implementation provides the actual conversion routine for the command-line interface described in Section 2.1.5 on page 19.

```

5065
5066 local input
5067 if input_filename then
5068   local input_file = assert(io.open(input_filename, "r"),
5069     [[could not open file "]] .. input_filename .. [[ for reading]])
5070   input = assert(input_file:read("*a"))
5071   assert(input_file:close())
5072 else
5073   input = assert(io.read("*a"))
5074 end
5075

```

First, ensure that the `options.cacheDir` directory exists.

```

5076 local lfs = require("lfs")
5077 if options.cacheDir and not lfs.isdir(options.cacheDir) then
5078   assert(lfs.mkdir(options["cacheDir"]))

```

```

5079 end
5080
5081 local ran_ok, kpse = pcall(require, "kpse")
5082 if ran_ok then kpse.set_program_name("luatex") end
5083 local md = require("markdown")

```

Since we are loading the rest of the Lua implementation dynamically, check that both the `markdown` module and the command line implementation are the same version.

```

5084 if metadata.version ~= md.metadata.version then
5085   warn("markdown-cli.lua " .. metadata.version .. " used with " ..
5086         "markdown.lua " .. md.metadata.version .. ".")
5087 end
5088 local convert = md.new(options)

```

Since the Lua converter expects UNIX line endings, normalize the input. Also add a line ending at the end of the file in case the input file has none.

```

5089 local output = convert(input:gsub("\r\n?", "\n") .. "\n")
5090
5091 if output_filename then
5092   local output_file = assert(io.open(output_filename, "w"),
5093     [[could not open file ]] .. output_filename .. [" for writing]])
5094   assert(output_file:write(output))
5095   assert(output_file:close())
5096 else
5097   assert(io.write(output))
5098 end

```

3.2 Plain TeX Implementation

The plain TeX implementation provides macros for the interfacing between TeX and Lua and for the buffering of input text. These macros are then used to implement the macros for the conversion from markdown to plain TeX exposed by the plain TeX interface (see Section 2.2 on page 22).

3.2.1 Logging Facilities

```

5099 \ifx\markdownInfo\undefined
5100   \def\markdownInfo#1{%
5101     \immediate\write-1{(.\the\inputlineno) markdown.tex info: #1.}%
5102   \fi
5103 \ifx\markdownWarning\undefined
5104   \def\markdownWarning#1{%
5105     \immediate\write16{(.\the\inputlineno) markdown.tex warning: #1}%
5106   \fi
5107 \ifx\markdownError\undefined
5108   \def\markdownError#1#2{%
5109     \errhelp{#2.}%

```

```

5110     \errmessage{(1.\the\inputlineno) markdown.tex error: #1}%
5111 \fi

```

3.2.2 Finalizing and Freezing the Cache

When the `\markdownOptionFinalizeCache` option is enabled, then the `\markdownFrozenCacheCounter` counter is used to enumerate the markdown documents using the Lua interface `frozenCacheCounter` option.

When the `\markdownOptionFrozenCache` option is enabled, then the `\markdownFrozenCacheCounter` counter is used to render markdown documents from the frozen cache without invoking Lua.

```

5112 \newcount\markdownFrozenCacheCounter

```

3.2.3 Token Renderer Prototypes

The following definitions should be considered placeholder.

```

5113 \def\markdownRendererInterblockSeparatorPrototype{\par}%
5114 \def\markdownRendererLineBreakPrototype{\hfil\break}%
5115 \let\markdownRendererEllipsisPrototype\dots
5116 \def\markdownRendererNbspPrototype{~}%
5117 \def\markdownRendererLeftBracePrototype{\char`{}{}}%
5118 \def\markdownRendererRightBracePrototype{\char`}`{}}%
5119 \def\markdownRendererDollarSignPrototype{\char`$}{}}%
5120 \def\markdownRendererPercentSignPrototype{\char`%}{}}%
5121 \def\markdownRendererAmpersandPrototype{\&}{}}%
5122 \def\markdownRendererUnderscorePrototype{\char`_}{}}%
5123 \def\markdownRendererHashPrototype{\char`#}{}}%
5124 \def\markdownRendererCircumflexPrototype{\char`^}{}}%
5125 \def\markdownRendererBackslashPrototype{\char`\\}{}}%
5126 \def\markdownRendererTildePrototype{\char`~}{}}%
5127 \def\markdownRendererPipePrototype{|}{}}%
5128 \def\markdownRendererCodeSpanPrototype#1{{\tt#1}}%
5129 \def\markdownRendererLinkPrototype#1#2#3#4{#2}%
5130 \def\markdownRendererContentBlockPrototype#1#2#3#4{%
5131   \markdownInput{#3}}%
5132 \def\markdownRendererContentBlockOnlineImagePrototype{%
5133   \markdownRendererImage}%
5134 \def\markdownRendererContentBlockCodePrototype#1#2#3#4#5{%
5135   \markdownRendererInputFencedCode{#3}{#2}}%
5136 \def\markdownRendererImagePrototype#1#2#3#4{#2}%
5137 \def\markdownRendererUlBeginPrototype{}%
5138 \def\markdownRendererUlBeginTightPrototype{}%
5139 \def\markdownRendererUlItemPrototype{}%
5140 \def\markdownRendererUlItemEndPrototype{}%
5141 \def\markdownRendererUlEndPrototype{}%
5142 \def\markdownRendererUlEndTightPrototype{}%
5143 \def\markdownRendererOlBeginPrototype{}%

```

```

5144 \def\markdownRendererO1BeginTightPrototype{}%
5145 \def\markdownRendererO1ItemPrototype{}%
5146 \def\markdownRendererO1ItemWithNumberPrototype#1{}%
5147 \def\markdownRendererO1ItemEndPrototype{}%
5148 \def\markdownRendererO1EndPrototype{}%
5149 \def\markdownRendererO1EndTightPrototype{}%
5150 \def\markdownRendererD1BeginPrototype{}%
5151 \def\markdownRendererD1BeginTightPrototype{}%
5152 \def\markdownRendererD1ItemPrototype#1{#1}%
5153 \def\markdownRendererD1ItemEndPrototype{}%
5154 \def\markdownRendererD1DefinitionBeginPrototype{}%
5155 \def\markdownRendererD1DefinitionEndPrototype{\par}%
5156 \def\markdownRendererD1EndPrototype{}%
5157 \def\markdownRendererD1EndTightPrototype{}%
5158 \def\markdownRendererEmphasisPrototype#1{{\it#1}}%
5159 \def\markdownRendererStrongEmphasisPrototype#1{{\bf#1}}%
5160 \def\markdownRendererBlockQuoteBeginPrototype{\par\begingroup\it}%
5161 \def\markdownRendererBlockQuoteEndPrototype{\endgroup\par}%
5162 \def\markdownRendererInputVerbatimPrototype#1{%
5163   \par{\tt\input#1\relax}\par}%
5164 \def\markdownRendererInputFencedCodePrototype#1#2{%
5165   \markdownRendererInputVerbatimPrototype{#1}}%
5166 \def\markdownRendererHeadingOnePrototype#1{#1}%
5167 \def\markdownRendererHeadingTwoPrototype#1{#1}%
5168 \def\markdownRendererHeadingThreePrototype#1{#1}%
5169 \def\markdownRendererHeadingFourPrototype#1{#1}%
5170 \def\markdownRendererHeadingFivePrototype#1{#1}%
5171 \def\markdownRendererHeadingSixPrototype#1{#1}%
5172 \def\markdownRendererHorizontalRulePrototype{}%
5173 \def\markdownRendererFootnotePrototype#1{#1}%
5174 \def\markdownRendererCitePrototype#1{#1}%
5175 \def\markdownRendererTextCitePrototype#1{#1}%
5176 \def\markdownRendererTickedBoxPrototype{[X]}%
5177 \def\markdownRendererHalfTickedBoxPrototype{[/]}%
5178 \def\markdownRendererUntickedBoxPrototype{[]}%

```

3.2.4 Lua Snippets

The `\markdownLuaOptions` macro expands to a Lua table that contains the plain TeX options (see Section 2.2.2 on page 24) in a format recognized by Lua (see Section 2.1.2 on page 7).

```

5179 \def\markdownLuaOptions{%
5180 \ifx\markdownOptionBlankBeforeBlockquote\undefined\else
5181   blankBeforeBlockquote = \markdownOptionBlankBeforeBlockquote,
5182 \fi
5183 \ifx\markdownOptionBlankBeforeCodeFence\undefined\else

```

```

5184     blankBeforeCodeFence = \markdownOptionBlankBeforeCodeFence,
5185 \fi
5186 \ifx\markdownOptionBlankBeforeHeading\undefined\else
5187     blankBeforeHeading = \markdownOptionBlankBeforeHeading,
5188 \fi
5189 \ifx\markdownOptionBreakableBlockquotes\undefined\else
5190     breakableBlockquotes = \markdownOptionBreakableBlockquotes,
5191 \fi
5192     cacheDir = "\markdownOptionCacheDir",
5193 \ifx\markdownOptionCitations\undefined\else
5194     citations = \markdownOptionCitations,
5195 \fi
5196 \ifx\markdownOptionCitationNbsps\undefined\else
5197     citationNbsps = \markdownOptionCitationNbsps,
5198 \fi
5199 \ifx\markdownOptionCodeSpans\undefined\else
5200     codeSpans = \markdownOptionCodeSpans,
5201 \fi
5202 \ifx\markdownOptionContentBlocks\undefined\else
5203     contentBlocks = \markdownOptionContentBlocks,
5204 \fi
5205 \ifx\markdownOptionContentBlocksLanguageMap\undefined\else
5206     contentBlocksLanguageMap =
5207         "\markdownOptionContentBlocksLanguageMap",
5208 \fi
5209 \ifx\markdownOptionDefinitionLists\undefined\else
5210     definitionLists = \markdownOptionDefinitionLists,
5211 \fi
5212 \ifx\markdownOptionFinalizeCache\undefined\else
5213     finalizeCache = \markdownOptionFinalizeCache,
5214 \fi
5215     frozenCacheFileName = "\markdownOptionFrozenCacheFileName",
5216     frozenCacheCounter = \the\markdownFrozenCacheCounter,
5217 \ifx\markdownOptionFootnotes\undefined\else
5218     footnotes = \markdownOptionFootnotes,
5219 \fi
5220 \ifx\markdownOptionFencedCode\undefined\else
5221     fencedCode = \markdownOptionFencedCode,
5222 \fi
5223 \ifx\markdownOptionHashEnumerators\undefined\else
5224     hashEnumerators = \markdownOptionHashEnumerators,
5225 \fi
5226 \ifx\markdownOptionHeaderAttributes\undefined\else
5227     headerAttributes = \markdownOptionHeaderAttributes,
5228 \fi
5229 \ifx\markdownOptionHtml\undefined\else
5230     html = \markdownOptionHtml,

