## A Note on Entering Unicode into a Form Field

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## 1. The Basics

This document demonstrates how to use some of the new commands that come with AeB Pro, and some of the new keys in the eforms package that are designed to enter unicode hex encoding. In all cases, you must have the font that contains the glyph represented by the unicode hex.

You need AeB Pro with the linktoattachments and the eforms package, see preamble above.

The first step is to use the \labelName command to define your unicode string and associate a label with it. In the preamble, the following definition can be found.

\defUniStr{coolDPS}{Donald \u20AC. Story}

The string can be a combination of characters from Basic Latin. As described in the AeB Pro manual, the string can be entered using keyboard keystrokes, or unicode notation \uXXXX, as above. Spaces are eaten up, so you must enter the unicode for a space \u0020. The command \labelName creates a macro that contains the pure encoding of the string. You can use \aref to access this encoding. The Unicode for the string Donald \u20AC. Story is

FEFF0044006F006E0061006C0064002020AC002E002000530074006F00720079

The hex code is computed from a table of unicodes defined in AeB Pro, with allowances for enter a "raw unicode" using a \u escape sequence.

Next, create an AcroForm field, a text field, in this example, and use the command \unicodeStr to reference the label enclosed in matching parentheses, like so

\textField[\Ff\FfReadOnly\textSize{10}\textFont{Arial}\W0
\uDV{\unicodeStr(coolDPS)}\uV{\unicodeStr(coolDPS)}\BC{}
]{dps}{1in}{11bp}

The result of the above code is

The technique uses some of the code brought in by the the linktoattachments option of AeB Pro, and a new command, named \unicodeStr, designed to make it simple to enter unicode encoded strings into a form field.

The above field is set to read only, the one below is not:

Edit the box above, then click on the reset button. (Notice the tooltip for the reset button.)

The eforms uses an optional first argument to change the appearance of a form field, add in action (usually JavaScript action) or to initialize the field value.

## 2. More Advanced

For combo boxes and list boxes, things are slightly more complicated. In the example below, we define a combo box. First, define the appearance values of the combo box (the string that is seen listed in the combo box).

```
\defUniStr{myEuro}{\u20AC (Euro)}
\defUniStr{myYen}{\u00A5 (Yen)}
\defUniStr{mySheqel}{\u20AA (Sheqel)}
\defUniStr{myPound}{\u00A3 (Pound)}
\defUniStr{myFranc}{\u20A3 (Franc)}
```

Then we can define our combo box. According to the PDF file format, unicode strings should be enclosed in angle brackets <XXXXXXXXXXXXXXX.. In initializing the combo box below, the \unicodeStr command is used, but this time it is enclosed in angle brackets.

```
\comboBox[\Ff\FfEdit\DV{Euro}\V{Euro}\textFont{Arial}
\BG{0.98 0.92 0.73}\BC{0 .6 0}]{myCombo}{1in}{11bp}
{*{[(Euro)<\unicodeStr(myEuro)>]%
      [(Yen)<\unicodeStr(myYen)>]%
      [(Sheqe1)<\unicodeStr(mySheqe1)>]%
      [(Pound)<\unicodeStr(myPound)>]%
      [(Franc)<\unicodeStr(myFranc)>]}
}
```

where the \* in the position shown above is a token that signals the passing of a raw form of the value options of a combo or list box; it is defined in eforms.

The result is

Very swave!

## 3. More Advanced Still

You can also enter raw hex yourself (without using \labelName) if you have the patience to do it, and in some cases, it is the easiest.

For the purpose of the table below, the following definition was given in the preamble:

```
\newcommand{\cS}[2]{%
  \textField[
    \Ff\FfReadOnly\BC{}\textSize{10}\textFont{Arial}
    \DV{\unicodeStr(#2)}\V{\unicodeStr(#2)}
]{#1}{20bp}{11bp}}
```

More Advanced Still 3

Description	Unicode	Symbol	Description	Unicode	Symbol
Dollar Sign	\u0024		Lira Sign	\u20A4	
Pound Sign	\u00A3		Lira Sign Peseta Sign	\u20A7	
Currency Sign	\u00A4		New Sheqel Sign	\u20AA	
Yen Sign	\u00A5		Dong Sign Euro Sign	\u20AB	
French Franc	\u20A3		Euro Sign	\u20AC	

FYI: See http://jrgraphix.net/research/unicode\_blocks.php?block=0 for a display of unicode characters.