```

```

5231 \fi
5232 \ifx\markdownOptionHybrid\undefined\else
5233   hybrid = \markdownOptionHybrid,
5234 \fi
5235 \ifx\markdownOptionInlineFootnotes\undefined\else
5236   inlineFootnotes = \markdownOptionInlineFootnotes,
5237 \fi
5238 \ifx\markdownOptionJekyllData\undefined\else
5239   jekyllData = \markdownOptionJekyllData,
5240 \fi
5241 \ifx\markdownOptionPipeTables\undefined\else
5242   pipeTables = \markdownOptionPipeTables,
5243 \fi
5244 \ifx\markdownOptionPreserveTabs\undefined\else
5245   preserveTabs = \markdownOptionPreserveTabs,
5246 \fi
5247 \ifx\markdownOptionShiftHeadings\undefined\else
5248   shiftHeadings = "\markdownOptionShiftHeadings",
5249 \fi
5250 \ifx\markdownOptionSlice\undefined\else
5251   slice = "\markdownOptionSlice",
5252 \fi
5253 \ifx\markdownOptionSmartEllipses\undefined\else
5254   smartEllipses = \markdownOptionSmartEllipses,
5255 \fi
5256 \ifx\markdownOptionStartNumber\undefined\else
5257   startNumber = \markdownOptionStartNumber,
5258 \fi
5259 \ifx\markdownOptionStripIndent\undefined\else
5260   stripIndent = \markdownOptionStripIndent,
5261 \fi
5262 \ifx\markdownOptionTableCaptions\undefined\else
5263   tableCaptions = \markdownOptionTableCaptions,
5264 \fi
5265 \ifx\markdownOptionTaskLists\undefined\else
5266   taskLists = \markdownOptionTaskLists,
5267 \fi
5268 \ifx\markdownOptionTeXComments\undefined\else
5269   texComments = \markdownOptionTeXComments,
5270 \fi
5271 \ifx\markdownOptionTightLists\undefined\else
5272   tightLists = \markdownOptionTightLists,
5273 \fi
5274 \ifx\markdownOptionUnderscores\undefined\else
5275   underscores = \markdownOptionUnderscores,
5276 \fi}
5277 }%

```

The `\markdownPrepare` macro contains the Lua code that is executed prior to any conversion from markdown to plain T_EX. It exposes the `convert` function for the use by any further Lua code.

```
5278 \def\markdownPrepare{%
```

First, ensure that the `\markdownOptionCacheDir` directory exists.

```
5279 local lfs = require("lfs")
5280 local cacheDir = "\markdownOptionCacheDir"
5281 if not lfs.isdir(cacheDir) then
5282     assert(lfs.mkdir(cacheDir))
5283 end
```

Next, load the `markdown` module and create a converter function using the plain T_EX options, which were serialized to a Lua table via the `\markdownLuaOptions` macro.

```
5284 local md = require("markdown")
5285 local convert = md.new(\markdownLuaOptions)
5286 }%
```

3.2.5 Buffering Markdown Input

The `\markdownIfOption{<name>}{<iftrue>}{<iffalse>}` macro is provided for testing, whether the value of `\markdownOption<name>` is `true`. If the value is `true`, then `<iftrue>` is expanded, otherwise `<iffalse>` is expanded.

```
5287 \def\markdownIfOption#1#2#3{%
5288   \begingroup
5289   \def\next{#1}%
5290   \expandafter\ifx\csname markdownOption#1\endcsname\next
5291     \endgroup#2\else\endgroup#3\fi}%

```

The macros `\markdownInputStream` and `\markdownOutputStream` contain the number of the input and output file streams that will be used for the IO operations of the package.

```
5292 \csname newread\endcsname\markdownInputStream
5293 \csname newwrite\endcsname\markdownOutputStream
```

The `\markdownReadAndConvertTab` macro contains the tab character literal.

```
5294 \begingroup
5295   \catcode`\^^I=12%
5296   \gdef\markdownReadAndConvertTab{^^I}%
5297 \endgroup
```

The `\markdownReadAndConvert` macro is largely a rewrite of the L^AT_EX 2 _{ε} `\filecontents` macro to plain T_EX.

```
5298 \begingroup
```

Make the newline and tab characters active and swap the character codes of the backslash symbol (`\`) and the pipe symbol (`|`), so that we can use the backslash as an ordinary character inside the macro definition. Likewise, swap the character codes

of the percent sign ('so that we can remove percent signs from the beginning of lines when `\markdownOptionStripPercentSigns` is enabled.

```

5299  \catcode`^\^M=13%
5300  \catcode`^\^I=13%
5301  \catcode`|=0%
5302  \catcode`\\=12%
5303  \catcode`@=14%
5304  \catcode`% =12%
5305  |gdef|\markdownReadAndConvert#1#2{@
5306      |begingroup@

```

If we are not reading markdown documents from the frozen cache, open the `\markdownOptionInputTempFileName` file for writing.

```

5307  |\markdownIfOption{FrozenCache}{}{@
5308      |immediate|openout|markdownOutputStream@
5309      |markdownOptionInputTempFileName|relax@
5310      |markdownInfo{Buffering markdown input into the temporary @
5311          input file "|markdownOptionInputTempFileName" and scanning @
5312          for the closing token sequence "#1"}@
5313  }@

```

Locally change the category of the special plain T_EX characters to *other* in order to prevent unwanted interpretation of the input. Change also the category of the space character, so that we can retrieve it unaltered.

```

5314  |def|do##1{|catcode`##1=12}|dospecials@
5315  |catcode` |=12@
5316  |markdownMakeOther@

```

The `\markdownReadAndConvertStripPercentSigns` macro will process the individual lines of output, stripping away leading percent signs (`\mref{\markdownOptionStripPercentSigns}`

```

5317  |def|\markdownReadAndConvertStripPercentSign##1{@
5318      |markdownIfOption{StripPercentSigns} {@
5319          |if##1%@
5320              |expandafter|expandafter|expandafter@
5321                  |markdownReadAndConvertProcessLine@
5322          |else@
5323              |expandafter|expandafter|expandafter@
5324                  |markdownReadAndConvertProcessLine@
5325                  |expandafter|expandafter|expandafter##1@
5326          |fi@
5327      }{@
5328          |expandafter@
5329              |markdownReadAndConvertProcessLine@
5330              |expandafter##1@
5331      }@
5332  }@

```

The `\markdownReadAndConvertProcessLine` macro will process the individual lines of output. Notice the use of the comments (@) to ensure that the entire macro is at a single line and therefore no (active) newline symbols (^M) are produced.

```
5333 |def |markdownReadAndConvertProcessLine##1#1##2#1##3|relax{@
```

If we are not reading markdown documents from the frozen cache and the ending token sequence does not appear in the line, store the line in the `\markdownOptionInputTempFileName` file. If we are reading markdown documents from the frozen cache and the ending token sequence does not appear in the line, gobble the line.

```
5334 |ifx|relax##3|relax@
5335     |markdownIfOption{FrozenCache}{}{@
5336         |immediate|write|markdownOutputStream##1{@
5337     }{@
5338     |else@
```

When the ending token sequence appears in the line, make the next newline character close the `\markdownOptionInputTempFileName` file, return the character categories back to the former state, convert the `\markdownOptionInputTempFileName` file from markdown to plain `TEX`, `\input` the result of the conversion, and expand the ending control sequence.

```
5339 |def^^M{@
5340     |markdownInfo{The ending token sequence was found}@{
5341         |markdownIfOption{FrozenCache}{}{@
5342             |immediate|closeout|markdownOutputStream@{
5343         }{@
5344         |endgroup@
5345         |markdownInput{@
5346             |markdownOptionOutputDir@{
5347                 / |markdownOptionInputTempFileName@{
5348             }{@
5349             #2}@
5350         }fi@
```

Repeat with the next line.

```
5351     ^^M}@
```

Make the tab character active at expansion time and make it expand to a literal tab character.

```
5352 |catcode`|^I=13@
5353 |def^^I{|markdownReadAndConvertTab}@
```

Make the newline character active at expansion time and make it consume the rest of the line on expansion. Throw away the rest of the first line and pass the second line to the `\markdownReadAndConvertProcessLine` macro.

```
5354 |catcode`|^M=13@
5355 |def^^M##1^^M{@
```

```

5356 |def^^M####1^^M{@
5357     |markdownReadAndConvertStripPercentSign####1#1#1|relax}@
5358     ^^M}@  

5359     ^^M}@  

5360     Reset the character categories back to the former state.  

5360 |endgroup

```

3.2.6 Lua Shell Escape Bridge

The following \TeX code is intended for \TeX engines that do not provide direct access to Lua, but expose the shell of the operating system. This corresponds to the \markdownMode values of 0 and 1.

The $\text{\markdownLuaExecute}$ macro defined here and in Section 3.2.7 on page 169 are meant to be indistinguishable to the remaining code.

The package assumes that although the user is not using the Lua\TeX engine, their \TeX distribution contains it, and uses shell access to produce and execute Lua scripts using the $\text{\TeX}\text{Lua}$ interpreter [1, Section 3.1.1].

```

5361 \ifnum\markdownMode<2\relax
5362 \ifnum\markdownMode=0\relax
5363     \markdownInfo{Using mode 0: Shell escape via write18}%
5364 \else
5365     \markdownInfo{Using mode 1: Shell escape via os.execute}%
5366 \fi

```

The $\text{\markdownExecuteShellEscape}$ macro contains the numeric value indicating whether the shell access is enabled (1), disabled (0), or restricted (2).

Inherit the value of the the \pdfshellescape (Lua\TeX , PdF\TeX) or the \shellescape (X\H\TeX) commands. If neither of these commands is defined and Lua is available, attempt to access the $\text{status.shell_escape}$ configuration item.

If you cannot detect, whether the shell access is enabled, act as if it were.

```

5367 \ifx\pdfshellescape\undefined
5368     \ifx\shellescape\undefined
5369         \ifnum\markdownMode=0\relax
5370             \def\markdownExecuteShellEscape{1}%
5371         \else
5372             \def\markdownExecuteShellEscape{%
5373                 \directlua{tex.sprint(status.shell_escape or "1")}%
5374             \fi
5375     \else
5376         \let\markdownExecuteShellEscape\shellescape
5377     \fi
5378 \else
5379     \let\markdownExecuteShellEscape\pdfshellescape
5380 \fi

```

The `\markdownExecuteDirect` macro executes the code it has received as its first argument by writing it to the output file stream 18, if Lua is unavailable, or by using the Lua `os.execute` method otherwise.

```
5381 \ifnum\markdownMode=0\relax
5382   \def\markdownExecuteDirect#1{\immediate\write18{#1}}%
5383 \else
5384   \def\markdownExecuteDirect#1{%
5385     \directlua{os.execute("\luascapestring{#1}")}}%
5386 \fi
```

The `\markdownExecute` macro is a wrapper on top of `\markdownExecuteDirect` that checks the value of `\markdownExecuteShellEscape` and prints an error message if the shell is inaccessible.

```
5387 \def\markdownExecute#1{%
5388   \ifnum\markdownExecuteShellEscape=1\relax
5389     \markdownExecuteDirect{#1}}%
5390 \else
5391   \markdownError{I can not access the shell}{Either run the TeX
5392   compiler with the --shell-escape or the --enable-write18 flag,
5393   or set shell_escape=t in the texmf.cnf file}}%
5394 \fi}%
```

The `\markdownLuaExecute` macro executes the Lua code it has received as its first argument. The Lua code may not directly interact with the TeX engine, but it can use the `print` function in the same manner it would use the `tex.print` method.

```
5395 \begingroup
```

Swap the category code of the backslash symbol and the pipe symbol, so that we may use the backslash symbol freely inside the Lua code.

```
5396 \catcode`\|=0%
5397 \catcode`\\=12%
5398 \gdef\markdownLuaExecute#1{%
```

Create the file `\markdownOptionHelperScriptFileName` and fill it with the input Lua code prepended with kpathsea initialization, so that Lua modules from the TeX distribution are available.

```
5399 |immediate|openout|markdownOutputStream=%
5400   |markdownOptionHelperScriptFileName
5401   |markdownInfo{Writing a helper Lua script to the file
5402   "|\markdownOptionHelperScriptFileName"}%
5403   |immediate|write|markdownOutputStream{%
5404     local ran_ok, error = pcall(function()
5405       local ran_ok, kpse = pcall(require, "kpse")
5406       if ran_ok then kpse.set_program_name("lualatex") end
5407       #1
5408     end)
```

If there was an error, use the file `\markdownOptionErrorTempFileName` to store the error message.

```

5409     if not ran_ok then
5410         local file = io.open("%
5411             |markdownOptionOutputDir
5412             /|markdownOptionErrorTempFileName", "w")
5413         if file then
5414             file:write(error .. "\n")
5415             file:close()
5416         end
5417         print('\\\\\\markdownError{An error was encountered while executing
5418             Lua code}{For further clues, examine the file
5419             "|markdownOptionOutputDir
5420             /|markdownOptionErrorTempFileName"}')
5421     end}%
5422     |immediate|closeout|markdownOutputStream

```

Execute the generated `\markdownOptionHelperScriptFileName` Lua script using the `TEXLua` binary and store the output in the `\markdownOptionOutputTempFileName` file.

```

5423     |markdownInfo{Executing a helper Lua script from the file
5424         "|markdownOptionHelperScriptFileName" and storing the result in the
5425         file "|markdownOptionOutputTempFileName"}%
5426     |markdownExecute{texlua "|markdownOptionOutputDir
5427         /|markdownOptionHelperScriptFileName" > %
5428         "|markdownOptionOutputDir
5429         /|markdownOptionOutputTempFileName"}%
5430     \input the generated \markdownOptionOutputTempFileName file.
5431     |input|markdownOptionOutputTempFileName|relax}%
5431 |endgroup

```

3.2.7 Direct Lua Access

The following `TEX` code is intended for `TEX` engines that provide direct access to Lua (`LuaTEX`). The macro `\markdownLuaExecute` defined here and in Section 3.2.6 on page 167 are meant to be indistinguishable to the remaining code. This corresponds to the `\markdownMode` value of 2.

```

5432 \else
5433 \markdownInfo{Using mode 2: Direct Lua access}%

```

The direct Lua access version of the `\markdownLuaExecute` macro is defined in terms of the `\directlua` primitive. The `print` function is set as an alias to the `\tex.print` method in order to mimic the behaviour of the `\markdownLuaExecute` definition from Section 3.2.6 on page 167,

```

5434 \def\markdownLuaExecute#1{\directlua{local print = tex.print #1}}%
5435 \fi

```

3.2.8 Typesetting Markdown

The `\markdownInput` macro uses an implementation of the `\markdownLuaExecute` macro to convert the contents of the file whose filename it has received as its single argument from markdown to plain TeX.

```
5436 \begingroup
```

Swap the category code of the backslash symbol and the pipe symbol, so that we may use the backslash symbol freely inside the Lua code.

```
5437 \catcode`|=0%
5438 \catcode`\|=12%
5439 \gdef\markdownInput#1{%
```

Change the category code of the percent sign ('of the `hybrid` Lua option or a malevolent actor can't produce TeX comments in the plain TeX output of the Markdown package.

```
5440 \begingroup
5441 \catcode`|=12
```

If we are reading from the frozen cache, input it, expand the corresponding `\markdownFrozenCache<number>` macro, and increment `\markdownFrozenCacheCounter`.

```
5442 \markdownIfOption{FrozenCache}{%
5443     \ifnum\markdownFrozenCacheCounter=0\relax
5444         \markdownInfo{Reading frozen cache from
5445             "|markdownOptionFrozenCacheFileName"}%
5446         \input{markdownOptionFrozenCacheFileName}\relax
5447     \fi
5448     \markdownInfo{Including markdown document number
5449         "|the\markdownFrozenCacheCounter" from frozen cache}%
5450     \csname markdownFrozenCache\the\markdownFrozenCacheCounter\endcsname
5451     \global\advance\markdownFrozenCacheCounter by 1\relax
5452 }
5453 \markdownInfo{Including markdown document "#1"}%
```

Attempt to open the markdown document to record it in the `.log` and `.fis` files. This allows external programs such as LATEXMk to track changes to the markdown document.

```
5454 \openin\markdownInputStream#1
5455 \closein\markdownInputStream
5456 \markdownLuaExecute{%
5457     \markdownPrepare
5458     local file = assert(io.open("#1", "r"),
5459         [[could not open file "#1" for reading]])
5460     local input = assert(file:read("*a"))
5461     assert(file:close())}
```

Since the Lua converter expects UNIX line endings, normalize the input. Also add a line ending at the end of the file in case the input file has none.

```

5462     print(convert(input:gsub("\r\n?", " \n") .. "\n"))}%
If we are finalizing the frozen cache, increment \markdownFrozenCacheCounter.
5463     |markdownIfOption{FinalizeCache}{%
5464         |global|advance|markdownFrozenCacheCounter by 1|relax
5465     }%
5466 }%
5467 |endgroup
5468 }%
5469 |endgroup

```

3.3 L^AT_EX Implementation

The L^AT_EX implementation makes use of the fact that, apart from some subtle differences, L^AT_EX implements the majority of the plain T_EX format [9, Section 9]. As a consequence, we can directly reuse the existing plain T_EX implementation.

The L^AT_EX implementation redefines the plain T_EX logging macros (see Section 3.2.1 on page 159) to use the L^AT_EX `\PackageInfo`, `\PackageWarning`, and `\PackageError` macros.

```

5470 \newcommand\markdownInfo[1]{\PackageInfo{markdown}{#1}}%
5471 \newcommand\markdownWarning[1]{\PackageWarning{markdown}{#1}}%
5472 \newcommand\markdownError[2]{\PackageError{markdown}{#1}{#2.}}%
5473 \input markdown/markdown
5474 \def\markdownVersionSpace{ }%
5475 \ProvidesPackage{markdown}[\markdownLastModified\markdownVersionSpace v%
5476   \markdownVersion\markdownVersionSpace markdown renderer]%

```

3.3.1 Logging Facilities

The L^AT_EX implementation redefines the plain T_EX logging macros (see Section 3.2.1 on page 159) to use the L^AT_EX `\PackageInfo`, `\PackageWarning`, and `\PackageError` macros.

3.3.2 Typesetting Markdown

The `\markdownInputPlainTeX` macro is used to store the original plain T_EX implementation of the `\markdownInput` macro. The `\markdownInput` is then redefined to accept an optional argument with options recognized by the L^AT_EX interface (see Section 2.3.2 on page 41).

```

5477 \let\markdownInputPlainTeX\markdownInput
5478 \renewcommand\markdownInput[2][]{%
5479   \begingroup
5480     \markdownSetup{#1}%
5481     \markdownInputPlainTeX{#2}%
5482   \endgroup}%

```

The `markdown`, and `markdown*` L^AT_EX environments are implemented using the `\markdownReadAndConvert` macro.

```
5483 \renewenvironment{markdown}{%
5484   \markdownReadAndConvert@markdown{}{%
5485   \markdownEnd}{%
5486 \renewenvironment{markdown*}[1]{%
5487   \markdownSetup{#1}{%
5488   \markdownReadAndConvert@markdown*}{%
5489   \markdownEnd}{%
5490 \begingroup
```

Locally swap the category code of the backslash symbol with the pipe symbol, and of the left (`{`) and right brace (`}`) with the less-than (`<`) and greater-than (`>`) signs. This is required in order that all the special symbols that appear in the first argument of the `\markdownReadAndConvert` macro have the category code *other*.

```
5491 \catcode`\\!=\catcode`\\<=1\catcode`\\>=2%
5492 \catcode`\\|=12|\catcode`{|=12|\catcode`|=12%
5493 \gdef \markdownReadAndConvert@markdown#1<%
5494   \markdownReadAndConvert<\end{markdown#1}>%
5495           <| end<markdown#1>>%
5496 \endgroup
```

3.3.3 Options

The supplied package options are processed using the `\markdownSetup` macro.

```
5497 \DeclareOption*{%
5498   \expandafter\markdownSetup\expandafter{\CurrentOption}}%
5499 \ProcessOptions\relax
```

After processing the options, activate the `renderers` and `rendererPrototypes` keys.

```
5500 \define@key{markdownOptions}{renderers}{%
5501   \setkeys{markdownRenderers}{#1}{%
5502   \def\KV@prefix{KV@markdownOptions@}}{%
5503 \define@key{markdownOptions}{rendererPrototypes}{%
5504   \setkeys{markdownRendererPrototypes}{#1}{%
5505   \def\KV@prefix{KV@markdownOptions@}}{%
```

3.3.3.1 L^AT_EX Themes This section implements example themes provided with the Markdown package.

The `witiko/dot` theme enables the `fencedCode` Lua option:

```
5506 \markdownSetup{fencedCode}{%
```

We load the ifthen and grffile packages, see also Section 1.1.3:

```
5507 \RequirePackage{ifthen,grffile}
```

We store the previous definition of the fenced code token renderer prototype:

```
5508 \let\markdown@witiko@dot@oldRendererInputFencedCodePrototype
```

```
5509 \markdownRendererInputFencedCodePrototype
```

If the infostring starts with `dot ...`, we redefine the fenced code block token renderer prototype, so that it typesets the code block via Graphviz tools if and only if the `\markdownOptionFrozenCache` plain TeX option is disabled and the code block has not been previously typeset:

```
5510 \renewcommand\markdownRendererInputFencedCode[2]{%
5511   \def\next##1 ##2\relax{%
5512     \ifthenelse{\equal{##1}{dot}}{%
5513       \markdownIfOption{FrozenCache}{}{%
5514         \immediate\write18{%
5515           if ! test -e #1.pdf.source || ! diff #1 #1.pdf.source;%
5516           then%
5517             dot -Tpdf -o #1.pdf #1;%
5518             cp #1 #1.pdf.source;%
5519           fi}}}}%
```

We include the typeset image using the image token renderer:

```
5520 \markdownRendererImage{Graphviz image}{#1.pdf}{#1.pdf}{##2}%
```

If the infostring does not start with `dot ...`, we use the previous definition of the fenced code token renderer prototype:

```
5521 }{%
5522   \markdown@witiko@dot@oldRendererInputFencedCodePrototype{#1}{#2}%
5523 }%
5524 }%
5525 \next#2 \relax}%
```

The `witiko/graphicx/http` theme stores the previous definition of the image token renderer prototype:

```
5526 \let\markdown@witiko@graphicx@http@oldRendererImagePrototype
5527 \markdownRendererImagePrototype
```

We load the `catchfile` and `grffile` packages, see also Section 1.1.3:

```
5528 \RequirePackage{catchfile,grffile}
```

We define the `\markdown@witiko@graphicx@http@counter` counter to enumerate the images for caching and the `\markdown@witiko@graphicx@http@filename` command, which will store the pathname of the file containing the pathname of the downloaded image file.

```
5529 \newcount\markdown@witiko@graphicx@http@counter
5530 \markdown@witiko@graphicx@http@counter=0
5531 \newcommand\markdown@witiko@graphicx@http@filename{%
5532   \markdownOptionCacheDir/witiko_graphicx_http%
5533   .\the\markdown@witiko@graphicx@http@counter}%

```

We define the `\markdown@witiko@graphicx@http@download` command, which will receive two arguments that correspond to the URL of the online image and to the

pathname, where the online image should be downloaded. The command will produce a shell command that tries to download the online image to the pathname.

```
5534 \newcommand\markdown@witiko@graphicx@http@download[2]{%
5535   wget -O #2 #1 || curl --location -o #2 #1 || rm -f #2}
```

We locally swap the category code of the percentage sign with the line feed control character, so that we can use percentage signs in the shell code:

```
5536 \begingroup
5537 \catcode`\%=12
5538 \catcode`\^^A=14
```

We redefine the image token renderer prototype, so that it tries to download an online image.

```
5539 \global\def\markdownRendererImagePrototype#1#2#3#4{^^A
5540   \begingroup
5541     \edef\filename{\markdown@witiko@graphicx@http@filename}^^A
```

The image will be downloaded only if the image URL has the http or https protocols and the `\markdownOptionFrozenCache` plain T_EX option is disabled:

```
5542   \markdownIfOption{FrozenCache}{}{^^A
5543     \immediate\write18{^^A
5544       if printf '%s' '#3' | grep -q -E '^https?:' ;
5545       then
```

The image will be downloaded to the pathname `\markdownOptionCacheDir/⟨the MD5 digest of the image URL⟩.⟨the suffix of the image URL⟩`:

```
5546   OUTPUT_PREFIX="\markdownOptionCacheDir";
5547   OUTPUT_BODY=$(printf '%s' '#3' | md5sum | cut -d' ' -f1)";
5548   OUTPUT_SUFFIX=$(printf '%s' '#3' | sed 's/.*/.//')";
5549   OUTPUT="$OUTPUT_PREFIX/$OUTPUT_BODY.$OUTPUT_SUFFIX";
```

The image will be downloaded only if it has not already been downloaded:

```
5550   if ! [ -e "$OUTPUT" ];
5551   then
5552     \markdown@witiko@graphicx@http@download['#3']{"$OUTPUT"};
5553     printf '%s' "$OUTPUT" > "\filename";
5554   fi;
```

If the image does not have the http or https protocols or the image has already been downloaded, the URL will be stored as-is:

```
5555   else
5556     printf '%s' '#3' > "\filename";
5557   fi}}{^^A
```

We load the pathname of the downloaded image and we typeset the image using the previous definition of the image renderer prototype:

```
5558   \CatchFileDef{\filename}{\filename}{\endlinechar=-1}{^^A
5559   \markdown@witiko@graphicx@http@oldRendererImagePrototype{^^A
5560     {#1}{#2}{\filename}{#4}}{^^A
```

```

5561 \endgroup
5562 \global\advance\markdown@graphicx@http@counter by 1\relax}^^A
5563 \endgroup

```

The `witiko/tilde` theme redefines the tilde token renderer prototype, so that it expands to a non-breaking space:

```
5564 \renewcommand\markdownRendererTildePrototype{\~\}%
```

3.3.4 Token Renderer Prototypes

The following configuration should be considered placeholder. If the `plain` package option has been enabled (see Section 2.3.2.1 on page 42), none of it will take effect.

```
5565 \ifmarkdownLaTeXPlain\else
```

If the `\markdownOptionTightLists` macro expands to `false`, do not load the paralist package. This is necessary for L^AT_EX 2 _{ε} document classes that do not play nice with paralist, such as beamer. If the `\markdownOptionTightLists` is undefined and the beamer document class is in use, then do not load the paralist package either.

```

5566 \RequirePackage{ifthen}
5567
5568 \ifx\markdownOptionTightLists\undefined
5569   \@ifclassloaded{beamer}{}{%
5570     \RequirePackage{paralist}}%
5571 \else
5572   \ifthenelse{\equal{\markdownOptionTightLists}{false}}{}{%
5573     \RequirePackage{paralist}}%
5574 \fi

```

If we loaded the paralist package, define the respective renderer prototypes to make use of the capabilities of the package. Otherwise, define the renderer prototypes to fall back on the corresponding renderers for the non-tight lists.

```

5575 \@ifpackageloaded{paralist}{
5576   \markdownSetup{rendererPrototypes={
5577     ulBeginTight = {\begin{compactitem}},
5578     ulEndTight = {\end{compactitem}},
5579     olBeginTight = {\begin{compactenum}},
5580     olEndTight = {\end{compactenum}},
5581     dlBeginTight = {\begin{compactdesc}},
5582     dlEndTight = {\end{compactdesc}}}}
5583 }{
5584   \markdownSetup{rendererPrototypes={
5585     ulBeginTight = {\markdownRendererUlBegin},
5586     ulEndTight = {\markdownRendererUlEnd},
5587     olBeginTight = {\markdownRendererOlBegin},
5588     olEndTight = {\markdownRendererOlEnd},
5589     dlBeginTight = {\markdownRendererDlBegin},

```

```

5590     dlEndTight = {\markdownRendererDlEnd}}}}
5591 \RequirePackage{amsmath}
5592 \RequirePackage{amssymb}
5593 \RequirePackage{csvsimple}
5594 \RequirePackage{fancyvrb}
5595 \RequirePackage{graphicx}
5596 \markdownSetup{rendererPrototypes= {
5597   lineBreak = {\\},
5598   leftBrace = {\textbraceleft},
5599   rightBrace = {\textbraceright},
5600   dollarSign = {\textdollar},
5601   underscore = {\textunderscore},
5602   circumflex = {\textasciicircum},
5603   backslash = {\textbackslash},
5604   tilde = {\textasciitilde},
5605   pipe = {\textbar},
5606   codeSpan = {\texttt{\#1}},
5607   contentBlock = {%
5608     \ifthenelse{\equal{\#1}{csv}}{%
5609       \begin{table}%
5610         \begin{center}%
5611           \csvautotabular{\#3}%
5612         \end{center}%
5613         \ifx\empty\#4\empty\else
5614           \caption{\#4}%
5615         \fi
5616       \end{table}}{%
5617         \markdownInput{\#3}}},
5618   image = {%
5619     \begin{figure}%
5620       \begin{center}%
5621         \includegraphics{\#3}%
5622       \end{center}%
5623       \ifx\empty\#4\empty\else
5624         \caption{\#4}%
5625       \fi
5626       \label{fig:\#1}%
5627     \end{figure}},
5628   ulBegin = {\begin{itemize}},
5629   ulEnd = {\end{itemize}},
5630   olBegin = {\begin{enumerate}},
5631   olItem = {\item{}},
5632   olItemWithNumber = {\item[\#1.]},
5633   olEnd = {\end{enumerate}},
5634   dlBegin = {\begin{description}},
5635   dlItem = {\item[\#1]},
5636   dlEnd = {\end{description}},
```

```

5637  emphasis = {\emph{#1}},
5638  tickedBox = {$\boxed{\$}$},
5639  halfTickedBox = {$\boxed{\cdot}$},
5640  untickedBox = {$\square$},
5641  blockQuoteBegin = {\begin{quotation}},
5642  blockQuoteEnd = {\end{quotation}},
5643  inputVerbatim = {\VerbatimInput{#1}},
5644  inputFencedCode = {%
5645    \ifx\relax#2\relax
5646      \VerbatimInput{#1}%
5647    \else
5648      \@ifundefined{minted@code}{%
5649        \@ifundefined{lst@version}{%
5650          \markdownRendererInputFencedCode{#1}{}%

```

When the listings package is loaded, use it for syntax highlighting.

```

5651  }{%
5652    \lstinputlisting[language=#2]{#1}%
5653  }%

```

When the minted package is loaded, use it for syntax highlighting. The minted package is preferred over listings.

```

5654  }{%
5655    \inputminted{#2}{#1}%
5656  }%
5657  \fi,
5658  horizontalRule = {\noindent\rule[0.5ex]{\linewidth}{1pt}},
5659  footnote = {\footnote{#1}}}

```

Support the nesting of strong emphasis.

```

5660 \def\markdownLATEXStrongEmphasis#1{%
5661   \IfSubStr\f@series{b}{\textnormal{#1}}{\textbf{#1}}}
5662 \markdownSetup{rendererPrototypes={strongEmphasis={%
5663   \protect\markdownLATEXStrongEmphasis{#1}}}}

```

Support L^AT_EX document classes that do not provide chapters.

```

5664 \ifundefined{chapter}{%
5665   \markdownSetup{rendererPrototypes = {
5666     headingOne = {\section{#1}},
5667     headingTwo = {\subsection{#1}},
5668     headingThree = {\subsubsection{#1}},
5669     headingFour = {\paragraph{#1}\leavevmode},
5670     headingFive = {\subparagraph{#1}\leavevmode}}}
5671 }{%
5672   \markdownSetup{rendererPrototypes = {
5673     headingOne = {\chapter{#1}},
5674     headingTwo = {\section{#1}},
5675     headingThree = {\subsection{#1}},
5676     headingFour = {\subsubsection{#1}},
```

```

5677     headingFive = {\paragraph{#1}\leavevmode},
5678     headingSix = {\subparagraph{#1}\leavevmode}}}
5679 }%

```

3.3.4.1 Tickboxes If the `taskLists` option is enabled, we will hide bullets in unordered list items with tickboxes.

```

5680 \markdownSetup{
5681   rendererPrototypes = {
5682     ulItem = {%
5683       \futurelet\markdownLaTeXCheckbox\markdownLaTeXULItem
5684     },
5685   },
5686 }
5687 \def\markdownLaTeXULItem{%
5688   \ifx\markdownLaTeXCheckbox\markdownRendererTickedBox
5689     \item[\markdownLaTeXCheckbox]%
5690     \expandafter\@gobble
5691   \else
5692     \ifx\markdownLaTeXCheckbox\markdownRendererHalfTickedBox
5693       \item[\markdownLaTeXCheckbox]%
5694       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@gobble
5695     \else
5696       \ifx\markdownLaTeXCheckbox\markdownRendererUntickedBox
5697         \item[\markdownLaTeXCheckbox]%
5698         \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5699           \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@gobble
5700       \else
5701         \item{}%
5702       \fi
5703     \fi
5704   \fi
5705 }

```

3.3.4.2 Citations Here is a basic implementation for citations that uses the `\cite` macro. There are also implementations that use the `natbib` `\citet`, and `\citet` macros, and the Bib`\TeX` `\autocites` and `\textcites` macros. These implementations will be used, when the respective packages are loaded.

```

5706 \newcount\markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter
5707
5708 % Basic implementation
5709 \RequirePackage{gobble}
5710 \def\markdownLaTeXBasicCitations#1#2#3#4#5#6{%
5711   \advance\markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter by 1\relax
5712   \ifx\relax#4\relax
5713     \ifx\relax#5\relax

```

```

5714 \ifnum\markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter>\markdownLaTeXCitationsTotal\relax
5715   \cite{#1#2#6}%
5716   Without prenotes and postnotes, just accumulate cites
5717   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5718   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5719   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@gobblethree
5720 \fi
5721 \else% Before a postnote (#5), dump the accumulator
5722   \ifx\relax#1\relax\else
5723     \cite{#1}%
5724   \fi
5725   \cite[#5]{#6}%
5726 \ifnum\markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter>\markdownLaTeXCitationsTotal\relax
5727 \else
5728   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5729   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5730   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5731   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5732   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5733   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
5734   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5735   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter}%
5736   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
5737   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5738   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter}%
5739   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5740   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
5741   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5742   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter}%
5743   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@gobblethree
5744 \fi
5745 \else% Before a prenote (#4), dump the accumulator
5746   \ifx\relax#1\relax\else
5747     \cite{#1}%
5748   \fi
5749 \ifnum\markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter>1\relax
5750   \space % Insert a space before the prenote in later citations
5751 \fi
5752 #4~\expandafter\cite\ifx\relax#5\relax{}{}\else[#5]{#6}\fi
5753 \ifnum\markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter>\markdownLaTeXCitationsTotal\relax
5754 \else
5755   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5756   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5757   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5758   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
5759   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5760   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter}%

```

```

5761 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter}%
5762 \expandafter
5763 \@gobblethree
5764 \fi\markdownLaTeXBasicCitations{#1#2#6},}
5765 \let\markdownLaTeXBasicTextCitations\markdownLaTeXBasicCitations
5766
5767 % Natbib implementation
5768 \def\markdownLaTeXNatbibCitations#1#2#3#4#5{%
5769   \advance\markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter by 1\relax
5770   \ifx\relax#3\relax
5771     \ifx\relax#4\relax
5772       \ifnum\markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter>\markdownLaTeXCitationsTotal\relax
5773         \citet{#1,#5}% Without prenotes and postnotes, just accumulate cites
5774         \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5775         \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5776         \@gobbletwo
5777       \fi
5778     \else% Before a postnote (#4), dump the accumulator
5779       \ifx\relax#1\relax\else
5780         \citet{#1}%
5781       \fi
5782       \citet[] [#4]{#5}%
5783       \ifnum\markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter>\markdownLaTeXCitationsTotal\relax
5784     \else
5785       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5786       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5787       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5788       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5789       \markdownLaTeXNatbibCitations
5790     \fi
5791     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5792     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
5793     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5794     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter}%
5795     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5796     \@gobbletwo
5797   \fi
5798 \else% Before a prenote (#3), dump the accumulator
5799   \ifx\relax#1\relax\relax\relax\else
5800     \citet{#1}%
5801   \fi
5802   \citet[#3] [#4]{#5}%
5803   \ifnum\markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter>\markdownLaTeXCitationsTotal\relax
5804   \else
5805     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5806     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5807     \markdownLaTeXNatbibCitations

```

```

5808 \fi
5809 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
5810 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter}%
5811 \expandafter
5812 \@gobbletwo
5813 \fi\markdownLaTeXNatbibCitations{#1,#5}}
5814 \def\markdownLaTeXNatbibTextCitations#1#2#3#4#5{%
5815   \advance\markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter by 1\relax
5816   \ifx\relax#3\relax
5817     \ifx\relax#4\relax
5818       \ifnum\markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter>\markdownLaTeXCitationsTotal\relax
5819         \citet{#1,#5}\% Without prenotes and postnotes, just accumulate cites
5820         \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5821         \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5822         \@gobbletwo
5823     \fi
5824   \else\% After a prenote or a postnote, dump the accumulator
5825     \ifx\relax#1\relax\else
5826       \citet{#1}\%
5827     \fi
5828   , \citet[#3][#4]{#5}\%
5829   \ifnum\markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter<\markdownLaTeXCitationsTotal\relax
5830   ,
5831   \else
5832     \ifnum\markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter=\markdownLaTeXCitationsTotal\relax
5833     ,
5834     \fi
5835   \fi
5836   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5837   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5838   \markdownLaTeXNatbibTextCitations
5839   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5840   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
5841   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5842   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter}%
5843   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5844   \@gobbletwo
5845 \fi
5846 \else\% After a prenote or a postnote, dump the accumulator
5847   \ifx\relax#1\relax\relax\else
5848     \citet{#1}\%
5849   \fi
5850   , \citet[#3][#4]{#5}\%
5851   \ifnum\markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter<\markdownLaTeXCitationsTotal\relax
5852   ,
5853   \else
5854     \ifnum\markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter=\markdownLaTeXCitationsTotal\relax

```

```

5855      ,
5856      \fi
5857  \fi
5858  \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5859  \markdownLaTeXNatbibTextCitations
5860  \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
5861  \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter}%
5862  \expandafter
5863  \@gobbletwo
5864  \fi\markdownLaTeXNatbibTextCitations{#1,#5}}
5865
5866 % BibLaTeX implementation
5867 \def\markdownLaTeXBibLaTeXCitations#1#2#3#4#5{%
5868   \advance\markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter by 1\relax
5869   \ifnum\markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter>\markdownLaTeXCitationsTotal\relax
5870     \autocites{#1}{#3}{#4}{#5}%
5871     \expandafter\@gobbletwo
5872   \fi\markdownLaTeXBibLaTeXCitations{#1}{#3}{#4}{#5}}}
5873 \def\markdownLaTeXBibLaTeXTextCitations#1#2#3#4#5{%
5874   \advance\markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter by 1\relax
5875   \ifnum\markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter>\markdownLaTeXCitationsTotal\relax
5876     \textcites{#1}{#3}{#4}{#5}%
5877     \expandafter\@gobbletwo
5878   \fi\markdownLaTeXBibLaTeXTextCitations{#1}{#3}{#4}{#5}}}
5879
5880 \markdownSetup{rendererPrototypes = {
5881   cite = {%
5882     \markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter=1%
5883     \def\markdownLaTeXCitationsTotal{#1}%
5884     \@ifundefined{autocites}{%
5885       \@ifundefined{citep}{%
5886         \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5887         \markdownLaTeXBasicCitations
5888         \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
5889           \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter}%
5890           \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
5891             \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter}%
5892           \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter}%
5893           \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5894           \markdownLaTeXNatbibCitations
5895           \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
5896             \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter}%
5897           \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter}%
5898         }%
5899       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5900       \markdownLaTeXBibLaTeXCitations
5901       \expandafter{\expandafter}%

```

```

5902     },
5903     textCite = {%
5904         \markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter=1%
5905         \def\markdownLaTeXCitationsTotal{#1}%
5906         \@ifundefined{autocites}{%
5907             \@ifundefined{citep}{%
5908                 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5909                 \markdownLaTeXBasicTextCitations
5910                 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
5911                     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter}%
5912                     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
5913                         \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter}%
5914                         \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter}%
5915                     }{%
5916                         \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5917                         \markdownLaTeXNatbibTextCitations
5918                         \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
5919                             \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter}%
5920                         }{%
5921                             \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5922                             \markdownLaTeXBibLaTeXTextCitations
5923                             \expandafter{\expandafter}%
5924                         }}}}%

```

3.3.4.3 Links Before consuming the parameters for the hyperlink renderer, we change the category code of the hash sign (#) to other, so that it cannot be mistaken for a parameter character. After the hyperlink has been typeset, we restore the original catcode.

```

5925 \RequirePackage{url}
5926 \def\markdownRendererLinkPrototype{%
5927     \begingroup
5928     \catcode`\#=12
5929     \def\next##1##2##3##4{%
5930         ##1\footnote{%
5931             \ifx\empty##4\empty\else##4: \fi\texttt{<}\url{##3}\texttt{>}%
5932         }%
5933     \next}%

```

3.3.4.4 Tables Here is a basic implementation of tables. If the booktabs package is loaded, then it is used to produce horizontal lines.

```

5934 \newcount\markdownLaTeXRowCounter
5935 \newcount\markdownLaTeXRowTotal
5936 \newcount\markdownLaTeXColumnCounter
5937 \newcount\markdownLaTeXColumnTotal
5938 \newtoks\markdownLaTeXTable

```

```

5939 \newtoks\markdownLaTeXTableAlignment
5940 \newtoks\markdownLaTeXTableEnd
5941 \c@ifpackageloaded{booktabs}{
5942   \let\markdownLaTeXTopRule\toprule
5943   \let\markdownLaTeXMidRule\midrule
5944   \let\markdownLaTeXBottomRule\bottomrule
5945 }{
5946   \let\markdownLaTeXTopRule\hline
5947   \let\markdownLaTeXMidRule\hline
5948   \let\markdownLaTeXBottomRule\hline
5949 }
5950 \markdownSetup{rendererPrototypes={
5951   table = {%
5952     \markdownLaTeXTable={{}%}
5953     \markdownLaTeXTableAlignment={{}%}
5954     \markdownLaTeXTableEnd={{}%
5955       \markdownLaTeXBottomRule
5956     \end{tabular}}%
5957     \ifx\empty#1\empty\else
5958       \addto@hook\markdownLaTeXTable{%
5959         \begin{table}
5960           \centering}%
5961       \addto@hook\markdownLaTeXTableEnd{%
5962         \caption{#1}
5963       \end{table}}%
5964     \fi
5965     \addto@hook\markdownLaTeXTable{\begin{tabular}}%
5966     \markdownLaTeXRowCounter=0%
5967     \markdownLaTeXRowTotal=#2%
5968     \markdownLaTeXColumnTotal=#3%
5969     \markdownLaTeXRenderTableRow
5970   }
5971 }}
5972 \def\markdownLaTeXRenderTableRow#1{%
5973   \markdownLaTeXColumnCounter=0%
5974   \ifnum\markdownLaTeXRowCounter=0\relax
5975     \markdownLaTeXReadAlignments#1%
5976     \markdownLaTeXTable=\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
5977       \expandafter\the\expandafter\expandafter\markdownLaTeXTable\expandafter{%
5978         \the\markdownLaTeXTableAlignment}}%
5979     \addto@hook\markdownLaTeXTable{\markdownLaTeXTopRule}%
5980   \else
5981     \markdownLaTeXRenderTableCell#1%
5982   \fi
5983   \ifnum\markdownLaTeXRowCounter=1\relax
5984     \addto@hook\markdownLaTeXTable\markdownLaTeXMidRule
5985   \fi

```

```

5986 \advance\markdownLaTeXRowCounter by 1\relax
5987 \ifnum\markdownLaTeXRowCounter>\markdownLaTeXRowTotal\relax
5988   \the\markdownLaTeXTable
5989   \the\markdownLaTeXTableEnd
5990   \expandafter\@gobble
5991 \fi\markdownLaTeXRenderTableRow}
5992 \def\markdownLaTeXReadAlignments#1{%
5993   \advance\markdownLaTeXColumnCounter by 1\relax
5994   \if#1d%
5995     \addto@hook\markdownLaTeXTableAlignment{1}%
5996   \else
5997     \addto@hook\markdownLaTeXTableAlignment{#1}%
5998   \fi
5999   \ifnum\markdownLaTeXColumnCounter<\markdownLaTeXColumnTotal\relax\else
6000     \expandafter\@gobble
6001   \fi\markdownLaTeXReadAlignments}
6002 \def\markdownLaTeXRenderTableCell#1{%
6003   \advance\markdownLaTeXColumnCounter by 1\relax
6004   \ifnum\markdownLaTeXColumnCounter<\markdownLaTeXColumnTotal\relax
6005     \addto@hook\markdownLaTeXTable{#1\&}%
6006   \else
6007     \addto@hook\markdownLaTeXTable{#1\\}%
6008     \expandafter\@gobble
6009   \fi\markdownLaTeXRenderTableCell}
6010 \fi

```

3.3.4.5 YAML Metadata To parse the YAML metadata we will use the `expl3` language from the L^AT_EX3 kernel.

```

6011 \RequirePackage{expl3}
6012 \ExplSyntaxOn

```

To keep track of the current type of structure we inhabit when we are traversing a YAML document, we will maintain the `\g_@@_jekyll_data_datatypes_seq` stack. At every step of the traversal, the stack will contain one of the following constants at any position p :

`\c_@@_jekyll_data_sequence_t1` The currently traversed branch of the YAML document contains a sequence at depth p .

`\c_@@_jekyll_data_mapping_t1` The currently traversed branch of the YAML document contains a mapping at depth p .

`\c_@@_jekyll_data_scalar_t1` The currently traversed branch of the YAML document contains a scalar value at depth p .

```

6013 \seq_new:N \g_@@_jekyll_data_datatypes_seq
6014 \tl_const:Nn \c_@@_jekyll_data_sequence_t1 { sequence }

```

```

6015 \tl_const:Nn \c_@@_jekyll_data_mapping_tl { mapping }
6016 \tl_const:Nn \c_@@_jekyll_data_scalar_tl { scalar }

```

To keep track of our current place when we are traversing a YAML document, we will maintain the `\g_@@_jekyll_data_wildcard_absolute_address_seq` stack of keys using the `\markdown_jekyll_data_push_address_segment:n` macro.

```

6017 \seq_new:N \g_@@_jekyll_data_wildcard_absolute_address_seq
6018 \cs_new:Nn \markdown_jekyll_data_push_address_segment:n
6019 {
6020     \seq_if_empty:NF
6021         \g_@@_jekyll_data_datatypes_seq
6022     {
6023         \seq_get_right:NN
6024             \g_@@_jekyll_data_datatypes_seq
6025             \l_tmpa_t1

```

If we are currently in a sequence, we will put an asterisk (*) instead of a key into `\g_@@_jekyll_data_wildcard_absolute_address_seq` to make it represent a *wildcard*. Keeping a wildcard instead of a precise address makes it easy for the users to react to *any* item of a sequence regardless of how many there are, which can often be useful.

```

6026     \tl_if_eq:NNTF
6027         \l_tmpa_t1
6028         \c_@@_jekyll_data_sequence_tl
6029     {
6030         \seq_put_right:Nn
6031             \g_@@_jekyll_data_wildcard_absolute_address_seq
6032             { * }
6033     }
6034     {
6035         \seq_put_right:Nn
6036             \g_@@_jekyll_data_wildcard_absolute_address_seq
6037             { #1 }
6038     }
6039 }
6040 }

```

Out of `\g_@@_jekyll_data_wildcard_absolute_address_seq`, we will construct the following two token lists:

`\g_@@_jekyll_data_wildcard_absolute_address_t1` An *absolute wildcard*: The wildcard from the root of the document prefixed with a slash (/) with individual keys and asterisks also delimited by slashes. Allows the users to react to complex context-sensitive structures with ease.

For example, the `name` key in the following YAML document would correspond to the `/*/person/name` absolute wildcard:

```
[{person: {name: Elon, surname: Musk}}]
```

`\g_@@_jekyll_data_wildcard_relative_address_t1` A *relative wildcard*: The rightmost segment of the wildcard. Allows the users to react to simple context-free structures.

For example, the `name` key in the following YAML document would correspond to the `name` relative wildcard:

```
[{person: {name: Elon, surname: Musk}}]
```

We will construct `\g_@@_jekyll_data_wildcard_absolute_address_t1` using the `\markdown_jekyll_data_concatenate_address:NN` macro and we will construct both token lists using the `\markdown_jekyll_data_update_address_tls:` macro.

```
6041 \tl_new:N \g_@@_jekyll_data_wildcard_absolute_address_t1
6042 \tl_new:N \g_@@_jekyll_data_wildcard_relative_address_t1
6043 \cs_new:Nn \markdown_jekyll_data_concatenate_address:NN
6044 {
6045     \seq_pop_left:NN #1 \l_tmpa_tl
6046     \tl_set:Nx #2 { / \seq_use:Nn #1 { / } }
6047     \seq_put_left:NV #1 \l_tmpa_tl
6048 }
6049 \cs_new:Nn \markdown_jekyll_data_update_address_tls:
6050 {
6051     \markdown_jekyll_data_concatenate_address:NN
6052         \g_@@_jekyll_data_wildcard_absolute_address_seq
6053         \g_@@_jekyll_data_wildcard_absolute_address_t1
6054     \seq_get_right:NN
6055         \g_@@_jekyll_data_wildcard_absolute_address_seq
6056         \g_@@_jekyll_data_wildcard_relative_address_t1
6057 }
```

To make sure that the stacks and token lists stay in sync, we will use the `\markdown_jekyll_data_push:nN` and `\markdown_jekyll_data_pop:` macros.

```
6058 \cs_new:Nn \markdown_jekyll_data_push:nN
6059 {
6060     \markdown_jekyll_data_push_address_segment:n
6061         { #1 }
6062     \seq_put_right:NV
6063         \g_@@_jekyll_data_datatypes_seq
6064         #2
6065     \markdown_jekyll_data_update_address_tls:
6066 }
6067 \cs_new:Nn \markdown_jekyll_data_pop:
```

```

6068 {
6069   \seq_pop_right:NN
6070     \g_@@_jekyll_data_wildcard_absolute_address_seq
6071     \l_tmpa_tl
6072   \seq_pop_right:NN
6073     \g_@@_jekyll_data_datatypes_seq
6074     \l_tmpa_tl
6075   \markdown_jekyll_data_update_address_tls:
6076 }

```

To interface with the user, we use `markdown/jekyllData` key–values from the `\keys` module of the L^AT_EX3 kernel. The default setup will invoke the `\title`, `\author`, and `\date` macros when scalar values for keys that correspond to the `title`, `author`, and `date` relative wildcards are encountered, respectively.

```

6077 \keys_define:nn
6078   { markdown/jekyllData }
6079   {
6080     author .code:n = { \author{#1} },
6081     date .code:n = { \date{#1} },
6082     title .code:n = { \title{#1} },
6083   }

```

To set a single key–value, we will use the `\markdown_jekyll_data_set_keyval:Nn` macro, ignoring unknown keys. To set key–values for both absolute and relative wildcards, we will use the `\markdown_jekyll_data_set_keyvals:nn` macro.

```

6084 \cs_new:Nn \markdown_jekyll_data_set_keyval:nn
6085   {
6086     \keys_set_known:nn
6087       { markdown/jekyllData }
6088       { { #1 } = { #2 } }
6089   }
6090 \cs_generate_variant:Nn
6091   \markdown_jekyll_data_set_keyval:nn
6092   { Vn }
6093 \cs_new:Nn \markdown_jekyll_data_set_keyvals:nn
6094   {
6095     \markdown_jekyll_data_push:nN
6096     { #1 }
6097     \c_@@_jekyll_data_scalar_tl
6098     \markdown_jekyll_data_set_keyval:Vn
6099     \g_@@_jekyll_data_wildcard_absolute_address_tl
6100     { #2 }
6101     \markdown_jekyll_data_set_keyval:Vn
6102     \g_@@_jekyll_data_wildcard_relative_address_tl
6103     { #2 }
6104     \markdown_jekyll_data_pop:
6105   }

```

Finally, we will register our macros as token renderer prototypes to be able to react to the traversal of a YAML document.

```

6106 \markdownSetup{
6107   rendererPrototypes = {
6108     jekyllDataSequenceBegin = {
6109       \markdown_jekyll_data_push:nN
6110       { #1 }
6111       \c_@@_jekyll_data_sequence_tl
6112     },
6113     jekyllDataMappingBegin = {
6114       \markdown_jekyll_data_push:nN
6115       { #1 }
6116       \c_@@_jekyll_data_mapping_tl
6117     },
6118     jekyllDataSequenceEnd = {
6119       \markdown_jekyll_data_pop:
6120     },
6121     jekyllDataMappingEnd = {
6122       \markdown_jekyll_data_pop:
6123     },
6124     jekyllDataBoolean = {
6125       \markdown_jekyll_data_set_keyvals:nn
6126       { #1 }
6127       { #2 }
6128     },
6129     jekyllDataEmpty = { },
6130     jekyllDataNumber = {
6131       \markdown_jekyll_data_set_keyvals:nn
6132       { #1 }
6133       { #2 }
6134     },
6135     jekyllDataString = {
6136       \markdown_jekyll_data_set_keyvals:nn
6137       { #1 }
6138       { #2 }
6139     },

```

To complement the default setup of our key–values, we will use the `\maketitle` macro to typeset the title page of a document at the end of YAML metadata. If we are in the preamble, we will wait macro until after the beginning of the document. Otherwise, we will use the `\maketitle` macro straight away.

```

6140   },
6141 }
6142 \providecommand\IfFormatAtLeastTF{\@ifl@t@r\fmtversion}
6143 \markdownSetup{
6144   rendererPrototypes = {
6145     jekyllDataEnd = {

```

```

6146     \IfFormatAtLeastTF
6147     { 2020-10-01 }
6148     { \AddToHook{begindocument/end}{\maketitle} }
6149     {
6150         \ifx\@onlypreamble\@notprerr
6151             % We are in the document
6152             \maketitle
6153         \else
6154             % We are in the preamble
6155             \RequirePackage{etoolbox}
6156             \AfterEndPreamble{\maketitle}
6157         \fi
6158     }
6159 },
6160 },
6161 }
6162
6163 \ExplSyntaxOff

```

3.3.5 Miscellanea

When buffering user input, we should disable the bytes with the high bit set, since these are made active by the `inputenc` package. We will do this by redefining the `\markdownMakeOther` macro accordingly. The code is courtesy of Scott Pakin, the creator of the `filecontents` package.

```

6164 \newcommand\markdownMakeOther{%
6165   \count0=128\relax
6166   \loop
6167     \catcode\count0=11\relax
6168     \advance\count0 by 1\relax
6169   \ifnum\count0<256\repeat}%

```

3.4 ConTeXt Implementation

The ConTeXt implementation makes use of the fact that, apart from some subtle differences, the Mark II and Mark IV ConTeXt formats *seem* to implement (the documentation is scarce) the majority of the plain TeX format required by the plain TeX implementation. As a consequence, we can directly reuse the existing plain TeX implementation after supplying the missing plain TeX macros.

The ConTeXt implementation redefines the plain TeX logging macros (see Section 3.2.1 on page 159) to use the ConTeXt `\writestatus` macro.

```

6170 \def\markdownInfo#1{\writestatus{markdown}{#1.}}%
6171 \def\markdownWarning#1{\writestatus{markdown\space warn}{#1.}}%
6172 \def\dospecials{\do\ \do\\\do\{\do\}\do\$\\do\&%
6173   \do\#\do\^\do\_do\%\do\~}%

```

```
6174 \input markdown/markdown
```

When buffering user input, we should disable the bytes with the high bit set, since these are made active by the `\enableregime` macro. We will do this by redefining the `\markdownMakeOther` macro accordingly. The code is courtesy of Scott Pakin, the creator of the filecontents L^AT_EX package.

```
6175 \def\markdownMakeOther{%
6176   \count0=128\relax
6177   \loop
6178     \catcode\count0=11\relax
6179     \advance\count0 by 1\relax
6180   \ifnum\count0<256\repeat
```

On top of that, make the pipe character (|) inactive during the scanning. This is necessary, since the character is active in ConTeXt.

```
6181 \catcode`|=12}%
```

3.4.1 Typesetting Markdown

The `\startmarkdown` and `\stopmarkdown` macros are implemented using the `\markdownReadAndConvert` macro.

```
6182 \begingroup
```

Locally swap the category code of the backslash symbol with the pipe symbol. This is required in order that all the special symbols that appear in the first argument of the `\markdownReadAndConvert` macro have the category code *other*.

```
6183 \catcode`\|=0%
6184 \catcode`\\=12%
6185 \gdef\startmarkdown{%
6186   \markdownReadAndConvert{\stopmarkdown}%
6187   {\stopmarkdown}%
6188 \gdef\stopmarkdown{\markdownEnd}%
6189 \endgroup
```

3.4.2 Token Renderer Prototypes

The following configuration should be considered placeholder.

```
6190 \def\markdownRendererLineBreakPrototype{\blank}%
6191 \def\markdownRendererLeftBracePrototype{\textbraceleft}%
6192 \def\markdownRendererRightBracePrototype{\textbraceright}%
6193 \def\markdownRendererDollarSignPrototype{\textdollar}%
6194 \def\markdownRendererPercentSignPrototype{\percent}%
6195 \def\markdownRendererUnderscorePrototype{\textunderscore}%
6196 \def\markdownRendererCircumflexPrototype{\textcircumflex}%
6197 \def\markdownRendererBackslashPrototype{\textbackslash}%
6198 \def\markdownRendererTildePrototype{\textasciitilde}%
6199 \def\markdownRendererPipePrototype{\char`|}%
```

```

6200 \def\markdownRendererLinkPrototype#1#2#3#4{%
6201   \useURL[#1] [#3] [] [#4]#1\footnote[#1]{\ifx\empty#4\empty\else#4:
6202   \fi\tt<\hyphenatedurl{#3}>}}%
6203 \usemodule[database]
6204 \defineseparatedlist
6205   [MarkdownConTeXtCSV]
6206   [separator={,},%
6207     before=\bTABLE,after=\eTABLE,
6208     first=\bTR,last=\eTR,
6209     left=\bTD,right=\eTD]
6210 \def\markdownConTeXtCSV{csv}
6211 \def\markdownRendererContentBlockPrototype#1#2#3#4{%
6212   \def\markdownConTeXtCSV@arg{#1}%
6213   \ifx\markdownConTeXtCSV@arg\markdownConTeXtCSV
6214     \placetable[] [tab:#1]{#4}{%
6215       \processseparatedfile[MarkdownConTeXtCSV] [#3]}%
6216   \else
6217     \markdownInput{#3}%
6218   \fi}%
6219 \def\markdownRendererImagePrototype#1#2#3#4{%
6220   \placefigure[] [fig:#1]{#4}{\externalfigure[#3]}%}
6221 \def\markdownRendererUlBeginPrototype{\startitemize}%
6222 \def\markdownRendererUlBeginTightPrototype{\startitemize[packed]}%
6223 \def\markdownRendererUlItemPrototype{\item}%
6224 \def\markdownRendererUlEndPrototype{\stopitemize}%
6225 \def\markdownRendererUlEndTightPrototype{\stopitemize}%
6226 \def\markdownRendererOlBeginPrototype{\startitemize[n]}%
6227 \def\markdownRendererOlBeginTightPrototype{\startitemize[packed,n]}%
6228 \def\markdownRendererOlItemPrototype{\item}%
6229 \def\markdownRendererOlItemWithNumberPrototype#1{\sym{#1.}}%
6230 \def\markdownRendererOlEndPrototype{\stopitemize}%
6231 \def\markdownRendererOlEndTightPrototype{\stopitemize}%
6232 \definedescription
6233   [MarkdownConTeXtDlItemPrototype]
6234   [location=hanging,
6235     margin=standard,
6236     headstyle=bold]%
6237 \definestartstop
6238   [MarkdownConTeXtDlPrototype]
6239   [before=\blank,
6240     after=\blank]%
6241 \definestartstop
6242   [MarkdownConTeXtDlTightPrototype]
6243   [before=\blank\startpacked,
6244     after=\stoppacked\blank]%
6245 \def\markdownRendererDlBeginPrototype{%
6246   \startMarkdownConTeXtDlPrototype}%

```

```

6247 \def\markdownRendererDlBeginTightPrototype{%
6248   \startMarkdownConTeXtDlTightPrototype}%
6249 \def\markdownRendererDlItemPrototype#1{%
6250   \startMarkdownConTeXtDlItemPrototype{#1}}%
6251 \def\markdownRendererDlItemEndPrototype{%
6252   \stopMarkdownConTeXtDlItemPrototype}%
6253 \def\markdownRendererDlEndPrototype{%
6254   \stopMarkdownConTeXtDlPrototype}%
6255 \def\markdownRendererDlEndTightPrototype{%
6256   \stopMarkdownConTeXtDlTightPrototype}%
6257 \def\markdownRendererEmphasisPrototype#1{{\em#1}}%
6258 \def\markdownRendererStrongEmphasisPrototype#1{{\bf#1}}%
6259 \def\markdownRendererBlockQuoteBeginPrototype{\startquotation}%
6260 \def\markdownRendererBlockQuoteEndPrototype{\stopquotation}%
6261 \def\markdownRendererInputVerbatimPrototype#1{\typefile{#1}}%
6262 \def\markdownRendererInputFencedCodePrototype#1#2{%
6263   \ifx\relax#2\relax
6264     \typefile{#1}%
6265   \else

```

The code fence infostring is used as a name from the ConTeXt `\definetying` macro. This allows the user to set up code highlighting mapping as follows:

```

\definetying [latex]
\setuptyping [latex] [option=TEX]

\starttext
  \startmarkdown
~~~ latex
\documentclass[article]
\begin{document}
  Hello world!
\end{document}
~~~
  \stopmarkdown
\stoptext

```

```

6266   \typefile[#2] [] {#1}%
6267   \fi}%
6268 \def\markdownRendererHeadingOnePrototype#1{\chapter{#1}}%
6269 \def\markdownRendererHeadingTwoPrototype#1{\section{#1}}%
6270 \def\markdownRendererHeadingThreePrototype#1{\subsection{#1}}%
6271 \def\markdownRendererHeadingFourPrototype#1{\subsubsection{#1}}%
6272 \def\markdownRendererHeadingFivePrototype#1{\subsubsubsection{#1}}%
6273 \def\markdownRendererHeadingSixPrototype#1{\subsubsubsubsection{#1}}%
6274 \def\markdownRendererHorizontalRulePrototype{%

```

```

6275 \blackrule[height=1pt, width=\hsize]%
6276 \def\markdownRendererFootnotePrototype#1{\footnote{#1}}%
6277 \stopmodule\protect

There is a basic implementation of tables.

6278 \newcount\markdownConTeXtRowCounter
6279 \newcount\markdownConTeXtRowTotal
6280 \newcount\markdownConTeXtColumnCounter
6281 \newcount\markdownConTeXtColumnTotal
6282 \newtoks\markdownConTeXtTable
6283 \newtoks\markdownConTeXtTableFloat
6284 \def\markdownRendererTablePrototype#1#2#3{%
6285   \markdownConTeXtTable={{}%
6286     \ifx\empty#1\empty
6287       \markdownConTeXtTableFloat={%
6288         \the\markdownConTeXtTable}%
6289     \else
6290       \markdownConTeXtTableFloat={%
6291         \placetable{#1}{\the\markdownConTeXtTable}}%
6292     \fi
6293     \begingroup
6294       \setupTABLE[r][each][topframe=off, bottomframe=off, leftframe=off, rightframe=off]
6295       \setupTABLE[c][each][topframe=off, bottomframe=off, leftframe=off, rightframe=off]
6296       \setupTABLE[r][1][topframe=on, bottomframe=on]
6297       \setupTABLE[r][#1][bottomframe=on]
6298       \markdownConTeXtRowCounter=0%
6299       \markdownConTeXtRowTotal=#2%
6300       \markdownConTeXtColumnTotal=#3%
6301       \markdownConTeXtRenderTableRow}
6302 \def\markdownConTeXtRenderTableRow#1{%
6303   \markdownConTeXtColumnCounter=0%
6304   \ifnum\markdownConTeXtRowCounter=0\relax
6305     \markdownConTeXtReadAlignments#1%
6306     \markdownConTeXtTable={\bTABLE}%
6307   \else
6308     \markdownConTeXtTable=\expandafter{%
6309       \the\markdownConTeXtTable\bTR}%
6310     \markdownConTeXtRenderTableCell#1%
6311     \markdownConTeXtTable=\expandafter{%
6312       \the\markdownConTeXtTable\cTR}%
6313   \fi
6314   \advance\markdownConTeXtRowCounter by 1\relax
6315   \ifnum\markdownConTeXtRowCounter>\markdownConTeXtRowTotal\relax
6316     \markdownConTeXtTable=\expandafter{%
6317       \the\markdownConTeXtTable\cTABLE}%
6318     \the\markdownConTeXtTableFloat
6319   \endgroup

```

```

6320   \expandafter\gobbleoneargument
6321   \fi\markdownConTeXtRenderTableRow}
6322 \def\markdownConTeXtReadAlignments#1{%
6323   \advance\markdownConTeXtColumnCounter by 1\relax
6324   \if#1d%
6325     \setupTABLE[c][\the\markdownConTeXtColumnCounter][align=right]
6326   \fi\if#1l%
6327     \setupTABLE[c][\the\markdownConTeXtColumnCounter][align=right]
6328   \fi\if#1c%
6329     \setupTABLE[c][\the\markdownConTeXtColumnCounter][align=middle]
6330   \fi\if#1r%
6331     \setupTABLE[c][\the\markdownConTeXtColumnCounter][align=left]
6332   \fi
6333   \ifnum\markdownConTeXtColumnCounter<\markdownConTeXtColumnTotal\relax\else
6334     \expandafter\gobbleoneargument
6335   \fi\markdownConTeXtReadAlignments}
6336 \def\markdownConTeXtRenderTableCell#1{%
6337   \advance\markdownConTeXtColumnCounter by 1\relax
6338   \markdownConTeXtTable=\expandafter{%
6339     \the\markdownConTeXtTable\bTD#1\cTD}%
6340   \ifnum\markdownConTeXtColumnCounter<\markdownConTeXtColumnTotal\relax\else
6341     \expandafter\gobbleoneargument
6342   \fi\markdownConTeXtRenderTableCell}
6343 \def\markdownRendererTickedBox{$\boxtimes$}
6344 \def\markdownRendererHalfTickedBox{$\boxdot$}
6345 \def\markdownRendererUntickedBox{$\square$}

```

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